INDIA ANNUAL REPORT 2021



CC TOWARDS A WORLD WHERE THERE IS NO CHILD EXPLOITATION

Terre des Hommes Netherlands

WHO WE ARE

We are an international child protection organisation working in 16 countries across Asia, East Africa, Europe and the Middle East. We help take children out of exploitative situations and provide them with a conducive environment to develop.

We have been fighting child exploitation since 1960, when our foundations were established by Frenchman Edmond Kaiser. Inspired by the ideals from a memoir written by writer Antoine de Saint-Exupéry called 'Terre des Hommes' (earth of mankind), Mr. Edmond founded the child rights organisation.

In 1965, volunteers from Netherlands carried the work forward, with the journey spanning from providing emergency aid to structural aid and presently, to fighting child exploitation.

OUR WORK IN INDIA



7 states **31** districts 1000+ villages



79417

families &

members

community



342

officials

law



720

officials





297,177 people vaccinated



THEMES OF WORK

ADDRESSING ISSUES IN INDIA





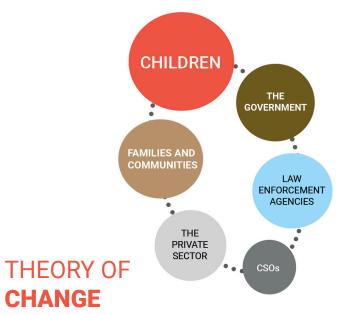
Child Labour

Child Marriage





ENSURING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE



We partner with local NGOs to implement our work which reaches out holistically to key stakeholders, encouraging meaningful child participation at all levels.



CROSS CUTTING THEMES



CHILD PARTICIPATION



GENDER MAINSTREAMING



INCLUSION OF CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES

CONTRIBUTION TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS







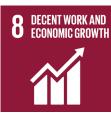
Goal 3.7 Ensuring universal access to sexual and reproductive health



Goal 4.5 Removing gender discrimination and ensuring inclusive education



Goal 5.2 Eliminating all forms of violence against women and girls

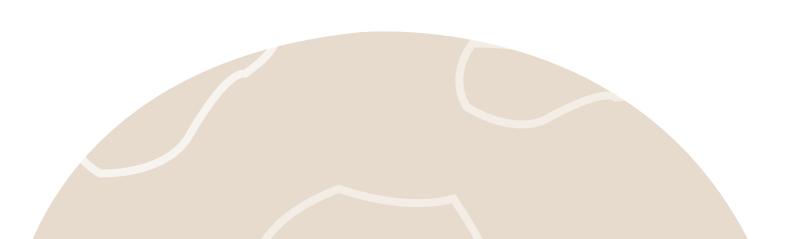


Goal 8.7

Eradicating worst forms of child labour and human trafficking



Goal 16.2 Ending violence, torture and abuse against children



NOTE FROM THE COUNTRY MANAGER



THANGAPERUMAL PONPANDI

Dear Reader,

The last year saw us grapple with the severe second wave of COVID-19 and its after effects. Cases of child exploitation were on the rise, education was affected, families plunged deeper into poverty. This further increased their vulnerabilites, specifically access to proper health care.

We adapted our project activities to suit the circumstances, working harder to stop child exploitation, all while ensuring emergency COVID-19 relief and recovery. Our mass vaccination and awareness campaign was our biggest highlight this year, which reached out to over 4 lakh people.

Our team work, dedication and unending care for the children helped us in our efforts. We thank all our partners and donors whose support has been invaluable. This reports highlights our work over the past year. We are happy to share it with you.

Warm Regards, Thangaperumal Ponpandi



KEY FIGURES 2021 PROJECTS

11396

CHILDREN ACCESSED **EDUCATION** 1532 **CHILDREN**

RECEIVED **HEALTH CARE** 7811 FAMILIES **INCREASED** THEIR INCOME

/ ARA 361 CHILDREN **RESCUED FROM**

HARMFUL

1347

FAMILIES LINKED TO SOCIAL SECURITY **EXPLOITATION**

811

CHILDREN TRAINED AS CHANGE AGENTS

KEY FIGURES 2021 COVID-19

297,177 PEOPLE

VACCINATED

6393 FAMILIES GIVEN FOOD RELIEF

347,580

FACE MASKS DISTRIBUTED 1736

FRONT LINE HEALTH WORKERS TRAINED

18030 CHILDREN

RECEIVED

RELIEF AND

RECOVERY

264

GOVERNMENT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES STRENGTHENED

PROGRAMMES 2021

INITIATIVES FOR MARRIED ADOLESCENT GIRLS' EMPOWERMENT IMAGE

CHILDREN EMPOWERMENT FOR GETTING OUT OF THE DEVADASI SYSTEM Children GOOD

ADDRESSING CHILD LABOUR IN THE MICA MINES The Mica Project REVOLVING A FUND AMONG WOMEN IN POVERTY Invest to Sustain



COVID INTERVENTIONS 2021





KITS

MASS VACCINATION AND AWARENESS

RATION

CASH

RELIEF



HYGIENE AND PROTECTION RECOVERY

Initiatives for Married Adolescent Girls' Empowerment (IMAGE)

Socio-economic empowerment of early married girls





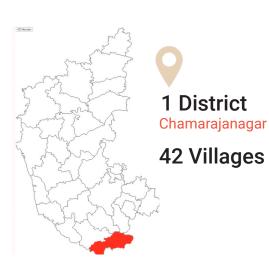
The Problem

At 230 million, India accounts for the world's highest number of child brides. Married in their early teens, these girls lack education, access to health care, are financially dependent and vulnerable to domestic abuse.

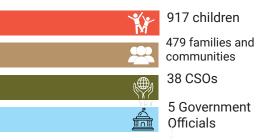
Our Action

We support early married girls in education, health care, livelihood, social security and protect them from gender based violence. IMAGE works in the state of Karnataka, which accounts for 23% of India's Child Marriages.²

IMAGE began in 2018 and its first phase closed in 2020. IMAGE 2.0 began during September 2021.



Key Stakeholder Engagement



Project Activities 2021

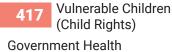
1. Baseline Survey

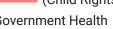
For the 2.0 phase, new beneficiaries were enrolled through baseline surveys.

> Early Married Girls 465 enrolled

2. Awareness Sessions Organised

Vulnerable children formed into 34 children clubs in schools were made aware of child rights, child protection and the ill effects of child marriage. Health workers were sensitised on nutrition. MCH³ and SRHR⁷ for adolescent girls. Abused and exploited girls were also sensitised on the above. The following was the reach :







Abused/ Exploited

502 Married Girls (Health)



¹ UNICEF Child Marriage Country Profiles Dec 2021 ² Karnataka State Commission for the Protection of Child Rights Survey 2017 ³ Maternal and Child Health ⁴ Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

3. Child Protection

Vulnerable girls were protected from child marriage and early married girls were safeguarded from gender based violence. Child Protection Committees were formed for community members.



girls immediately safeguarded

community members join child protection committees

4. Counselling

The project organised counselling sessions for families where girls were abused/exploited.



affected families counselled

5. Advocacy

The project engaged with CSOs who in turn participated in networks for promotion of child rights.



38 CSOs promote child rights



Best Practice 2021

Use of Digital Technology for Baseline Survey

In the IMAGE 2.0 project, the baseline survey was conducted with structured google forms which were developed by the IMAGE team members. The field staff used these forms for the enrollment of new early married girls which helped to understand their socio-economic status of the Early Married Girls.It also helped assess their needs in areas of education, health, livelihood, vocational training and their status of accessibility of government social welfare schemes.

The digital baseline survey helped the team in managing time effectively. The use of digital tools also helped in improving tracking to ensure the girls access the required services.







"I learnt a lot about how to impart health care services to adolescent girls, especially concering their uterus."



"I got my first child at 16 and I experienced extreme fatigue.The project suggested a change in diet which is helping me." Ms. Chandrakala High School Headmaster

"We were sensitised about how girls drop out of schools after marriage. We will do our best to enroll early married girls in our school." Image 1.0 Results 2020 A recap



71 girls accessed education



852 families income increased



760 girls accessed social security



127 girls rescued from gender based violence



2647 received health care

Case Story

17 year old Kamala (name changed) got married before turning 16 years old in a secret ceremony. IMAGE identified her through a baseline survey.

"The first time when the *akkas* (field staff) came to meet me, I was afraid. But Rajakka (a field staff) was very friendly and motivated me. I could receive awareness on health, access to health checkups, moral support and home based counselling from her. I understood that the project is for the benefit of child marriage victims like me", she said

"I have a three month old baby. I want to take care of the baby and nurse the baby properly. They have given me awareness on the uterus and its related problems due to early pregnancy and being a mother at a tender age. I will take care of the baby and enrol in any vocational training under the guidance of the IMAGE project.", she added.



adati serios isator

Nurturing a Movement of Married Adolescent Girls to Ascertain their Rights

Training Married Adolescent Girls as Change Agents

The Problem

Early Married Girls are excluded from most well being and development initiatives as child marriage is illegal, and there is no clarity on their status. As a result, they are denied their rights.

Our Action

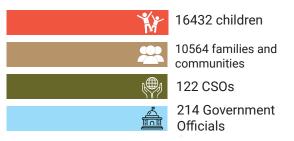
We organise married adolescent girls from Karnataka into a movement where we train them on life skills, child rights, advocacy and sensitise them on their entitlements and the ill effects of child marriage. This exercise helps build a movement of early married girls who are confident, knowledgable and courageous to advocate for their rights and spread awareness.

The project began in 2019 and will close in 2024.





Key Stakeholder Engagement



Project Activities 2021

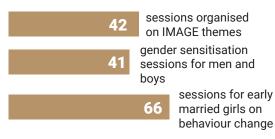
1. Movement Building and Strengthening This activity includes organising key stakeholders into the movement and building the presence of the movement across different platforms for awareness and action.

	16432	early married girls organised			
532	girls newly enrolled	I			
122 CSOs mapped for movement strengthening					
Events organised					
87	87 membership campaigns to enroll new early married girls				
16 sessions with CSOs organised to make them join the movement					
50 regional level events organised					



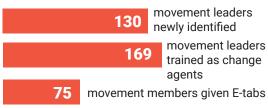
2. Norms and Behaviour Changes

Sensitisation events were organised to break stereotypes surrounding the issue and encourage positive behaviour change.



3. Leadership Development

This includes training early married girls in skills that will equip them to advocate for change. These include life skills, advocacy, child led research etc.



4. Engagement with the Government

21 interfaces with the Government where the girls presented their demands and brought attention to their issues.



Officials participated in consultations



Key Impact





237 child marriages prevented

Girls grow with the movement





Government and Law officials initiate work for the issue

d Law Boys work towards work gender equality



Best Practice 2021

Child Led Research

Nine movement leaders played an important role in a research to assess the negative impacts of COVID-19 on early married girls. Across five districts of Karnataka, they coducted surveys and focus group discussions with other early married girls, vulnerable girls (those at risk of child marriage), and local organisations in the study area. The EMGs went door to door to encourage more and more child marriage victims to take part in the survey by seeking each of the participants' consent.

They collected data through phone calls and registered all the information in an online form through mobile phones or E-Tabs provided to them by the project. More than 380 EMGs and vulnerable girls answered the questionnaire and 29 people from local organisations participated in the focus group discussions.



Major insights from the research suggest an increase in the household chores for EMGs, along with financial struggles due to the loss of many jobs; higher number of unwanted pregnancies as a result of the pandemic along with 5% and 15% of EMG households experiencing an increase in conflicts and alcoholism respectively. About 40% of the EMGs could not get timely SRHR services which affected their health severely.

Case Story

Soon after her marriage at the age of 17, Anusha (name changed) gave birth to a baby boy. However, in a month's time he lost his life, leaving Anusha totally depressed.

She was identified and registered into the IMAGE Next project in 2021. On attending the awareness sessions, she realised why she lost her child.

"I learnt that I was too young to bear a child. My lack of strength is what made my baby weak", she said tearfully. Knowing this, Anusha decided that she did not want any other young woman to go through the same thing.

"Through this movement, I want to spread awareness about how child marriage can affect a girl's life. With my newly gained knowledge on adolescent girls' health, I will convince families not to get their girls married early", she added. So far, 14 girls have enrolled into the movement through her efforts.



C Testimonials



Mr. Nagaraj Husband, EMG

"I am so proud to see my wife speak in huge public gatherings. I am glad to support her".



Chairman, DSLA Chamarajanagar

"Happy to see young airls function like officers and prevent child marriages."



Ms.Rosemarry Movement Leader

"The child led research taught me a lot I enjoyed the telesurvey."

Children Empowerment for Getting Out of the Devadasi System Empowering Children of Devadasis

The Problem

The Devadasi System is a traditional practice where postpubertal girls from socio-economically deprived dalit families are dedicated to Goddesses, post which they are forced to choose sex work as their livelihood. The children and young girls from the community are isolated, face stigma due to their status, and drop out from school. Due to lack of vocational skills, education, and alternate livelihood opportunities, they are highly vulnerable to sexual and gender-based violence. These factors also result in them being socio-economically downtrodden.

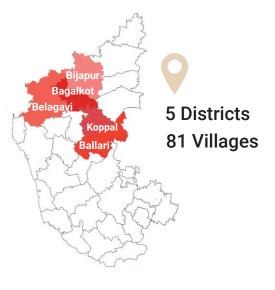
Our Action

We identify children of Devadasis in North Karnataka who are vulnerable to and victims of exploitation, and work to empower them. The project follows the Child Participation approach to facilitate empowerment where girls are trained in child rights, advocacy and research to help them voice out their concerns and bring about change. The girls are also provided with access to education and alternate livelihood opportunities. We also sensitise communities and advocate with authorities to include the Devadasis in their agenda.

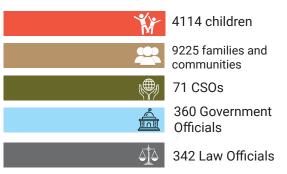
The project began in 2019 and will close in 2022.



Dedication ceremonies where girls adorn green bangles as a mark of a Devadasi



Key Stakeholder Engagement



Project Activities 2021

1. Child Participation

These set of interventions include identifying and enrolling children of Devadasis in Children's Clubs (Kishori Clubs) and training them in child rights, child protection mechanisms and advocacy. Child Led Research forms a main component where children are trained in research methodologies such as surveys, interviews, photography and videography to help document problems and present it to concerned authorities.

With **108 functional Kishori clubs**, the reach of the activities was the following :





2. Education

The project also works to provide children of Devadasis access to formal education through enrolling them in schools. providing study material and counselling families. The following is the reach of the activities.



girls continue their schooling

girls newly supported

83 libraries were set up for girls with books on general knowledge, story books, puzzles and exam guides.



3. Livelihood

To provide young girls with a choice of alternate livelihood, the project imparts job oriented vocational training courses, where the girls are trained in skills that are

in demand. Devadasi women were also provided training in financial management and a sum of Rs.30,000 each to invest in businesses such as vegetable sales, petty shop etc.



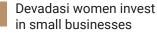


vocational training computer

skills

girls undergo

auto and 4 wheeler



4. Community Sensitisation

The project also sensitises relevant stakeholders such as temple priests and the larger community, on the rights of Devadasis and their protection systems, so as to create a community which

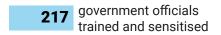


prevents dedications and ensures that the Devadasis and their children are protected.



5. Advocacy

Advocacy efforts involved organising interfaces with the Government and Law Enforcement agencies to enact/ amend laws/policies for the well being of the Devadasi community along with addressing their concerns.



15 lobby and advocacy meetings held with the government



Case Story

"After learning how to ride an auto rickshaw I feel I am no less than boys", says Rani (name changed), whose mother is a Devadasi.

Rani is undergoing an auto and car driving training upon which she will be able to take it up as a profession.

"If not for this training, I would have certainly fallen into exploitation. Now I have the option to earn a living with dignity and pride. There is a huge demand for female drivers and I am certain I will do well", she adds.





"The sensitisation programmes have made me feel responsible to protect children of Devadasis

Sri. Prasanna

Temple Priest

Swamiji

"With the economic support, I have invested in vegetable sales and my income has increased by 20%



Lakshmi Devadasi mother children and teachers are working to make things better for Devadasi girls.

"After awareness, our

Mr.Gopalaswamy Government School Principal

Best Practice 2021

Kishori Patrol

With training from the Kishori Clubs, the girls have formed a patrol group amongst themselves and monitor cases of child exploitation.

When the girls get to know of an impending child marriage, they call 1098 to stop it from happening. Officials visit the potential victims' houses and give a legal warning to their families issuing a written statement. In the case of dedications, girls in the group inform the project staff if they hear of/ witness any potential case. The staff then visits the respective girls' homes and warn them of the legal repurcussions. Following this practice has helped successfully stop 22 child marriages and 6 dedications in 2021 across all project locations.



Key Impact

Avg 15-20% increase in Devadasi household income through livelihood support.



20+ civic issues solved by Kishori Girls

28 girls rescued from harmful exploitation

The Mica Project

Addressing Child Labour in Mica mines



The Problem

Jharkhand in India accounts for nearly 25% of the world's mica supply.⁵ Families in the mica belt depend solely on the mineral for their livelihood. Lack of an organised supply chain has led to labour exploitation and families get bare minimum wages. As a result, children are forced to work, and are out of school. The working conditions are hazardous with children having to go down into dark pits and extricate mica. Lack of additional livelihood opportunities makes the families remain poor and vulnerable.

Our Action

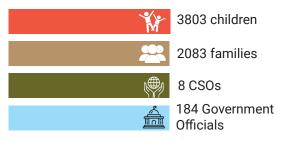
We work to provide children (both vulnerable to and victims of child labour, girls and boys) access to quality education and a conducive environment to thrive and develop. Families are also provided access to alternate livelihood opportunities, reducing their economic strain. We also link families to social security and strengthen child protection mechanisms.







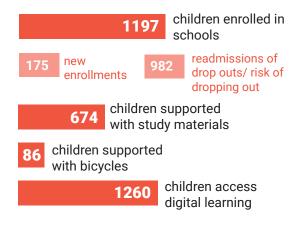
Key Stakeholder Engagement



Project Activities

1. Education

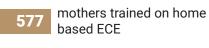
The project helps enroll children in school and provides them with a conducive environment and necessary supplies to continue their schooling. Children below 5 are also given access to pre-primary education, and libraries have been set up for children to access knowledge.





Home Based Early Childhood Education

With the closure of anganwadis during the pandemic, the project implemented early childhood education through teaching mothers how to use available household material to teach children pre-primary concepts.

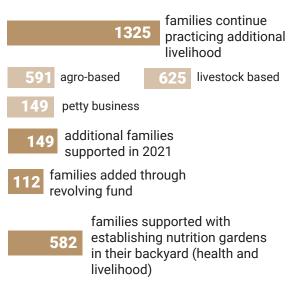


814 children under 5 accessed home based ECE



2. Livelihood Generation

Families were provided access to a revolving fund through which they invested in income generation activities for additional livelihood. The project also provided the families skill training in these activities. The families repay the sum with a minimum service charge and the fund is further revolved for other families to use.



3. Child Participation

Children, both vulnerable to and victims of child labour are identified and grouped into children's clubs where they are trained on child rights, child protection, life skills and advocacy. Children's Clubs have been instrumental in identifying issues of their peers, enrolling them in schooling, taking them out of child labour and child marriage. Children's Clubs also take the initiative for any development work in the



village.

34 functional children's clubs



children trained in leadership, team building



4. Child Protection

This includes strengthening of child protection insitutions through sensitisation, training and capacity building



School Management Committees strengthened



Village Level Child Protection Committees Strengthened

5. Social Security

Families are linked to relevant social security schemes which include pensions, job cards, housing schemes etc.



families access social welfare schemes



families access social protection schemes

Case Story

11 year old Vidya Kumari (name changed) started picking mica at the age of 5. Although working, she was fairly regular to school until the pandemic struck.

During the lockdown, Vinita woke up at dawn, cooked for her parents and two siblings and set off for work at 7am and returned only at 4pm.

"There were rocks and deep pits", she said. "I wanted to study, I didn't want to be here"

Through the Mica project, Vinita was provided with study material - notebooks, pens, bag and was also introduced to digital learning through a projector.

Seeing Vinita happy and positively engaged, her parents decided not to send her to the mines.



C Testimonials

"TdH NL's effort in addressing girl child education has been tremendous. I have seen the change in their lives.



Mr. Mahesh Yadav Gram Panchayat President

The children have received a lot of academic support and are scoring well in tests.



Mrs. Aruna Chowdhury School Teacher I was not going to school reguarly because it was far. I got a bicycle and now it is easier for me to go to school.



Ms.Sarita Class 12 student

Best Practice 2021

Balmanch facilitates community learning

The lockdown and consequent closure of schools made children from the mica belt vulnerable to exploitation.

Moreover, many families could not afford smart phones/laptops for children to access education online/digitally. Keeping this in mind, Balmanch groups pooled in digital resources from households and created a community learning set up where children gathered in small groups in areas with internet access, and continued their studies through government E-learning portals. Balmanch members also collated learning material from various sources and downloaded it on the devices for children to access.



90% girls in the villages are continuing their education

Key Impact



Avg 30% increase in family income post livelihood activities.



228 children emerge as strong leaders bringing about child participation **58 children rescued** from child labour and child marriage

Invest to Sustain

Revolving a Fund among women in poverty

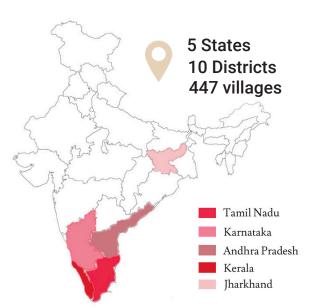
The Problem

97.6 million people in India are poor.⁶ This poverty is a main reason why children from marginalised families cannot access proper education or health care.Women account for only 20%⁷ of the labour force in India, which leaves so much untapped potential for income generation & economic development.

Our Action

We give financial support to women through a revolving fund which they further invest in small businesses and repay the loan with a minimum service charge. A Revolving Fund is a sum of money which revolves around a group (Women Self-Help Group). Group members borrow from the fund for investments and return the sum with a marginal rate of interest. As a result, the fund grows while the investments reap benefits. With income from these investments women are able to provide better education and health care for their children.



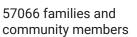




Key Stakeholder Engagement



14428 children



Project Activities 2021

1.Economic Support

Women are provided with access to the revolving fund, from which they take a sum to invest in small businesses like tailoring, livestock rearing, petty shops, vegetable selling and others.

28122 women supported

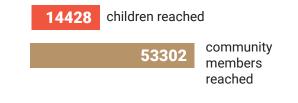
2. Education Support

Children of the women supported were provided with education services such as access to study material, enrollment in school and others.



3. Awareness

Community members and children were provided awareness on child rights and child protection.



⁶ Niti Aayog Mutlidimensional Poverty Index Report 2021
⁷ International Labour Organisation Report, Feb 2022

No of SHGs	No of Members	No of RF suppo	rted (over all)	Portfolio with the orgn
Portfolio managed by the organisation		No	Amount	Amount
108	1,396	10,377	184,755,631	10,397,901
653	5,323	3,169	11,325,000	7,803,176
146	1,722	5,265	84,665,000	4,908,863
487	6,537	7,712	177,720,406	18,950,574
1,394	14,978	26,523	458,466,037	42,060,514
ed by STdH				
359	2,994	126	3,520,000	4,946,331
483	5,764	12	240,000	2,204,324
177	2,403	244	9,465,000	13,992,409
108	1,521	126	5,595,000	7,816,354
29	270	427	12,135,000	9,878,056
14	192	31	924,000	2,347,322
1,170	13,144	966	31,879,000	41,184,796
2,564	28,122	27,489	490,345,037	83,245,310
	ed by the organi 108 653 146 487 1,394 ed by STdH 359 483 177 108 29 14 1,170	ed by the organisation 108 1,396 653 5,323 146 1,722 487 6,537 1,394 14,978 ed by STdH 2,994 359 2,994 177 2,403 108 1,521 29 270 14 192 1,170 13,144	ed by the organisation No 108 1,396 10,377 653 5,323 3,169 146 1,722 5,265 487 6,537 7,712 1,394 14,978 26,523 ed by STdH	ed by the organisation No Amount 108 1,396 10,377 184,755,631 653 5,323 3,169 11,325,000 146 1,722 5,265 84,665,000 487 6,537 7,712 177,720,406 1,394 14,978 26,523 458,466,037 ed by STdH

Portfolio of the project in 2021



Case Story

30 year old Ms. Thangapushpam from Tirunelveli has been involved in the Revolving Fund project for the past 7 years.

"I save Rs.100 every month and my current savings is Rs.10,000. My husband drives an auto, while I do agriculture work. I availed of support twice in the past and repaid them promptly. I got my third sum of Rs. 50,000 on 24-11-2021 for agricultural purposes. With that amount, I raised paddy crops in my field", she said. "If not for this fund, I would have had to depend on usurious money lenders."

Ms.Thangapushpam is grateful for the support and with the economic empowerment, she has been able to provide better education and health care for her children.



Key Impact





Families increase their income and move out of poverty

Children access better education and health care

Testimonials

Through the fund, I live a comfortable life where I earn well through my petty shop. My children are also well settled.



Sumathi Beneficiary I invested in a cloth

selling business and I have been earning well. Both my children study well in school



Ms. Anjamma Beneficiary I was not going to school reguarly because it was far. I got a bicycle and now it is easier for me to go to



school.

Ms.Sarita Class 12 student

Best Practice 2021

Self Help Group Members act as change agents

During the pandemic, when project activities came to a halt, a few SHG members themselves collected savings and repayments individually from the members and prevented overdues.

The members acted as agents of change and supported to implement the activities in the field without staff intervention. They identified people in need in their villages and distributed COVID-19 relief kits.



MASS VACCINATION AND AWARENESS

The Problem

N95

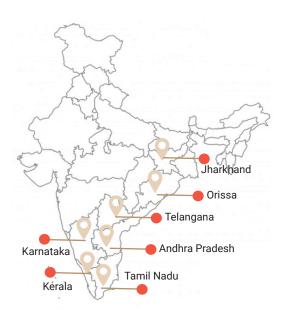
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To combat the spread of the infection, the government announced a nation wide vaccination drive. However, remote areas did not have access to adequate health care to avail of these services. Moreover, with the crisis, the government health care systems were weakened to provide adequate services.

Our Action

We assisted public health care teams in organising vaccination camps in remote areas, provided Public Health Care Systems with COVID protection equipment and sensitised the public on vaccination uptake and following COVID appropriate practices.

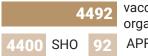
7 states 31 districts 1000+ villages 297,177 people vaccinated 468,008 people reached



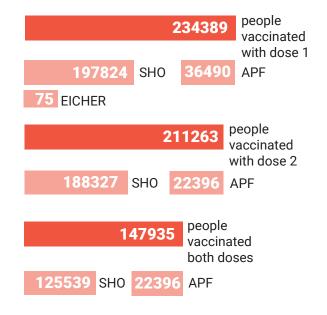
Project Activities

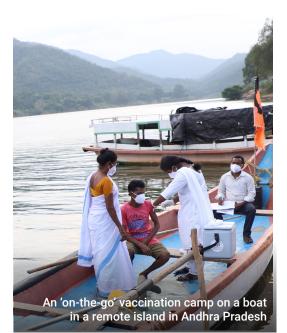
1. Vaccination Camps

The intervention included organising vaccination camps in semi-urban, rural and remote rural areas in over 1000 villages across 7 states. Health care staff were supported with necessary equipment and transportation. TdH NL also supported the health staff in the online registration of all the vaccinations and assisting people with all required documentation.



vaccination camps organised APF







Azim Premji

Foundation

C EICHER

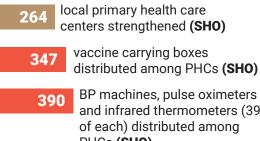
SHU

SAMENWERKENDE

Donors

2. Strengthening Public Health Care Systems

This intervention included strengthening public health care systems through provision of COVID protection and vaccination equipment. It also included training of frontline health workers like ANMs and ASHA workers.



BP machines, pulse oximeters and infrared thermometers (390 of each) distributed among PHCs (SHO)







3. Awareness

A key component of the project was the awareness raising which was done through posters, banners, leaflets, animation videos and mobile audio messaging campaigns.

The objective of the awareness was two fold - one to bust myths/fears around vaccinations, encourage people to come forward and get their doses, the second was to continue following COVID appropriate practices such as social distancing, wearing masks properly among others.

SHO and APF combined data



people reached through awareness activities

10000 posters and flyers distributed (each)



banners put up in 12,209 places across all villages

 animation videos screened
to people (4 videos in 6 local languages)

766 autos used for the mobile awareness audio campaign







Case Story

"We didn't know about COVID-19 properly. We were just very scared," said Mr. Bala Ramu Reddy, a resident of one of the remote islands in Papikondalu.

"A team of health workers with some staff came and told us about COVID clearly, what it was, how it spreads. They also told us we needed to get vaccinated. I was afraid of vaccinations as I thought something would happen to me. Then they convinced me and the banners in the village they put up also helped me understand.", he said.

Mr. Reddy got his first dose in July 2021 and second dose in November 2021.



Testimonials

Through the training. I

learnt more about the

how even pregnant

awareness among

villages.

vaccinations, especially

women can take it. This

helped me spread more

I am a migrant woman from Orissa who works in Andhra Pradesh. I didn't have any documents with me and I couldn't register for my vaccination. The team worked to get my information and I was registerd on the platform. I took my doses at the camp set up in my settlement.



Ms. Bijula Beneficiary

The equipment given to our PHC really helped us reach out to more people effectively. I am glad for this support as it will be useful in the long run too



Dr.Lakshmi Monica Doctor, PHC Banampetta, AP

Best Practice 2021

Ms. Karuna

ASHA worker

Reaching out to isolated islands

In Andhra Pradesh lies Papikondalu, a cluster of islands. There are no roads, poor electricity, barely any access to health facilities. Although isloated, villagers would travel by boats and frequent the populated towns to sell their produce in the markets. This posed a huge risk to the spread of COVID-19 in these regions, with access to very minimal awareness and health



care. The TdH NL team accompanied by the PHC team travelled on a boat to these villages and vaccinated the people, spreading awareness side by side. Through these efforts, a 100% vaccination coverage was reported in these villages.

RATION KITS



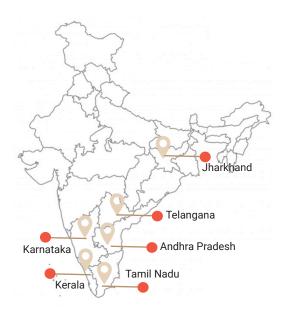
The Problem

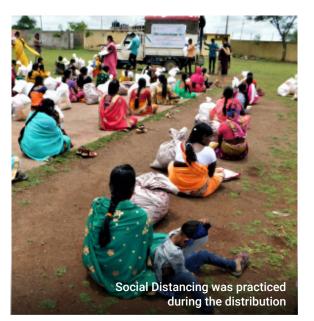
The pandemic led to a loss of livelihood which severely affected poor and vulnerable families who were further entrenched in poverty. They could not even afford basic needs such as food. Their survival was at risk.

Our Action

We provided vulnerable families with dry ration kits which included cereal, pulses, vegetables, spices and oil, for a 2 month consumption period.

6 states 23 districts 6393 families 25,000+ people







Case Story

Kalavathi Devi, a mother of three children from Koderma, Jharkhand felt helpless when her husband, the sole bread winner of the family lost his livelihood during the pandemic. The family was struggling to survive and she had no money to even feed her children.

"TdH NL and their staff distributed 2 months of ration supplies to me. This support has been such a blessing because we could feed our family for 2 months without worry. With this burden reduced, my husband had time to look for a new job", she said.



SIVU

FOUNDATION

terre des hommes stops child exploitation

E INDIA FINANCIAL SUP FAMILIES SUPPORT

Renuka Dayanand Navgekar W/O Dayanand Navgekar

Place :

CASH RELIEF ₹

The Problem

Many breadwinners from socioeconomically poor families lost their lives due to COVID-19 and this made their families even more vulnerable. Their kith and kin were finding it difficult to survive.

Our Action

We provided a cash relief support of Rs.30000 to vulnerable families whose breadwinner died due to COVID-19

5 states 13 districts 37 families 78 children 130 people



Testimonials

I lost my son, our only breadwinner to COVID. Deeply saddened, we also had so many debts, but no money. This support has helped us.



Ms. Shobha Beneficiary I have 3 daughters. 1 of them has cancer. My husband died & it was very difficult. Now with this money I can pay for my daughter's treatment.



Ms. Priya Beneficiary



Donors

I have 3 children but they don't take care of me. When I lost my husband, I was worried for myself. Now with this support I can get by.



Ms.Egavalli Beneficiary



Cash Relief helped dependent members support their children

Case Story

Ms. Magesvari from Tamil Nadu, a mother of three school going children, lost her husband to COVID in May 2021. It was extremely tragic for the family, even more so, because her husband was the only earning member.

"At that point I didn't know how I would continue. I had three children to feed, send to school, save for the future", she said. "Then when I recieved Rs.30000 it was a blessing. I have bought a tailoring machine and I am learning how to stitch."

Ms.Magesvari now earns through her tailoring business and is able to send her children to school.



HYGIENE AND PROTECTION

The Problem

With the rapid spread of COVID-19 vulnerable families were at risk because they could not afford COVID protection gear, neither could they spend on medicines.

Our Action

We provided vulnerable families with access to hygiene kits consisting of face masks, gloves, sanitisers, soaps as well home isolation care medical kits consisting of paracetamols, nutritional supplements, thermometers and oximeters.

6 states **14 districts 2732 families 10000+** people





ED CAL KIT AND IMMUNITY BOOSTER SUPPLEMENT DISTRIBUTION OVID-19 RESPONSE PROGRAMME Date: 10th June 2021 to 11th June 2021 pported by : Children of India Foundation Facilitated By : SCOPE-RD, Khammam Medical Kits packed for distribution

Hygiene and Medical Kit composition



Face Mask



Gloves Antiseptic

Paracetamol Tablets





Supplements Thermometer Oximeter

Sanitiser/



Kanika Beneficiary

We live in a remote village and couldn't access many face masks and sanitisers. TdH NL helped us access these with ease.

Case Story

Ms. Indira (name changed) from Karnataka was worried when two of her family members tested COVID positive.

"The doctors told us that they need to isolate themselves at home but we did not know how we would afford the home care. We were scared.", she said. "Then through TdH NL we recieved some paracetamol tablets, nutritional supplements, antiseptic, sanitisers and others. We were also instructed on how to carry out home based COVID care".

Within a period of two weeks, both the family members recovered from COVID and Ms. Indira expressed her gratitude to the team.



RECOVERY



The Problem

With the pandemic, childrens' education was affected, they developed psychosocial issues such as anxiety, depression and families lost their livelihood, struggling to make ends meet.

Our Action

We provided children access to digital and online education, psychosocial care and families were given livelihood support to increase their economic capabilities.

4 states 14 districts 498 families 4785 children



C Testimonials

I was given an E-tab and it helped me study during the lockdown. It took me a lot of effort to enroll in school post my early marriage, so this was a great gift.



Ms. Radhika Beneficiary

My family lost its livelihood after the pandemic. I learnt tailoring under the project and the team gave me an order to stitch clothes. This way we were able to manage our finances.



Ms. Ragini Beneficiary

I got sketch pens and crayons. Colouring made me so happy and forget my worries. I was able to manage my emotions well after that.

Azim Premji Foundation





Case Story

Kamala (name changed) belongs to the Devadasi community and after the lockdown, her schooling stopped. She was very worried.

"I was so anxious that I would be dedicated as a Devadasi when the schools closed. Everything was so gloomy. Then the project staff gave me an art kit with a book, paints and crayons. Coloring and painting helped release my stress. I was also counselled by the project staff and I felt better", she said.

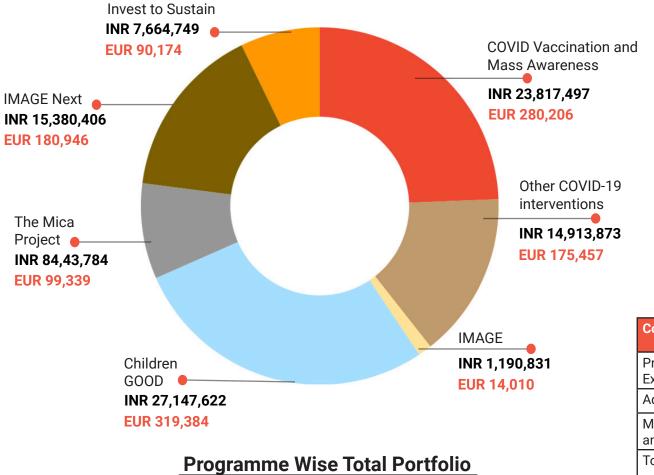
Kamala would join her friends and they would all colour together in small groups.



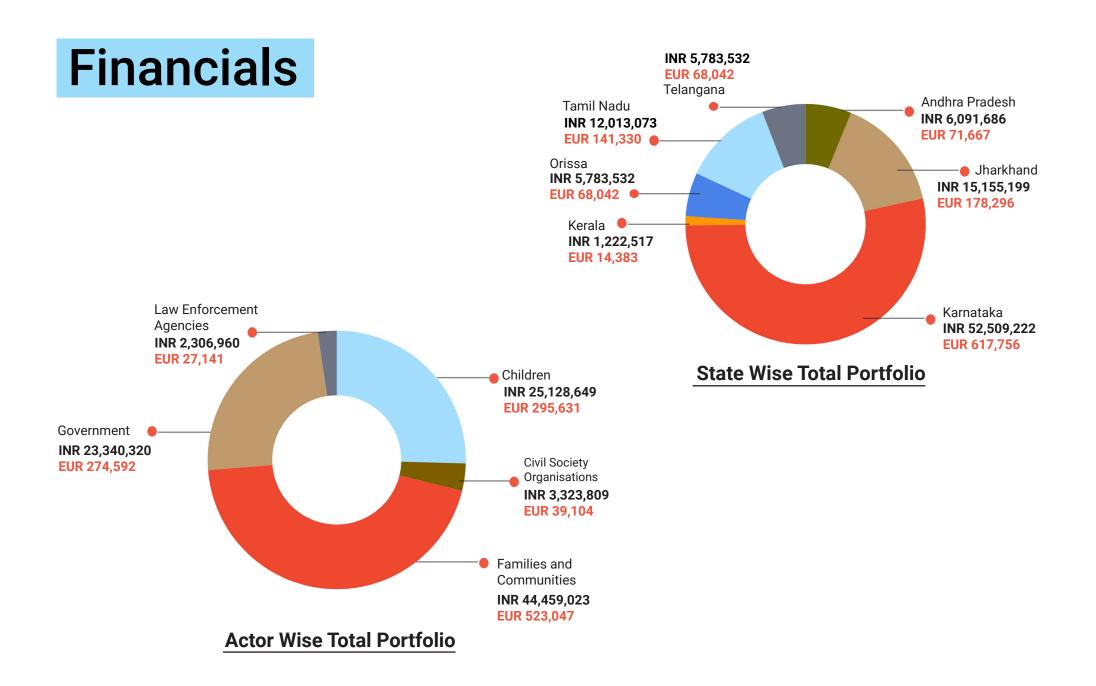
Donors

Financials

Total Portfolio INR 98,558,761 EUR 1,159,515



Costs	INR	EUR
Programme Expenses	83,235,828	979,245
Admin Expenses	5,645,325	66,416
Monitoring, Learning and Evaluation Costs	9,677,608	113,854
Total	98,558,761	1,159,515



Major Donors







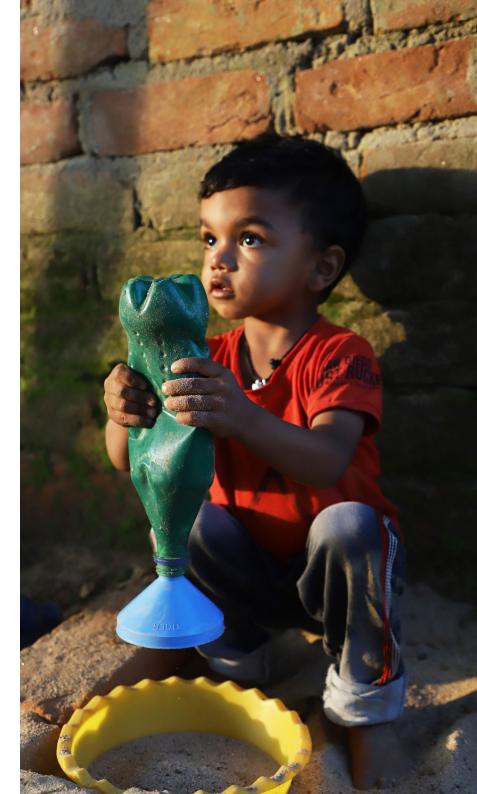












Way Forward

"

In 2022, we look forward to further building back communities post COVID-19.

Apart from our existing project interventions we will be focussing on supporting children who have lost either one or both parents to COVID. We will be providing them with health care, education and child protection services.

We also plan to roll out interventions to address commercial sexual exploitation of children as well as trafficking of children in tourist hubs.

We will also be working to build our research capabilities and publish more studies on the issues we deal with and its implications on children.

Most of all we look forward to taking children out of exploitation, supporting and empowering them.

We thank all our partners and donors who have held our hands throughout and will continue to do so.



Implementing **Partners**



HELP works for the rescue and rehabilitation of victims, especially children, who are trafficked for sexual exploitation in Andhra Pradesh.



Aids Jagruthi Mahila Sangha, Bijapur works for the welfare of 4000 sex workers in Bijapur District, in areas of health, economic development and women's rights.



FMMSSS promotes the development of Women, Youth and Children through awareness activities on various socio-economic development interventions.



Muktha Network in Karnataka works towards the empowerment of young girls and women in the Devadasi system through advocacy.



Society for Community Participation and Education in Rural Development (SCOPE-RD) registered in the year of 1992, works towards the welfare of children at risk.



Children of India Foundation (**CIF**) empowers vulnerable children and families in India. It functions as an affiliate of TdH NL in India.



Amma Foundation in Raibag, Karnataka works towards the empowerment of young women specifically victims of sexual exploitation.



BalKalyanSangh(BKS)workstowardscreatinganenvironmentwherewomenandchildrenparticipateindevelopmentandenjoytheirrights.



Jago Foundation (JF) works towards ensuring that children are free from violence and exploitation in 4 districts of Jharkhand. It uplifts marginalised communities.



NAMCO works to create an enabling environment to protect child rights, ensuring sustainable livelihood, education, health and women empowerment for poor and marginalised communities.



PMSR aims towards bringing transformation in the lives of children living in exploitative and difficult situations by providing them access to education and promoting child rights.



Arpanam Trust works for the empowerment of children in difficult situations in Tamil Nadu and Karnataka, focusing on child protection and child rights



Child Rights Trust (CRT) is a public charitable organisation which works for and with children, without distinction of religion, caste, creed, gender or social status.



BSSSG is a registered Non-Profit Organisation founded in the year 1988 working for the development of communities in and around the slums of Vyasarpadi, Chennai.

HANDS

HANDS in Anantapur district works towards addressing child trafficking and child marriage in the state of Andhra Pradesh through awareness and advocacy.



Rural Environmental Awareness Community Help (REACH) has been involved in the process of empowering the rural poor since 1992 with a focus on women.



SEVAK works with communities to form and strengthen community based organisations in Karnataka. It promotes livelihood opportunities and works on child rights.



The Cheru Resmi Centre (CRC) in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala empowers the fishing community, specifically the women and children.



The Franciscan Clarist Congregation (FCC) works for the development of the poor through activities in health, education and socio economic development.



Rural Education And Action Development Society (READS) is based in Ballari, Karnataka and woks on rural development and education for vulnerable children



Banwasi Vikas Ashram (BVA) is a grassroots level organisation based in Koderma, Jharkhand working on adolescent girl health, education, microfinance and SHG promotion



Bharatidasan University is an academic instituion in Tiruchirapalli which works towards academic innovation for social change.



Thozhamai is an NGO based in Chennai which works for the welfare of urban poor & their rights.



Arpna is an NGO based in Tamil Nadu working for the upliftment of women, farmers and marginalised communities.



RAIDS works for the alleviation of child abuse and exploitation in Kadapa district, Andhra Pradesh. It alsoworkstoprevent child marriage.



Rashtriya Jharkhand Seva Sansthan (RJSS) works for poor & marginalised people in 6 districts of Jharkhand. It strives to eradicate poverty and unemployment.



SIVA Trust works towards empowerment and socio-economic development of rural and semiurban poor families, particularly women and children.



Janhit Vikas Samiti (JVS) is a non profit organisation in Nawada, Bihar which works towards rural and socio-economic development in the region.



New Life Trust is an organisation in Tamil Nadu which works for the upliftment and development of women and children.



AgricultureandSocialDevelopmentSociety(ASDS)worksfor the development andprotectionof of tribal people inAndhraPradesh andTelangana



Social Awareness and Voluntary Organisation (SAVE) works for the upliftment of socio-economically poor communities in Tirupur, TN.



Shramika Vikasa Kendram (SVK) works to eradicate child labour, universalise elementary education and empower women socially.



SNEHA in Kudligi, Karnataka, works for child well being, Dalit upliftment, education & vocational training, health & family welfare and poverty alleviation.



Vidyanikethan improves the lives and livelihoods of individuals and families, especially children and women, from low income groups.



Savera Foundation is a non profit organisation in Giridih which works towards the upliftment of dalits and tribal groups supporting their health, education & livelihood.



Society for Community Health and Improvement (SUCHI) is an NGO in Tamil Nadu that works for health and development of very poor and vulnerable people.



People sCulturalCentre(PECUC)isanNGOworkingforpromotionandprotection of rights of the childrenin the state of Odisha since 1990.1990.



Chaitanya Mahila Sangha is a nongovernmental organisation in Bagalkot, Karnataka which works for the empowerment of women and girls, by combating exploitation and abuse.



terre des hommes O stops child exploitation

India Programme Office | No.28/2 Hutchins Road, St. Thomas Town, Bangalore - 560005 Ph +91 9164050000 email india@tdh.nl log into www.tdh.nl/india Terre des Hommes Netherlands is an international child protection organisation working to tackle exploitation of children at the roots. In India, TdH-NL works to address child labour, empowers victims of chid marriage, addresses exploitation of children in the Devadasi system and advocates against child marriage and child trafficking.