



# CHASING THE MARKET

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Imagine you have been given an order to buy 200 million USDJPY. You look at a chart of the USDJPY price over the last hour and observe that it has trended higher.

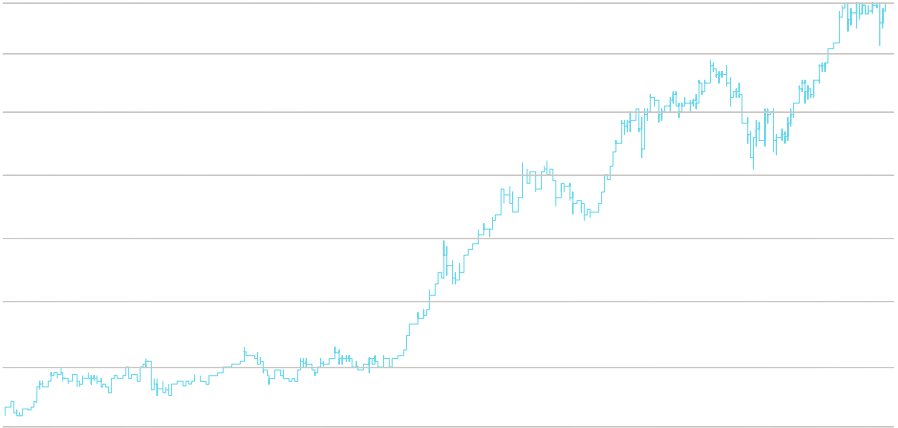


CHART IS PURELY ILLUSTRATIVE AND NOT BASED ON REAL DATA.

Based on this trend would you:

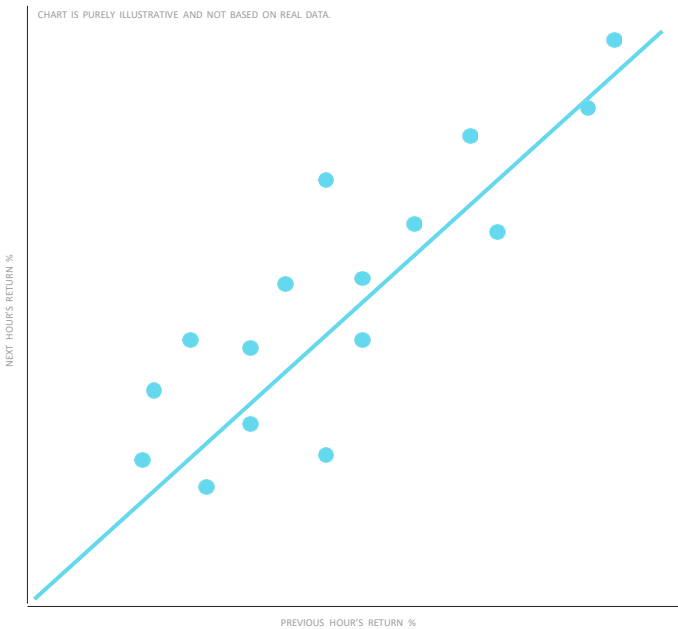
- Trade aggressively to ensure you complete the order quickly before the market can move further against you?
- Trade patiently, aiming to capture some mean-reversion?
- Ignore the trend entirely when deciding how fast to trade?

Different traders may have different instinctive reactions when thinking about that situation. Let us now look at some data.

# ANALYSIS

We took 12 months of data from primary market venues (EBS and Refinitiv). For each currency pair we split the data into one-hour buckets i.e., 24 buckets per day for each currency pair. We calculated the directional trend (as a %) of each hour by comparing the mid-price at the start of the hour to the mid-price at the end of the hour. We then plotted the correlation of consecutive hours' directional trends.

If the previous hour's trend is helpful in predicting the next hour's trend, we would expect to see some positive correlation and the results would resemble the illustrative chart below.



Here is how that correlation looked in USDJPY in reality:

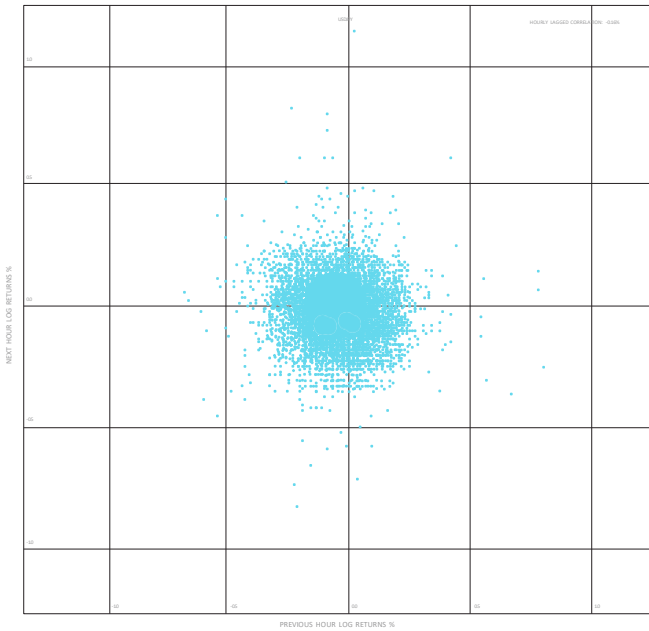
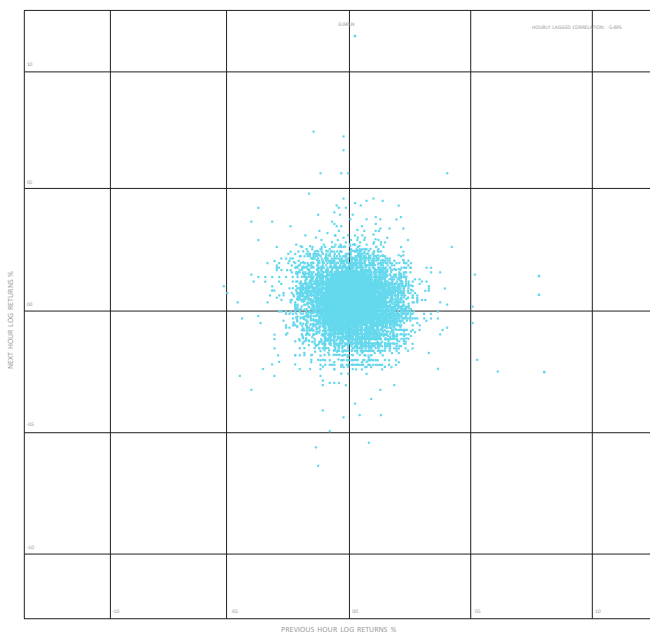


CHART WAS PRODUCED BY XTX USING THE METHODOLOGY OUTLINED IN THE BODY TEXT.

This is a totally random walk. The correlation is so close to zero (-0.16%) as to be a rounding error. The charts in other pairs are almost identical. Here for example is an emerging market pair, EURPLN.



Whilst it would be impractical to list results for all possible FX currency pairings, we did not find meaningful correlation in a single currency pair. Below are the results for a representative sample of 10 pairs, spanning from highly liquid (EURUSD, USDJPY) to illiquid (EURPLN, USDZAR).

EURPLN	-5.49%	USDMXN	1.36%
EURHUF	0.24%	EURCHF	-2.79%
EURCZK	-7.91%	AUDUSD	-2.74%
USDSG	-7.33%	EURUSD	-1.76%
USDZAR	-3.06%	USDJPY	-0.16%

Certain portfolio managers may believe that they are the exception to the rule, i.e. that they have short-term alpha so need to trade quickly. For corporates hedging currency exposures arising through their business or asset managers implementing strategies that hold positions for weeks or months, this is of course unlikely because neither makes an attempt to focus on the next hour's returns. However, there is a clean way to evaluate whether this applies to you or not, as we explained in our note on the 'half speed metric': [See article here.](#)

# DISCUSSION

The lack of correlation implies that the appropriate choice would be option C. Traders should ignore the trend (going into an order) when making decisions on how fast to trade. This will perhaps be surprising to many traders.

Evidence for a momentum factor is well documented<sup>1</sup> at considerably longer timescales such as months and years. It may not be intuitive that the same effect does not exist at shorter horizons, such as hours.

There is also a reflexive effect to consider. Traders who have historically chased the market<sup>2</sup> may have experienced continued momentum, unlike we saw in our data. However, this can be explained by the impact of their own behaviour. One reason the market may continue to move up is because they chose to buy aggressively. Their aggressive execution itself influences the market price. If this is the case, it would be visible by looking to see if the market reliably reverts lower after the (buy) order has completed.

What is particularly interesting is that any execution 'alpha' relating to this topic is not 'alpha' because it is technically inaccessible (many firms could run this kind of data experiment), rather it is behaviourally challenging to implement in practice.

It is psychologically hard to patiently execute when the market is trending against you, heading into the order. When by sheer chance the price continues to go up, the trader may risk embarrassment for seemingly not having reacted or paid attention to the market. That requires intellectual courage.

There are many traders whose general philosophy is that they are willing to trade patiently because they believe doing so is cheaper on average than trading aggressively. This data argues that they should continue to trade patiently, regardless of whether the market is trending up, down, or sideways when they receive an order.

<sup>1</sup>See for example <https://www.aqr.com/-/media/AQR/Documents/Insights/White-Papers/The-Case-for-Momentum-Investing.pdf>

<sup>2</sup>By 'chasing the market' we mean buying more aggressively if the market was trending higher prior to receiving the order; or conversely selling more aggressively if the market was trending lower prior to receiving the order.

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