



The Rhinoplasty

The Rhinoplasty reshapes the nose to both improve appearance and restore nasal patency. The secret behind this innovative technique is the placement of well-hidden nasal incisions, remodel of bone and cartilage, and alteration of nasal anatomy to enhance appearance and improve breathing. These sequential steps are the key to restoration of nasal structure and function.

The following information will answer the most commonly asked questions regarding what to expect after surgery. It is highly advised that you and your caretaker read this packet **SEVERAL** times **BEFORE** surgery to adequately prepare for the recovery process. Those who follow these instructions faithfully generally have the smoothest post-operative course and proper healing.

Recommended Items to Purchase: Cotton Swabs/Q-tips, Hydrogen Peroxide, Bacitracin Ointment, Nasal Saline Spray, Afrin or Oxymetazoline Spray, Gauze

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After Surgery Patient Care & Cleaning Instructions

1. Clean the inside of the nostrils with hydrogen peroxide on a cotton swab using a circular motion. Then, apply a layer of Bacitracin ointment to the same areas with a new cotton swab. This routine will need to be repeated **4 times** per day for one week. It is NOT necessary to perform these cleanings throughout the night. New cleaning and care instructions will be provided at the one week post-operative visit.
2. Drainage from the nose will occur throughout the first week after surgery before gradually tapering off. Do NOT wipe the base of your nose with a tissue. Instead, wear the provided drip pad until the drainage resolves. Do NOT blow your nose. Sneeze with your mouth OPEN.
3. You will have a difficult time breathing through your nose until you are suctioned at the one week post-operative visit. As a result, you will experience “desert mouth”, or a dry mouth upon waking as a result of breathing through your mouth rather than your nose. Lip balm is highly recommended to minimize chapped lips.
4. Daily bathing starting 24-hours after surgery is recommended with gentle hair washing. Avoid wetting the nasal tape and splint.
5. Spray and sniff an over-the-counter nasal saline spray into each nostril 4 times per day starting 72-hours after surgery. You may not feel like you are able to sniff in upon spraying the nasal solution. This is normal. Please continue your best to sniff in after each spray.
6. Swelling and bruising increase for 2-3 days following surgery. Asymmetric or uneven swelling and bruising (ie, swelling and bruising that is more pronounced on one complete side or specific area of the face) is both common and temporary. It is not uncommon for the eyelids to temporarily swell and even close completely for a day. Use of cool compresses and head elevation is strongly recommended to help keep swelling to a minimum. Do NOT place cool compresses directly over or on the nose.
7. If picking up a small child or pet, turn your head to the side prior to lifting to avoid an accidental hit to the nose.
8. Monitor for significant bleeding. If there is concern, please contact the office immediately at (737) 787 - 8200 to determine whether or not an in-office visit and possible cauterization is necessary.



The 30-Day Recovery Guide: What to Expect from Day 0 to Day 30+

Dr. Givens strongly believes that patient education is key to a successful surgical recovery. Below is an easy to follow **30-day Rhinoplasty Recovery Guide** so that you will know what to expect during the healing period. It is important to understand that the provided timeline represents a general recovery time frame and cannot be guaranteed.

Rhinoplasty Recovery: Week 1

Day 0 (Surgery Day). Once surgery is complete, you will be taken to the recovery room where a specialized nursing team will monitor and care for you prior to your departure from the operative facility. You will need a friend or family member (no ride-hailing services or self-driving) to drive you to a home or hotel of your choice that is located within 30-minutes of the operative facility for the first night. You will need a caretaker to be available to you for at least the first 3 days after surgery. It is important to rest on your back in a recliner or in bed with your head elevated, leave your nostril packing and drip pad in place, and monitor for pain and nausea overnight. For those who have either elected or been required to remain in the post-surgery facility overnight, the nursing staff will be your assumed caretaker during your stay. Of note, observation in the overnight facility is determined PRIOR to scheduling surgery.

Day 1. You will come to the office the morning after surgery for a general cleaning and surgical check. Your caretaker must come with you to this appointment to both aid you physically and help you remember what is discussed during the visit. Nasal packing will be removed, your nose will be cleansed, and a thorough review of your at home cleaning routine will be provided. In the unlikely event that excessive drainage is observed during this visit, you will need to remain at a residence located within 30-minutes of the office/surgical facility until stated otherwise by Dr. Givens to allow for expedient care and monitoring. Daily bathing is recommended with gentle hair washing, but avoid wetting the nasal tape and splint.

Days 2-4. Swelling and bruising will increase on days 2-3, but will usually peak around day 4 before gradually resolving. It is not uncommon for the eyelids to temporarily swell and even close completely for a day. Most patients describe moderate discomfort, aching, stiffness, and tightness of the nose rather than sharp pain. Your pain medication should be used sparingly and as prescribed by Dr. Givens. In addition, the use of cool compresses, head elevation, and Extra Strength Tylenol relieves this discomfort and tightness best. On Day 3, begin to spray and sniff an over-the-counter nasal saline spray into each nostril 4 times per day. You may not feel like you are able to sniff in upon spraying the nasal solution. This is NORMAL. Please continue your best to sniff in after each spray.

Days 5-6. If stitches were placed on the outside skin of your nose, you will come to the office on Day 5 for suture removal, which is quick and uncomplicated because it is done with small delicate instruments to minimize discomfort. Most patients “turn the corner” between days 5 and 6, and the majority of patients no longer need prescription pain medication.



Day 7. You will come to the office for your one week post-operative visit for nasal splint removal and suctioning. While you will feel much better after this visit, you must understand that this is NOT going to be your final result. Pause and read that again. At this point, a large amount of the post-operative swelling and bruising will have subsided. However, it is common to have “rebound swelling” in which increased nasal swelling is observed a few hours after the nasal splint is removed. This is NORMAL. You will see a significant improvement in the shape of nose and breathing over the next few weeks to months. You should also start feeling more comfortable moving about.

Rhinoplasty Recovery: Week 2

Days 8-14. You will still have some swelling and bruising around the affected areas and may experience residual but temporary stiffness and breathing difficulty. This is normal after a rhinoplasty and should not cause concern. At the end of the second week post-surgery, many patients feel “like themselves” again and are ready to return to work, school, or other obligations with a lifting restriction of no more than 15-lbs. Leisurely walking is encouraged. Do NOT perform household cleaning or any other activity that elevates your heart rate.

Rhinoplasty Recovery: Weeks 3 & 4

Days 15-30. You will begin to see real improvements in your nasal contour. However, it will take a MINIMUM of 6 months for ALL swelling to resolve and a FULL year or more for the nose to reach its final contour. During your one month office visit, a small steroid injection into thickened regions of the nose may be performed at the discretion of Dr. Givens. The steroid injection helps to soften healing tissues. You can now return to all regular activities and exercise without people noticing outward signs of your procedure. Incision sites will have a pinkish-red hue, but this should fade with time.

Rhinoplasty Recovery: Day 30 & Beyond

Day 30+. After the one month post-operative visit, you should be back to doing ALL normal activities and enjoying life with your new look. While it can take up to a year for very minor swelling, bruising, tightness, and stiffness to resolve, this is typically only noticeable to you. Remaining follow-up visits with Dr. Givens (ie, 3-month, 6-month, 1-year) are to assess your progress. Photographic documentation will be performed at each visit as well. You will see great changes as the swelling continues to go down.



Return to Normal Activity FAQs: Bathing, Beauty Care, Exercise, Work, & Things to Avoid

Bathing

- You may take a shower and wash your hair starting 24-hours after surgery (ie, Day 1 after your first post-operative office visit).
- Daily bathing is recommended with gentle hair washing. Avoid wetting the nasal tape and splint.
- You may cleanse your face gently with a mild soap after 1 week. Do NOT scrub your nose for 3 weeks after surgery.

Makeup, Hair Care, & Salon Maintenance

- Makeup may be applied starting 2 weeks after surgery. Be careful putting makeup on the nose and wiping it off.
- Salon hair maintenance (wash/dry, cut, color, style) may be performed 2 weeks after surgery, but you must have your stylist avoid disturbing your nose.
- Eyelash and eyebrow maintenance as well as lip waxing may be performed 6 weeks after surgery.
- Do not pierce the nose for at least 3 months after surgery.

Clothing Choices, Glasses, & Contacts

- Wear clothing that fastens in the front rather than clothes that pull over your head to avoid pulling on suture lines for 2 weeks after surgery.
- Wear your nasal drip pad as long as you have drainage from your nose. Do NOT wipe the base of your nose with a tissue. Lip balm is highly recommended to minimize chapped lips.
- You may wear contacts. Do NOT wear eye glasses or sunglasses for 3 weeks after surgery.

Exercise & Other Extracurricular Activities

- During the first week after surgery, you are encouraged to leisurely walk. Do NOT perform strenuous activities such as cardio/aerobics, jogging, swimming, tennis, golf, Pilates, yoga, barre, spin, high intensity interval training, and weight-lifting for 3 FULL weeks.
- Do not wear swimming goggles or nasal plugs that squeeze the bridge of your nose for at least 8 weeks.
- You should avoid any activity that increases your heart rate, even bedroom activities (ie, sexual activity of any type) for 3 FULL weeks.
- You may be “up and around the house” but do NOT perform house cleaning, bending, or lifting more than 15-lbs for 3 weeks.
- If picking up a small child or pet (ie, less than 15-lbs), turn your head to the side prior to lifting to avoid an accidental hit to the nose.



Return to Work

- Most patients take about 1-2 weeks off from work, school, or other obligations. Depending on your individual recovery process and job requirements, you may be able to return sooner or need to wait a bit longer.
- If your job involves heavy lifting (ie, more than 15-lbs) or a significant amount of public contact, you will need to plan on taking a full 3 weeks off.

Things to Avoid

- Avoid excessive facial expressions, emotional states (ie, crying, laughing, yawning), bending, and straining for 2 weeks after surgery.
- Do NOT blow your nose for 2 weeks. If you must sneeze, do so with your mouth OPEN.
- Avoid direct application of ice to the face as extremes of temperature can damage the healing tissues and result in an unsatisfactory outcome. Do NOT sleep with any cool compresses on your face. Do NOT place cool compresses directly over or on the nose.
- Avoid use of hot tubs or extremes of heat for 3 weeks after surgery as this can dilate your blood vessels and cause hematoma formation.
- Avoid using any and all medications listed on the “Medications to AVOID Before Surgery” page of the website, which can be found under the Patient Resources tab of the toolbar then the Surgery & Post-Treatment Care drop-down menu.
- Avoid quickly rising from a sitting position. Instead, slowly stand and give yourself a few seconds before walking forward to ensure you do not become light-headed, dizzy, or unexpectedly syncopal.
- Avoid caffeine, tea, and other dehydrating substances. Drink plenty of fluids and electrolytes to stay hydrated.
- Avoid direct sun exposure to any surgical sites for 9 months after surgery. Use sun protection including sun block and wide brimmed hats. Light sunglasses may be worn starting 3 weeks after surgery.
- Avoid driving or operating heavy machinery while taking narcotic pain medication.
- Do NOT smoke, vape, or use any nicotine-related products (ie, nicotine patches, nicotine gum, chew/dip) as these substances cause significant and detrimental blood vessel constriction. Vessel constriction decreases required blood flow to the healing tissues of the face/neck and may ultimately result in delayed wound healing, unsatisfactory cosmetic outcome, and even skin necrosis.



What to Expect & Consider During Your Recovery

As with any major surgery, a rhinoplasty procedure carries the risk of bleeding, infection, pain, skin changes or loss, nasal breathing difficulty, septal perforation and nasal whistling, numbness and skin sensitivity, temporary or permanent nerve damage, hair thinning or loss, corneal abrasion, poor wound healing, blood clot formation, cosmetic abnormality, unsatisfactory scarring, and/or the need for additional surgery. The following information outlines what to expect and be aware of during the recovery process after a rhinoplasty.

Bruising & Swelling

Your nose and eyes may appear swollen with variable amounts of bruising or discoloration. Bruising and swelling increase for 2-3 days following surgery and are often asymmetric/uneven (ie, swelling and bruising that is more pronounced on one complete side or specific area of the face). Use of cool compresses, head elevation, leisurely walking, *Arnica montana*, and avoidance of any and all medications listed on the “Medications to AVOID Before Surgery” page of the website will help to decrease bruising, swelling, and inflammation. While the majority subsides within 2 weeks, it will take a MINIMUM of 6 months for ALL swelling to resolve and a FULL year for the nose to reach its final contour.

- **Cool Compresses**: Wash cloths dipped in ice water or cool gel packs can be applied to the face for 15-minutes a few times daily during the first week after surgery to help reduce swelling and discoloration. Do NOT apply direct ice as extremes of temperature can damage the healing tissues and result in an unsatisfactory outcome. Do NOT sleep with cool compresses on your face. Do NOT place cool compresses directly over or on the nose.
- **Head Elevation**: Rest on your back with your head elevated above the level of your heart/chest by sleeping in a recliner or on 2-3 pillows in bed. You will notice that you tend to be more swollen upon waking in the morning and less by the evening. Do NOT sleep on your side or stomach for 3 weeks after surgery.
- **Arnica montana**: This over-the-counter sublingual homeopathic preparation when taken in frequent doses, for a few days before and continuing for a week after surgery, seems to have the ability to diminish post-operative bruising.

Nasal Bleeding

If you develop significant nasal bleeding, you should administer 2 puffs of Afrin nasal spray into each nostril while tilting your head slightly back. Then, lean your head forward and hold pressure with your fingers on either side of your nasal bridge just below the nasal bone for 15 minutes without pause. Watch a clock while holding pressure as 15-minutes tends to be a lot longer than you realize. If bleeding does not slow or stop, you should call the office immediately. You will likely be instructed to come to the office for evaluation and possible nasal packing or cauterization (ie, heated ligation of a blood vessel causing the bleeding). Unrelenting nasal bleeding, while rare, is taken very seriously and must be treated emergently to prevent significant blood loss.



Pain & Discomfort

Moderate discomfort, aching, stiffness, and tightness of the nose are expected, temporary, and very normal experiences during the healing and recovery process after a rhinoplasty. While it may take 2-3 weeks for resolution, significant improvement is noticed after 1 week. Prior to surgery you will be provided with a series of prescribed medications that are important to take as instructed as each one serves a specific purpose in the recovery process.

- **Pain Medication:** There is usually only minimal-moderate actual pain following a rhinoplasty, which resolves within the first couple of days after surgery. However, you may experience the above described and expected discomfort and tightness, which can take longer to completely resolve. Excessive intake of pain medication, particularly in the immediate post-operative period, often results in light-headedness, nausea, and constipation—making recovery more tedious. Thus, a regimen of cool compresses and Tylenol Extra Strength is often more effective. However, if the pain is severe, you may use your provided narcotic pain medication as prescribed by Dr. Givens. Remember to take pain medication after eating to avoid nausea. Do NOT take narcotic medication at the same time as Tylenol ingestion. If you develop narcotic-induced constipation, you may take an over-the-counter laxative or stool softener from your local pharmacy. Do NOT drive while taking prescription pain medication. Do NOT take aspirin or ibuprofen.
- **Anti-Depressant Medication:** It is not unusual for patients to go through a period of mild depression after cosmetic surgery no matter how much they wanted the operation and were educated on what to expect post-operatively. Remember, same day surgery does not mean same day results. If you are able to realize that this is a very temporary phase, the emotional aspect will resolve. If you take anti-depressant medications, please continue per your normal pre-surgical routine unless specifically instructed otherwise. If you experience any suicidal or homicidal ideations, please contact both your psychiatrist and Dr. Givens. While Dr. Givens does NOT prescribe anti-depressant medications, she would like to ensure that you have all of the care and treatment that you need after surgery.

Asymmetry & Stiffness

You should expect the nose and upper lip to feel stiff for at least 8 weeks before returning to a soft, natural state. This is both a normal and expected part of the recovery process after a rhinoplasty. The nose, especially the nasal tip, has a tendency to hold on to swelling following surgery. In addition, swelling causes to tightness and stiffness, which may temporarily interfere with the symmetry of your lips and your ability to smile, speak, and eat. This will resolve within a few weeks allowing for return of your normal smile, conversation, and dietary regimen.

Infection

Prior to surgery you will be provided with a prescription for an antibiotic medication. It is important to fill this prescription BEFORE your surgery, take as instructed, and make sure to finish the entire course as this medication serves a specific purpose in the recovery process. The first dose is to be administered the day BEFORE your surgery. If you develop an allergic reaction or signs/symptoms of an infection including persistent redness and/or drainage from incision sites, call the office immediately as a new/different medication or treatment may be required.



Scars & Revision Surgery

Any time a cut is made on the body there will be a scar. However, scar visibility depends on several factors. A rhinoplasty requires a series of deliberately placed nasal incisions to minimize scar visibility. Healing incision lines will have a deep pink hue with variable amounts of swelling and thickening initially. Post-surgical scars will continue to soften and fade for up to a year. Most of the time, an experienced surgeon can produce long-lasting results that both of you are pleased with—often for *several* decades. However, you must remember that even in the most experienced hands, there are no guarantees in surgery. Further surgical intervention is NOT scheduled prior to the 6-month post-operative mark and more likely closer to a year unless absolutely necessary. It is imperative to allow for most if not all of the post-operative swelling and inflammation to resolve prior to further operation. Finally, you must understand that while surgery can improve the youthful appearance, it cannot stop the aging process of the body over time.

- **Steroid Injection:** A low-dose steroid may be injected into very swollen or thickened regions of the nose. Timing of the injection, amount injected, and need for continued injections will be determined by Dr. Givens. The steroid is not systemic; rather, it is localized only to the part of the face it is injected into.



Conclusion: Summary on the Rhinoplasty After Surgery Experience

1. Your nose and under eye region may appear swollen with variable amounts of bruising or discoloration. Bruising and swelling increase for 2-3 days following surgery and are often asymmetric/uneven. Remember, this is temporary and will subside to a large extent within 2 weeks. However, it will take a MINIMUM of 6 months for ALL swelling and bruising to resolve and a FULL year for the nose to reach its final contour.
2. Call the office if you experience a persistent temperature of 101°F or higher, sudden significant swelling or discoloration, unusual bleeding, persistent or worsening redness, discharge from the wound or other evidence of infection, cold sores, or development of any drug reaction. There is a 24-hour answering service available during non-office hours for urgent post-operative concerns.
3. Each patient will have a unique experience, and you should always follow the directions provided by Dr. Givens. Those who educate themselves before surgery and follow Dr. Givens' post-operative care instructions usually have the easiest recoveries and the best outcomes.
4. Most of all—BE PATIENT during the healing process. Remember, same day surgery does NOT mean same day recovery. Healing is a gradual process. It is normal to be impatient and feel discouraged while waiting for swelling, bruising, and discomfort to diminish. Allow yourself extra rest, a nutritious diet to promote healing, and avoid stress during your recovery.