

C-PCR-XXX (TO PCR 2019:14) VERSION: 1.0.0 DRAFT FOR OPEN CONSULTATION



INTRODUCTION TO OPEN CONSULTATION

This draft PCR document is available for open consultation from 2025-07-17 until 2025-09-12. Feel free to forward the draft to any other stakeholder you might think is relevant, including colleagues and other organisations.

We are interested in comments from stakeholders on:

- General
 - Alignment with PCRs available in other programmes for type III environmental declarations, industry-specific LCA guidelines or similar.
- Scope of PCR
 - Product category definition and description
 - Classification of product category using CPC codes
- Goal and scope, life cycle inventory and life cycle impact assessment
 - Functional unit/declared unit
 - System boundary
 - Allocation rules
 - Data quality requirements
 - Recommended databases for generic data
 - Impact categories and impact assessment methodology
- Additional information

Comments shall be sent directly to the PCR Moderator (contact details available in Section 1). There is a template for comments on <u>www.environdec.com</u> that may be used.

For questions about the PCR, please contact the PCR moderator. For general questions about the International EPD System, EPD or PCR development, please contact the Secretariat via <u>https://www.environdec.com/support</u>.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Intro	duction to open consultation	2
1	Introduction	4
	1.1 General	4
	1.2 Role of this document	4
2	General information	6
	2.1 Administrative information	6
	2.2 Scope	7
3	PCR review and background information	9
	3.1 Open consultation	9
	3.2 PCR review	9
	3.3 Existing PCRs for the product category	9
	3.4 Reasoning for development of c-PCR	10
	3.5 Underlying studies used for c-PCR development	10
4	LCA method	10
	4.1 Modelling approach	10
	4.2 functional unit	10
	4.3 System boundary	11
	4.4 Cut-off rules	13
	4.5 Process flow diagram	13
	4.6 Allocation rules	13
	4.7 Data categories and data quality rules	13
	4.8 Other LCA rules	13
	4.9 Environmental performance indicators	14
	4.10 Specific rules per EPD type	14
5	Content of the LCA report	15
	5.1 Layout of the presentation	15
	5.2 Description of the LCA modelling	15
6	Content and format of EPD	16
	6.1 EPD languages	16
	6.2 Units and quantities	16
	6.3 Use of images in EPD	16
	6.4 Sections of the EPD	16
7	List of abbreviations	18
8	References	18
9	Version history of c-PCR	19

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

This document constitutes complementary Product Category Rules (c-PCR) developed in the framework of the International EPD System: a programme for Environmental Product Declarations (EPD)¹ according to ISO 14025, ISO 14040, ISO 14044, and product-specific standards such as EN 15804, EN 15941 and ISO 21930 for construction products.² EPDs are voluntary documents for a company or organisation to present transparent, consistent and verifiable information about environmental performance of their product (goods or services).

The General Programme Instructions (GPI), publicly available on <u>www.environdec.com</u>, includes the rules for the overall administration and operation of the programme and the basic rules for developing EPDs registered in the programme. PCRs and c-PCRs complement the GPI and the normative standards by providing specific rules and guidelines for developing an EPD for one or more specific product categories (see Figure 1). A PCR/c-PCR should enable different practitioners using the PCR/c-PCR to generate consistent results when assessing products of the same product category.



Figure 1. This c-PCR in relation to the hierarchy of standards and other documents.

The present c-PCR uses the following terminology:

- The term "shall" is used to indicate what is obligatory, i.e., a requirement.
- The term "should" is used to indicate a recommendation. Any deviation from a recommendation shall be justified in the EPD development process.
- The terms "may" or "can" are used to indicate an option that is permissible.

For definitions of further terms used in the document, see the GPI, the main PCR, and the normative standards.

A main PCR and its c-PCRs are valid for a pre-determined period of time to ensure that it is updated at regular intervals. The latest version of the PCR and its c-PCRs are available on <u>www.environdec.com</u>. Stakeholder feedback on PCRs and c-PCRs is very much encouraged. Any comments on this c-PCR may be sent directly to the PCR Moderator and/or the Secretariat during its development or during its period of validity.

Any references to this document shall include the PCR registration number, name and version.

The programme operator maintains the copyright of the PCR to ensure that it is possible to publish, update, and make it available to all organisations to develop and register EPDs. Stakeholders participating in PCR development should be acknowledged in the final document and on the website.

¹ Termed type III environmental declarations in ISO 14025.

² When standards are referred to in this document, the version listed in Section Error! Reference source not found. is intended unless otherwise stated.

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1.2 ROLE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This c-PCR complements the main PCR of construction products in the International EPD System, PCR 2019:14 Construction products, available on <u>www.environdec.com</u>. The c-PCR cannot be used by itself but shall be used together with PCR 2019:14, and EN 15804 and EN 15941, for products within the scope of the PCR (see Section 2.2.1). It is required to use an applicable c-PCR after it has been published 90 days. It is optional to the use the c-PCR if it has been published for less than 90 days.

If more than one c-PCR is applicable, the EPD owner may choose to use any of them, but it is recommended to use the one that is more specific in scope in terms of product function. An alternative is to use, and verify the EPD towards, several applicable c-PCRs, as long as there are no conflicting requirements in the c-PCRs.

If requirements in the main PCR and the c-PCR are in conflict, the requirements in the c-PCR take precedence over those in the main PCR.

See Figure 2 for an illustration on how PCR 2019:14 and this c-PCR relate to each other and the EPDs that may be based on them.



Figure 2. Overview of how PCR 2019:14 can be used directly, or together with a c-PCR, to develop an EPD. An EPD that uses a functional unit shall be based on a c-PCR. An EPD based on a declared unit can be developed without a c-PCR.

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Name:	Levee, Dykes and Embankments		
Registration number and version:	To be added by the Secretariat		
Programme:	EPD		
	INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM		
Programme operator:	EPD International AB, Box 210 60, SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden.		
	Website: <u>www.environdec.com</u> E-mail: <u>support@environdec.com</u>		
PCR Moderator:	Peter Chia-Pan Chen (peter_chen@itri.org.tw) & Jose Daniel Tapia Galvan (danielt@itri.org.tw),ITRI		
PCR Committee:	Industrial Technology Research Institute (ITRI) Tsai-Chi KUO, National Taiwan University of Science and Technology Chi-Yu TIN, Hying Sustainable Development Technology Co., Ltd. (環潁永續發展科技股份有限公司) Chao-Chin HSU, Water Resources Agency, MOEA Taiwan		
Publication date	<i>To be added by the Secretariat</i> See Section 9 for a version history of the c-PCR.		
Valid until:	To be added by the Secretariat		
	The validity may change. See <u>www.environdec.com</u> for the latest version of the PCR and the latest information on its validity and transition periods between versions.		
Development and updates.	The c-PCR has been developed following ISO 14027, including public consultation and review. The rules for the development and updating processes are described in Section 9 of the GPI.		
	The c-PCR is valid for a pre-determined time period to ensure that it is updated at regular intervals. When the c-PCR is about to expire, the PCR Moderator shall initiate a discussion with the Secretariat on if and how to proceed with updating the c-PCR and renewing its validity. A c-PCR may be updated before it expires, based on changes in normative standards or provided significant and well-justified proposals for changes or amendments are presented.		
	When there has been an update of the c-PCR, the new version should be used to develop EPDs. For small updates (change of third-digit version number), the previous version is normally immediately removed from the PCR library on <u>www.environdec.com</u> and there is no transition period. For medium updates (change of second-digit version number), the previous version of the c-PCR is valid in parallel during a transition period of at least 90 days, but not exceeding its previously set validity period. For large updates (change of first-digit version number), the previous version is valid in parallel during a transition period of at least 180 days, but not exceeding its previously set validity period. For large updates (change of first-digit version number), the previous version is valid in parallel during a transition period of at least 180 days, but not exceeding its previously set validity period. In case a c-PCR is developed by a CEN Product TC, the standard will replace this c-PCR, with a transition period of at least 00 days update argument.		
	period of at least 90 days under which both are valid.		

	Stakeholder feedback on PCRs is very much encouraged. Any comments on this PCR may be sent directly to the PCR Moderator and/or the Secretariat during its development or during its period of validity.	
Standards documents and conformance:	 General Programme Instructions of the International EPD System, version 5.0.0, based on ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044.3 EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 EN 15941:2024 ISO 21930:2017. This standard is used in selected sections, such as allocation, when it provides additional but not contradictory rules to EN 15804. EPDs may comply with this standard if additional requirements are met, see Section 1.5. -ASCE 24-14: "Flood Resistant Design and Construction" -Water Resources Engineering Technical Specifications - River Management Volume (Parts I & II), 102nd Year of the Republic of China, Ministry of Economic Affairs, Water Resources Agency. -ISO 14040:2006 "Environmental management-Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and framework" -ISO 14042:2006 "Environmental management-Life Cycle Assessment- Requirements and guidelines" -ISO 14025:2006 "Environmental labels and declarations" ECO Platform standards, versions published 2024-12-204,5 If PCR 2019:14 refers to a later version of any of the above standards, the later version applies. 	
PCR language(s):	At the time of publication, this c-PCR was available in English. If the c-PCR is available in several languages, these are available on <u>www.environdec.com</u> . In case of translated versions, the English version takes precedence in case of any discrepancies.	

2.2 SCOPE

2.2.1 PRODUCT CATEGORY DEFINITION AND DESCRIPTION

This document provides Product Category Rules (PCR) for the assessment of the environmental performance of **Levees, Dykes and Embankments** and the declaration of this performance by an EPD. The product category corresponds to UN CPC: 532234 Irrigation and flood control waterworks.

A levee is a composite hydraulic structure designed mainly to function as a flood defence system by providing a continuous barrier to prevent or redirect flow of water from rivers, lakes, water bodies or storm surges. It would generally operate under hydrostatic or hydrodynamic conditions.

This c-PCR intends to address infrastructure elements related to water flow control, flood prevention and tide protection. Particularly, referring to "Levee" or embankments.

³ Some rules influencing EPD development are independent of the GPI version referred to in the PCR. For example, the latest rules on EPD verification procedures in the GPI shall be followed within 90 days of its publication. See Section 5.1 in the GPI for a description of the four categories of rules and when they shall be followed.

⁴ The ECO Platform standards consist of several documents, see footnote 5, whereof the LCA Calculation Rules and Digital Data Requirements are specifically relevant for this PCR. All requirements in the ECO Platform Standards that are additional to EN 15804 and EN 15941, are repeated in this PCR. Therefore, EPD developers and verifiers do not need check the LCA Calculation Rules, Digital Data Requirements, or other documents of the ECO Platform standards.

⁵ The following versions of the ECO Platform standards were published 2024-12-20: General Remarks v1.2, LCA Calculation Rules v2.0, Tool Verification Guidelines v1.1, Digital Data Requirements v1.1, Requirements for publishing digital data in ECO Portal v1.0, Quality Management Guidelines v2.0, Audit Guidelines v1.1, Audit Requirements v2.0.



The products that are related to this c-PCR are the following: river levees, sea levees, floodwalls, slopes and supporting facilities such as drainage channels and relief canals. Synonyms for levees include dykes (or dikes), embankments, flood banks, seawalls, and floodwalls.

The UN CPC classification hierarchy is as follows:

- Section: 5 Constructions and construction services
- Division: 53 Constructions
- Group: 532 Civil engineering works
 - Class: 5323 Harbours, waterways, dams, irrigation and other waterworks
 - Subclass: 53234 Irrigation and flood control waterworks

For further information related to UN CPC please refer to https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Family/Detail/1074.

2.2.2 TYPE OF EPD AND INFORMATION MODULES INCLUDED

See PCR 2019:14.

Following the requirements in Section 2.2.2 of PCR 2019:14, an EPD based on this c-PCR shall be be a type f) Construction service EPD (Cradle to gate) EPD, including A1-A3, A4-A5 as mandatory modules. Section 4.3 provides more rules on the system boundaries.

2.2.3 GEOGRAPHICAL SCOPE

This c-PCR may be used globally.

2.2.4 EPD VALIDITY

3 PCR REVIEW AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION

This c-PCR was developed in accordance with the PCR development process described in the GPI of the International EPD* System, including open consultation and review.

3.1 OPEN CONSULTATION

3.1.1 VERSION 1.0.0, 2025-MM-DD

This c-PCR was available for open consultation from *date* until *date*, during which any stakeholder was able to provide comments by contacting the PCR Moderator and/or the Secretariat.

Stakeholders were invited via e-mail or other means to take part in the open consultation and were encouraged to forward the invitation to other relevant stakeholders. The following stakeholders provided comments during the open consultation and agreed to be listed as contributors in the c-PCR and on <u>www.environdec.com</u>.

3.2 PCR REVIEW

3.2.1 VERSION 1.0.0, 20YY-MM-DD

PCR review panel:	The Technical Committee of the International EPD System. A full list of members is available on <u>www.environdec.com</u> . The review panel may be contacted via <u>support@environdec.com</u> . Members of the Technical Committee were requested to state any potential conflict of interest with the PCR Committee, and if there were conflicts of interest they were excused from the review.		
Chair of the PCR review:	To be added by the Secretariat		
Review dates:	To be added by the Secretariat		

In case of multiple large updates of the c-PCR (version 1.0.0, 2.0.0, etc.), information about each open consultation shall be added as sub-sections (3.2.1, 3.2.2, etc.).

3.3 EXISTING PCRS FOR THE PRODUCT CATEGORY

As part of the development of this c-PCR, existing PCRs and c-PCRs and other internationally standardised methods that could potentially act as c-PCRs for the product category in scope, were considered to avoid unnecessary overlaps in scope and to ensure harmonisation with established methods of relevance for the product category. The existence of such documents was checked among the following EPD programmes and international standardisation bodies:

- International EPD^{*} System. <u>www.environdec.com</u>.
- PCR Committee reviewed PCRs availability in other Programme Operations such as: ULSolutions, IBU, EPDItaly, EPDNorge, NSF International.

The PCR Committee identified a main PCR under development by EPDItaly under the name Flood control waterworks.

Table 1 lists the identified PCRs and other standardised methods.

Table 1. Existing PCRs and other internationally standardised methods that were considered to avoid overlap in scope and to ensure harmonisation with established methods.

Name of PCR/standard, incl. registration number	Programme/standardisation body	Version number/date of publication	Scope
Flood control waterworks	EPDItaly	Under development	Broader products beyond a single construction product

3.4 REASONING FOR DEVELOPMENT OF C-PCR

This c-PCR was developed to provide rules and guidance additional to those in PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804, for developing EPDs for the product category. The c-PCR thereby enables different practitioners to generate consistent results when assessing the environmental impact of products of the same product category, and thereby it supports comparability of products within a product category.

It is considered relevant to develop this c-PCR due to the technical relevance and potential market need. The development of this c-PCR targets primarily, but not exclusively, the AEC (architecture, engineering and construction) sector, with applications in public infrastructure as well. This c-PCR intends to primarily target a construction product such as levees.

3.5 UNDERLYING STUDIES USED FOR C-PCR DEVELOPMENT

The methodological choices made during the development of this c-PCR (declared/functional unit, system boundary, allocation methods, impact categories, data quality rules, etc.) were primarily based on the following underlying studies:

Hasan, R., McPhillips, L. M., Warn, G. P., & Bilec, M. M. (2024). Life cycle assessment of green–grey coastal flood protection infrastructure: A case study from New Orleans. Environmental Research: Infrastructure and Sustainability, 39(1). https://doi.org/10.1088/2634-4505/ad3578

4 LCA METHOD

This section provides rules for the LCA method used to develop an EPD for the product category as defined in Section 2.2.1.

4.1 MODELLING APPROACH

See PCR 2019:14.

4.2 FUNCTIONAL UNIT

The functional unit is defined as a quantitative performance measure of a product system for reference usage according to EN 15804. The functional unit will serve to define performance characteristics of the product category covered by this c-PCR in accordance to the main PCR.

The define functional unit for the product category in this PCR is defined as **one meter of levee infrastructure construction with a standard crosssectional area depending on the levee application, including auxiliary facilities, designed for a 100-year service lifecycle**. Descriptions of the levee's longitudinal dimensions and specific functionality characteristics must be stated and included. Further technical specifications are included in section 4.2.3 that shall be referred to.

Type of EPD	Life Cycle Stages	Unit	
f) Construction service EPD (Cradle to gate)	A1-A5 and optional modules	Functional Unit	as one meter of levee infrastructure construction with a standard cross- sectional area, including auxiliary facilities, designed for a 100-year service lifecycle

4.2.1 REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE (RSL)

See PCR 2019:14.

As for this c-PCR, Reference Service Life (RSL) refers to the service life of a product which in this case is a "Levee. Aligning with the Functional Unit of this c-PCR, the RSL is based on a 100-year lifespan, serving as a base calculation for maintenance and renovation of the given construction or infrastructure product covered by the scope of this c-PCR.

4.2.2 PRODUCT LIFESPAN

Not relevant

4.2.3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

As per standard requirements for elements in a Levee, this PCR considers that the following elements shall be included:

Element	Description
Crest	Top surface or crown of the levee provides a horizontal surface.
Revetments	Interface between external environment and the levee on both the waterside and landside slope.
Earth fill	Common in levees. Main volumetric component of a levee typically made of granular or soil material.
Foundation soils	Ground immediately beneath the levee. Characteristics of this soil can vary in terms of strength or permeability depending on the site.
Waterside	Side of the levee facing the water body.
Landside	Side of the levee facing the land or faces away from the water body.

The longitudinal dimensions, cross-sectional areas or geometry of a levee product obeys the nature of the project, location and application.

4.3 SYSTEM BOUNDARY

Aligning with PCR 2019:14, EPDs that are developed based on this c-PCR shall cover according to the scope and functional unit:

Type f) EPD: product stage (A1-A3), and construction process stage (A4-A5) and optional modules.

Table 1 Life cycle stages, information modules, and the requirements for inclusion for type f EPD developed under this c-PCR.

Life Cycle Stages	Information module		Type of EPD
			f) Construction service EPD: Cradle to gate with modules A1-A5 and optional modules
A1-A3 Product stage	A1	Raw material supply	Mandatory
	A2	Transport	
	A3	Manufacturing	
	A4	Transport	Mandatory

PAGE 12/20

LEVEE, DYKES AND EMBANKMENTS PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: UN CPC 53234

A4-A5 Construction stage	A5	Construction	
B Use stage	B1	Use	Optional
	B2	Maintenance	
	B3	Repair	
	B4	Replacement	
	B5	Refurbishment	
	B6	Energy use	
	В7	Water use	
C End of life stage	C1	Deconstruction	Optional
	C2	Transport	
	С3	Waste processing	
	C4	Disposal	
D Benefit and loads beyond the system boundary	D	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	Optional

The following subsections describe the covered information modules, respective processes, and other rules on the setting of system boundary. For detailed information on each module, see EN 15804 (Section 6.3.5). Here only specific descriptions related to this c-PCR are provided. The scope of this c-PCR aims to cover modules A1-A3 and A4-A5 as mandatory and Modules B, Modules C and Modules D as optional. This c-PCR intends to be a guideline for EPDs aimed to the construction stages of a levee. However, the scope can be expanded to subsequent modules as per the practitioner's requirements.

4.3.1 PRODUCT STAGE: MODULES A1-A3

See PCR 2019:14 and Section 6.3.5.2 of EN 15804.

As for the product stage, the following shall be included:

- Module A1: Raw material extraction and processing. Module A1 will include the processing of secondary materials as well.
- Module A2: Raw material transportation to the manufacturer for production of construction elements e.g., gabions, steel rebars, cement, concrete, and others
- Module A3: Production of materials and elements used for the construction of a levee such as gabions, steel rebars, cement, gravel, asphalt and other relevant materials.

This list is a non-exhaustive set of examples for the product stage, meaning that other product stage processes can be included if relevant.

The product stage processes shall not include:

- Services related to personnel (on-site offices, sanitary services, transport)
- Research and development activities.
- Machinery production

4.3.2 CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE: MODULES A4-A5

See PCR 2019:14 and Section 6.3.5.3 of EN 15804.

Regarding the Construction stage, the following shall be included:

Module A4. this module includes the transportation of products to the construction site ready for use.
 Module A5. construction of the infrastructure which shall include:

- o Ground works and earthworks
- \circ Construction process related to the composition of the main parts and components of the infrastructure
- Construction of foundation
- Installation of temporary facilities.
- o Construction of slope protection, berm, floodwall, apron, water gates, flood control road, drainage system.
- o Water supply and energy consumption related to the construction process.
- o Includes any direct and indirect emission related to the construction process and good practices.

4.3.3 USE STAGE: MODULES B1-B7

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804 if declared.

4.4 CUT-OFF RULES

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.5 PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM



Figure 3. Process flow diagram illustrating the processes that shall be included in the product system, divided into the life-cycle stages. The illustration of processes to include may not be exhaustive.

4.6 ALLOCATION RULES

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.7 DATA CATEGORIES AND DATA QUALITY RULES

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.8 OTHER LCA RULES

See PCR 2019:14.

4.8.1 PRODUCT STAGE, A1-A3

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

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4.8.2 CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE, MODULES A4-A5

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.8.3 END-OF-LIFE STAGE, MODULES C1-C4

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.8.4 CONSEQUENCES FOR RECOVERED MATERIAL/ENERGY BEYOND THE PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE (MODULE D)

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.9 ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

See PCR 2019:14 and EN 15804.

4.10 SPECIFIC RULES PER EPD TYPE

LEVEE, DYKES AND EMBANKMENTS PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: UN CPC 53234

5 CONTENT OF THE LCA REPORT

See PCR 2019:14.

5.1 LAYOUT OF THE PRESENTATION

See PCR 2019:14.

5.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE LCA MODELLING



LEVEE, DYKES AND EMBANKMENTS PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: UN CPC 53234

6 CONTENT AND FORMAT OF EPD

See PCR 2019:14.

6.1 EPD LANGUAGES

See PCR 2019:14.

6.2 UNITS AND QUANTITIES

See PCR 2019:14.

6.3 USE OF IMAGES IN EPD

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4 SECTIONS OF THE EPD

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.1 COVER PAGE

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.2 GENERAL INFORMATION

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.3 INFORMATION ABOUT EPD OWNER

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.4 PRODUCT INFORMATION See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.5 CONTENT DECLARATION See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.6 LCA INFORMATION

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.8 ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

See PCR 2019:14.



6.4.9 ADDITIONAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.10 INFORMATION RELATED TO SECTOR EPDS

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.11 VERSION HISTORY

6.4.12 ABBREVIATIONS

See PCR 2019:14.

6.4.13 REFERENCES



LEVEE, DYKES AND EMBANKMENTS PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: UN CPC 53234

7 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

In addition to abbreviations listed in PCR 2019:14, Section 7:

8 **REFERENCES**

CEN (2021) EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products.

EPD International (2024) PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 2.0.0.

EPD International (2021) General Programme Instructions of the International EPD System. Version 5.0.0, dated 2024-06-19. <u>www.environdec.com.</u>

ISO (2006a) ISO 14025:2006, Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures.

ISO (2006b) ISO 14040:2006, Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework.

ISO (2006c) ISO 14044: 2006, Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines.

ISO (2017) ISO 21930:2017, Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works -- Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services.

ISO 14025:2006 "Environmental labels and declarations"

Water Resources Engineering Technical Specifications - River Management Volume (Parts I & II), 102nd Year of the Republic of China, Ministry of Economic Affairs, Water Resources Agency.

ASCE 24-14: "Flood Resistant Design and Construction"



LEVEE, DYKES AND EMBANKMENTS PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: UN CPC 53234

9 VERSION HISTORY OF C-PCR

VERSION 1.0.0, 20YY-MM-DD

Add description of the c-PCR version, e.g. "Original version of the c-PCR".

Note: any versions of this c-PCR published before GPI 5.0.0 will not have a version number, but only a version date. Then version 1.0.0 will not be the first version of the c-PCR.





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