THE BARNSTONDALE CENTRE – ACTIVITY RISK ASSESSMENT – ARCHERY

Assessment Ref No:			ACT003		Area or Activity Assessed:		Archery Range/Sports Hall	
Assessment Date:			24 Sep 25					
Person who may be affected by this			Staff, Visitors, Contractors,					
activi	ty	Service Users and anyone else						
			who may physically come into					
			contact with the business					
Ser	Ser What are the Who might be		Pre-Control					Post-Control
	hazards?	harmed and	Risk Rating	What are w	ve doing/Controls		ion needed	Risk Rating
		how?	(likelihood x	re	equired?			(likelihood x
			severity)					severity)
1	Bow and Arrow	Participants	3x2=6	 Equipme 	ent is to be checked			2x2=4
	Failure	due to		before e	ach session to ensure			
		equipment		that it is assembled correctly				
		failure when in		and fit fo	or use.			
		use.		 Bows are 	e not to be dry fired.			
2	Using Bow &	String hitting	3x2=6	The arm guard is to be				2x2=4
	Arrow	participant –		correctly worn on the bow				
		potential risk		arm to s	hield the participant's			
		of blood		forearm.				
		clotting.		 The archery instructor is to 				
				advise o	n correct posture.			
		Arrow hitting		 Bows are 	 Bows are only to be pointed 			
		someone.		down the range.				
				 Participants are to put bows 				
				down and return to the				
				waiting area once their arrows				
				have been loosed.				
				Instructors / leaders to position				
				themselves so th	at they can observe			
				all participants.				

Ser	What are the hazards?	Who might be harmed and how?	Pre-Control Risk Rating (likelihood x severity)	What are we doing/Controls required?	Action needed	Post-Control Risk Rating (likelihood x severity)
3	Boss and Stand	Falling and impacting the participant.	3x2=6	 The bosses are to be secured to the boss stand. The instructor is to advise on the correct procedure for collecting arrows. Using one hand to support the boss and the other hand to pull the arrow out. Bows should be correctly stored pointing to the ground when not in use. 		2x2=4
4	Moving Around Range, Including collecting arrows.	Participant being hit by an arrow.	3x2=6	 The range should be set up appropriately, with all doors, or accessing points, beyond the shooting line closed/inaccessible so that no one can enter the range – refer to the Archery GB Guide on Setting up an Archery Range. No one steps over the shooting line until the instructor says to. 		2x2=4

Ser	What are the hazards?	Who might be harmed and how?	Pre-Control Risk Rating (likelihood x severity)	What are we doing/Controls required?	Action needed	Post-Control Risk Rating (likelihood x severity)
			3x2=6	 The shooting line is sufficiently far from the bosses so that arrow cannot bounce back and hit someone. The instructor is to advise on the correct procedure for collecting arrows - walking down the side of the range and approaching the boss from the side. 		2x2=4
5	Carrying Arrows	Participants falling while returning with arrows.	3x2=6	 The instructor is to advise on the correct procedure for carrying arrows - holding them near the pile, tucking them under their arm and walking. No running on the range at any time. 		2x2=4
6	Behaviour	Participants being distracted.	3x2=6	 No one is to touch any equipment until told to do so by the instructor. Participants waiting are not to talk to or distract those on the shooting line. 		2x2=4

Risk Matrix									
		5	5	10	15	20	25		
		4	4	8	12	16	20	Likelihood (L) x	
Dial watin a		3	3	6	9	12	15		
Risk rating	Likelihood (L)	2	2	4	6	8	10	Severity (S) =	
guidance		1	1	2	3	4	5	Risk Rating (RR).	
			1	2	3	4	5		
			Severity (S)						
	High-risk: 15 – 25		High-risk activities should cease immediately. Further effective control measures to mitigate risks must be introduced.						
Acceptability of risk guidance	Medium-risk: 8 –	12	Medium-risks are an acceptable level based on the reduced likelihood after sufficient control measures are implemented.						
	Low-risk: 1-6 Low-risks are largely acceptable. Where it is reasonable to do so, efforts so made to reduce risks further.							do so, efforts should be	
Guidance. When completing a risk assessment, you should:	 Identify the persons at risk and the significant hazards. Calculate an initial RR for the activity. Identify risk control measures that reduce the risks to an acceptable level. Calculate a revised RR - you should consider how much safer the task will be if the control measures are followed. Here, you should consider changing both the likelihood (L) and the severity (S) ratings. 								

Note. Ideally, you should look to reduce the risks so that the task can be classified as "low-risk".

Likelihood	Definition			
Inevitable	If the work continues as it is, there is almost 100% certainty that an accident will happen, for examples: A broken stair or broken rung on a ladder, Bare, exposed electrical conductors, Unstable stacks of heavy boxes			
Highly likely Will happen more often than not. Additional factors could precipitate an incident but it is still likely to happen without this additional factor.		4		
Possible	The accident may occur if additional factors precipitate it, but it is unlikely to happen without them.	3		
Unlikely	likely This incident or illness might occur but the probability is low and the risk minimal.			
Remote possibility	There is really no risk present. Only under freak conditions could there be any possibility of an accident or illness. All reasonable precautions have been taken - This should be the normal state of the workplace.	1		

Severity	Definition	Points rating
Very high	Causing multiple deaths and widespread destruction eg. fire, course/building collapse.	5
High	Causing death, serious injury or permanent disability to an individual.	4
Moderate	Temporary disability causing injury (to member of the public, contractor or employees) or disease capable of keeping an employee off work for seven days or more and reportable under RIDDOR (Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995).	3
Slight	Minor injury (to member of the public, contractor or employee), which would allow the individual to continue work after first aid treatment on site or at a local surgery. The duration of the stoppage or treatment is such that the normal flow of work is not seriously interrupted.	2
Nil	Very minor injury, bruise, graze, no risk of disease.	1

Document Control (Amendments)

DATE	AMENDMENT(S)	AGREED BY
13 Nov 24	Whole Document	Mark Radcliffe (electronically signed)
24 Sep 25	Whole Document	Mark Radcliffe (electronically signed)