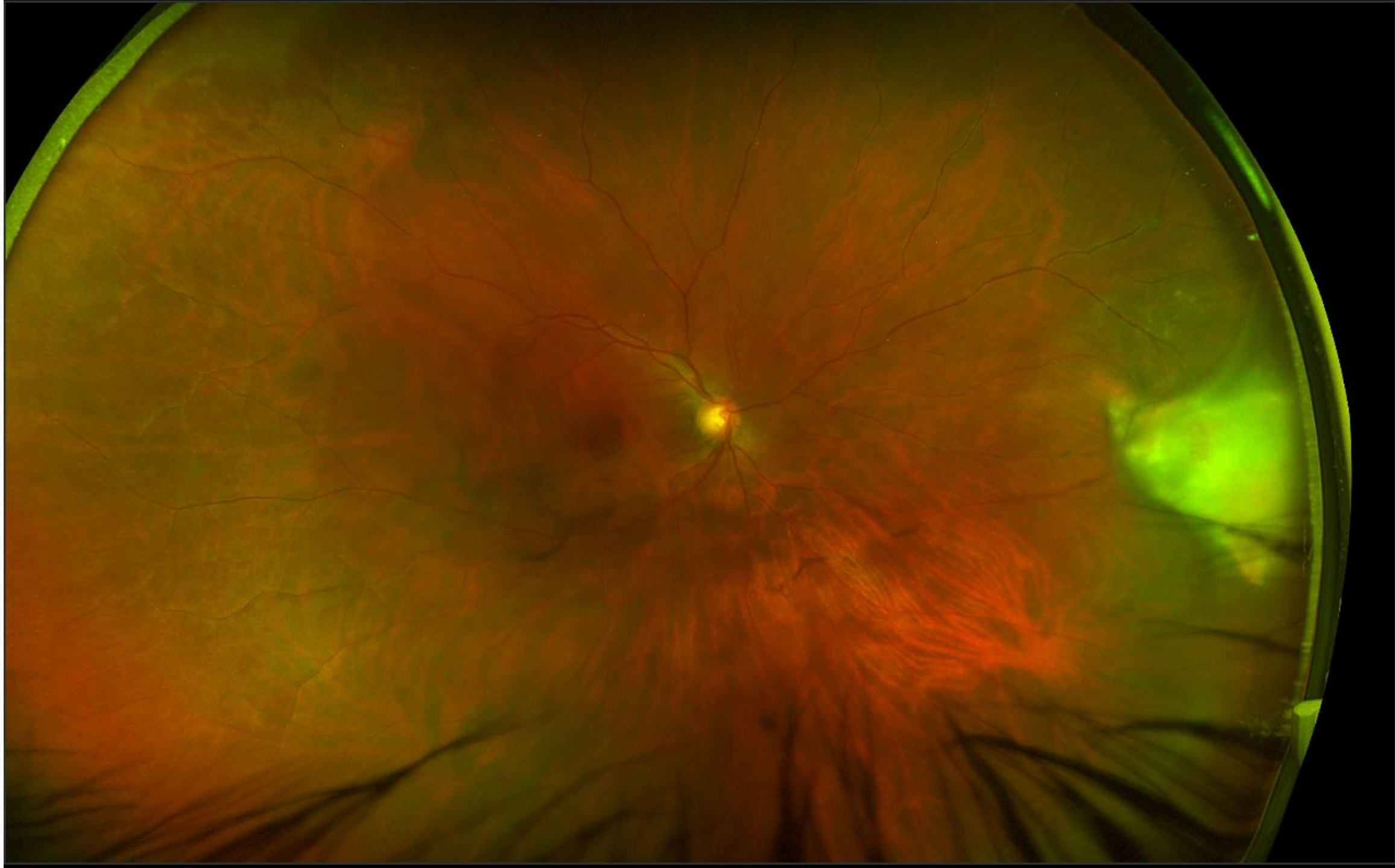
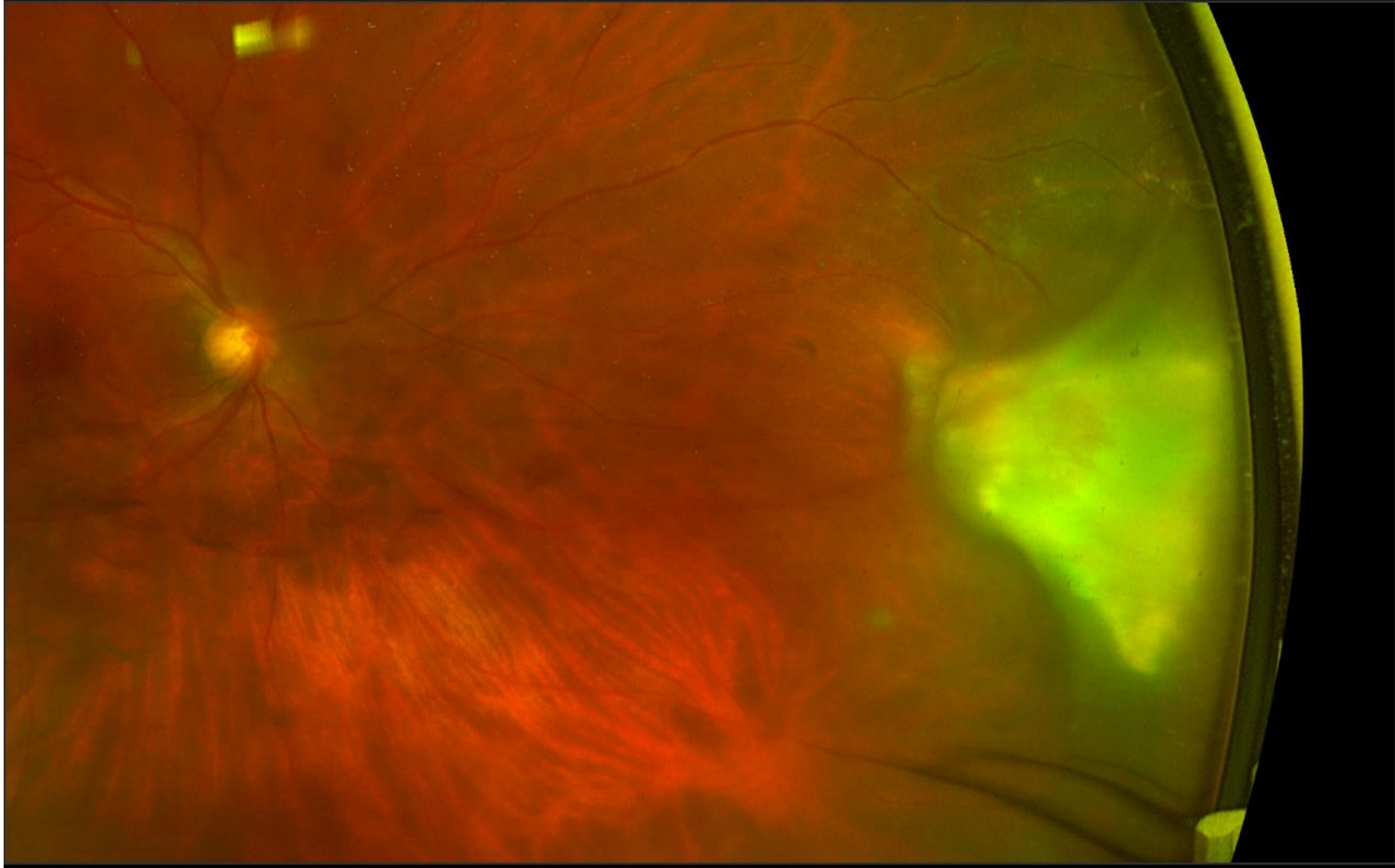


Rétinites et choriorétinites infectieuses

- N°1







Toxocarose prouvée (2 bandes positives dans le western blot de l'humeur aqueuse)

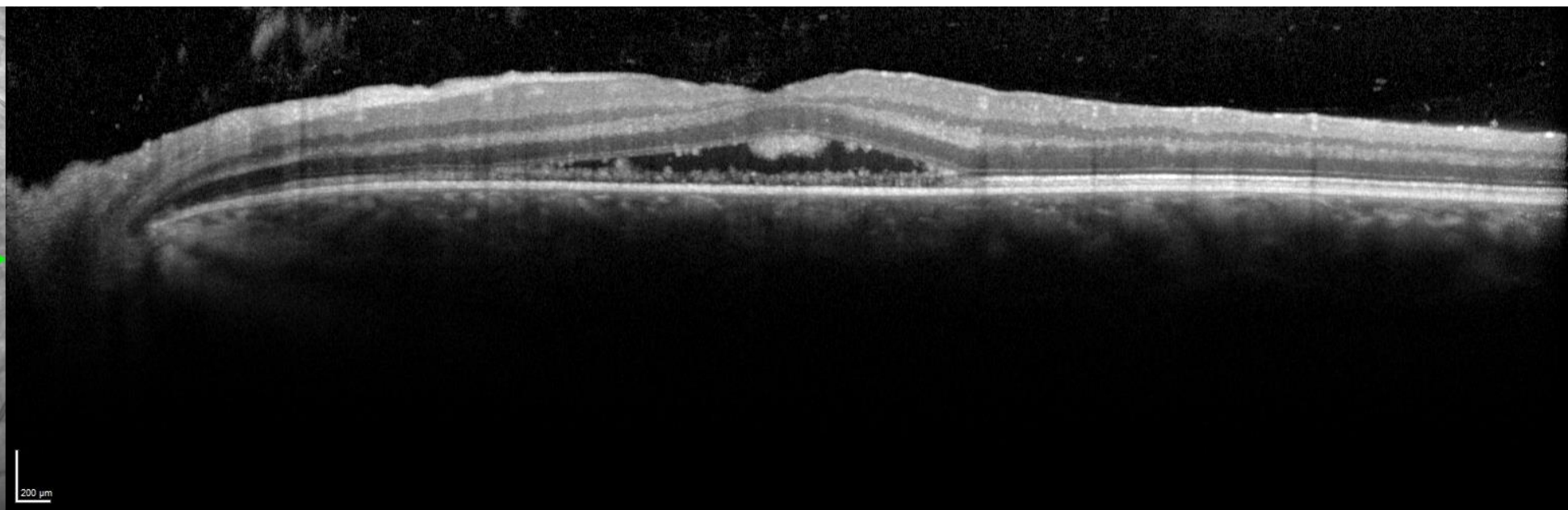
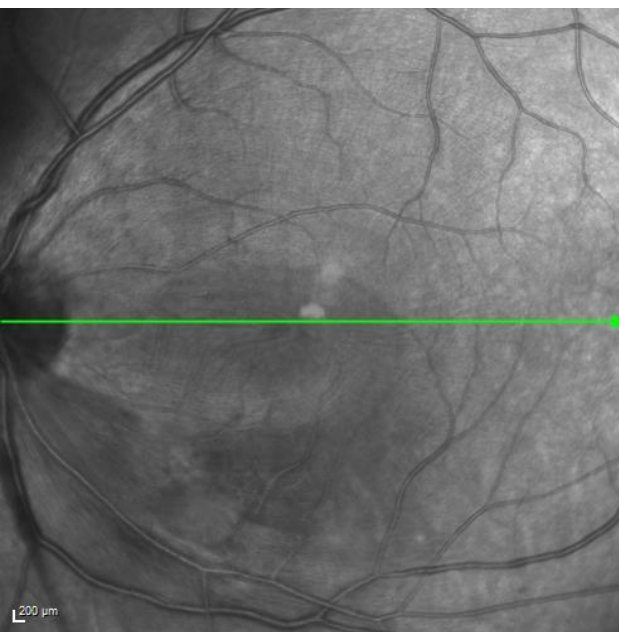
Récidives inflammatoires (hyalite prédominante), malgré traitement par albendazole.

Traitement chirurgical après 5 récidives

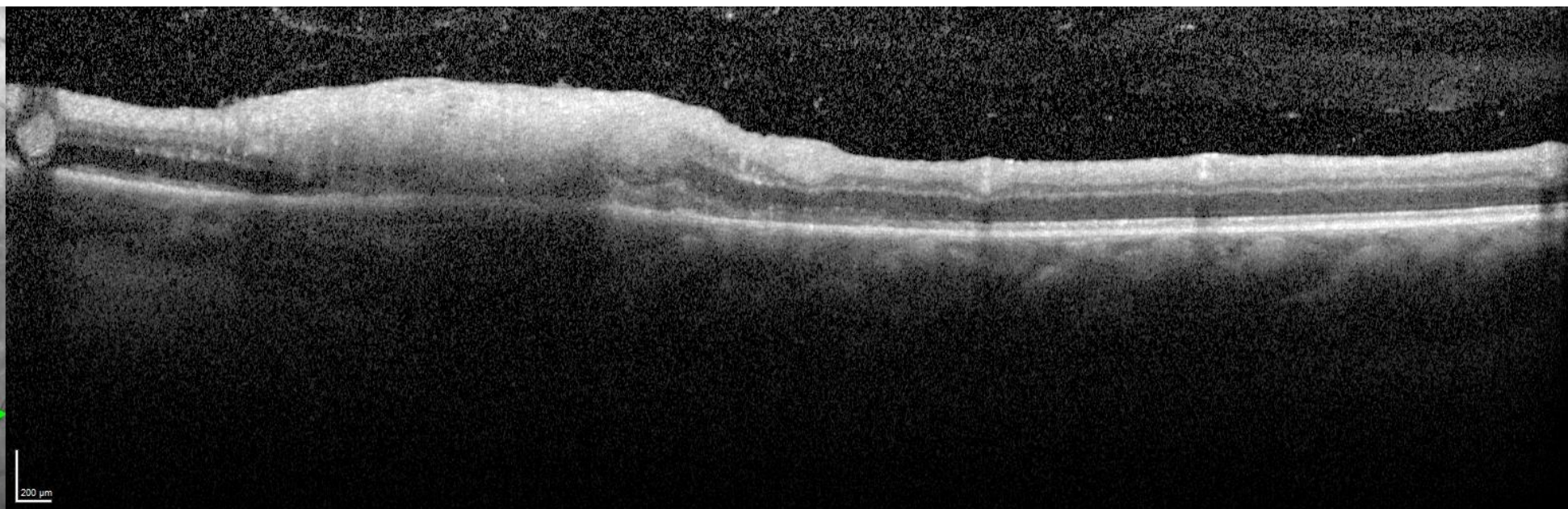
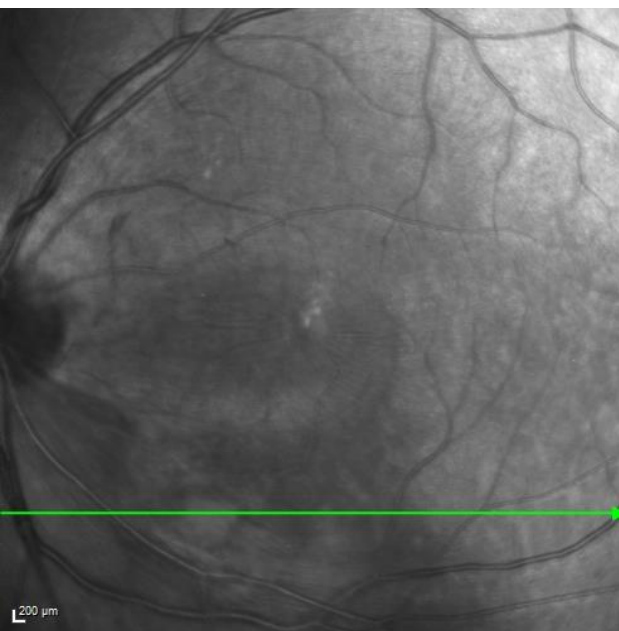
6 Toxoplasmoses

- N°2

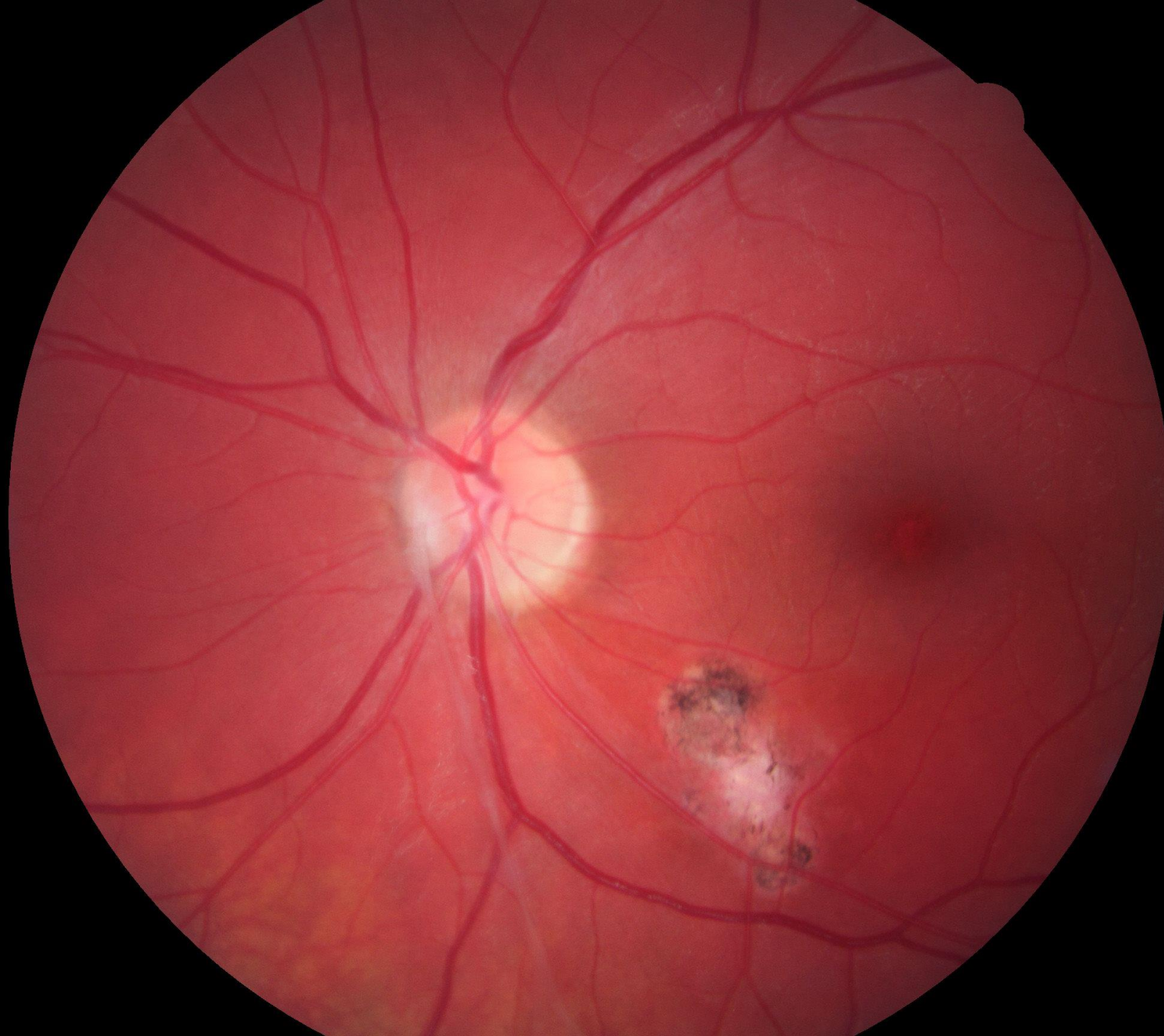


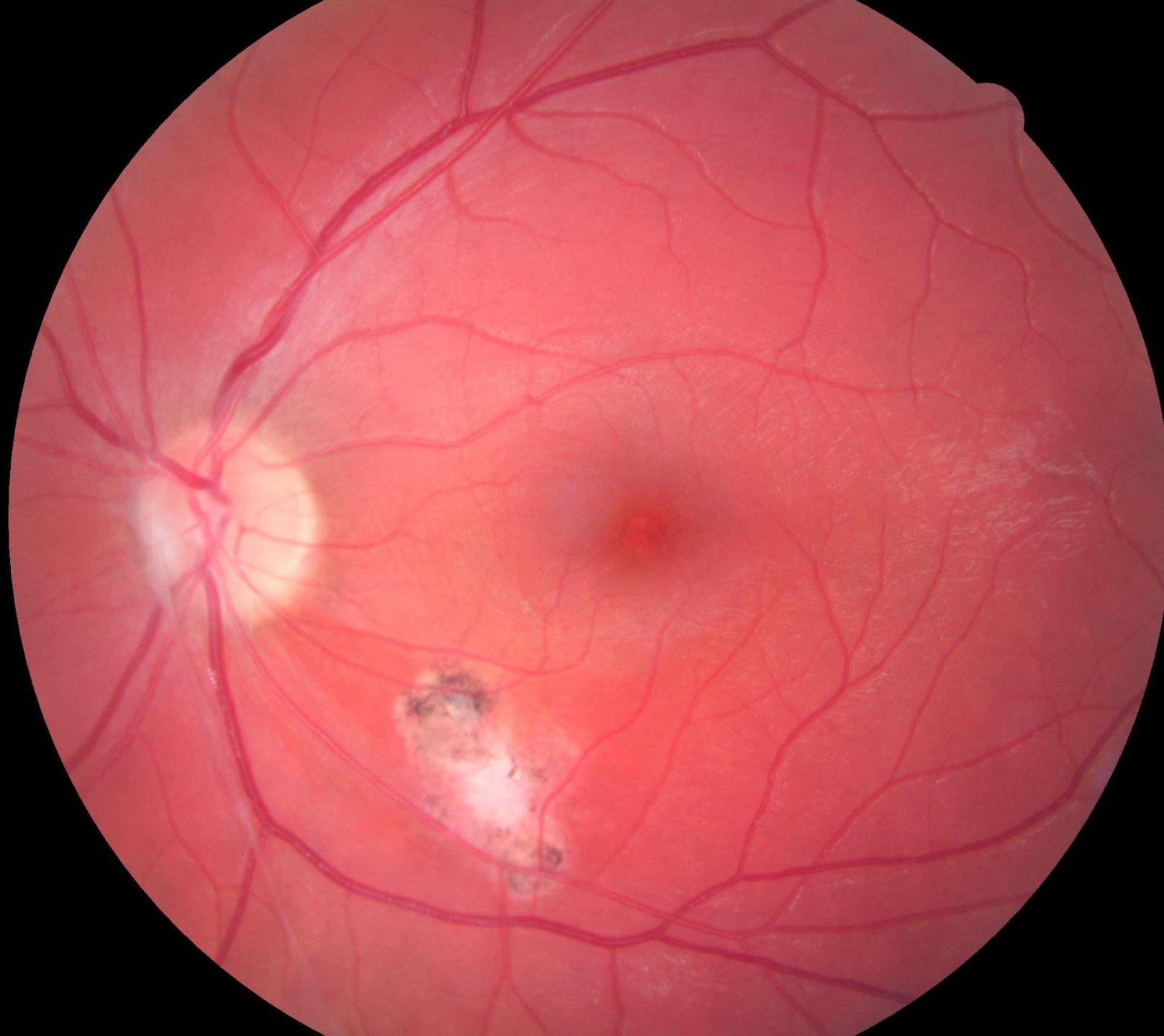


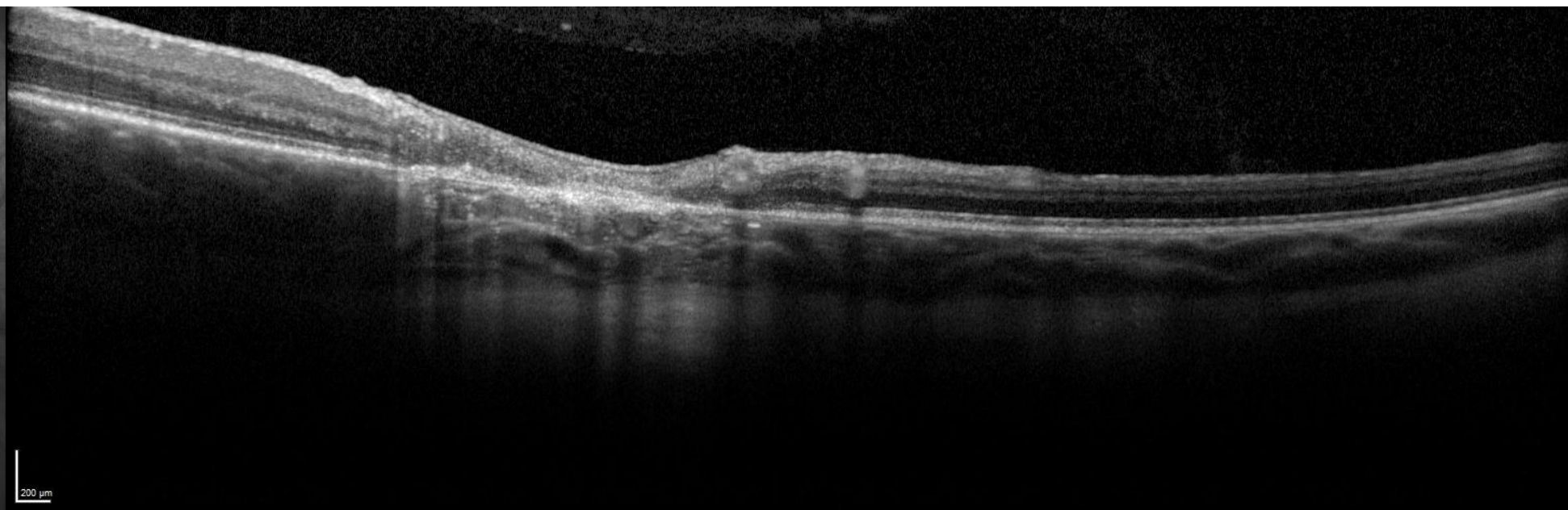
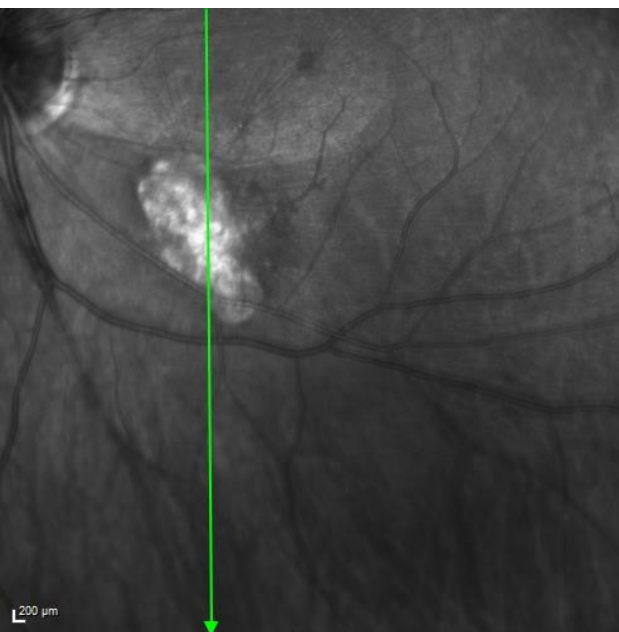
02/07/2013, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(29) Q: 39



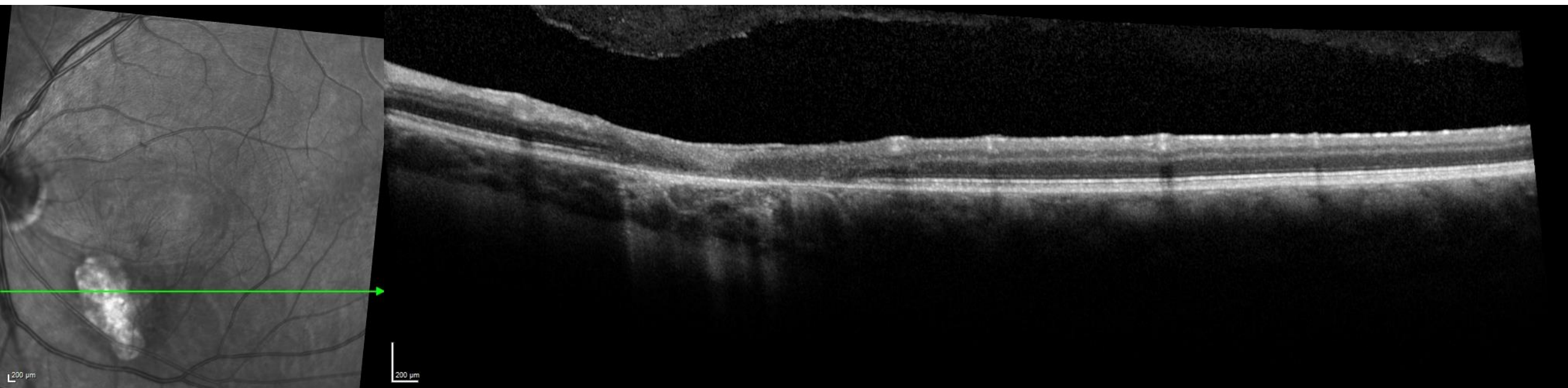
04/07/2013, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(9) Q: 25







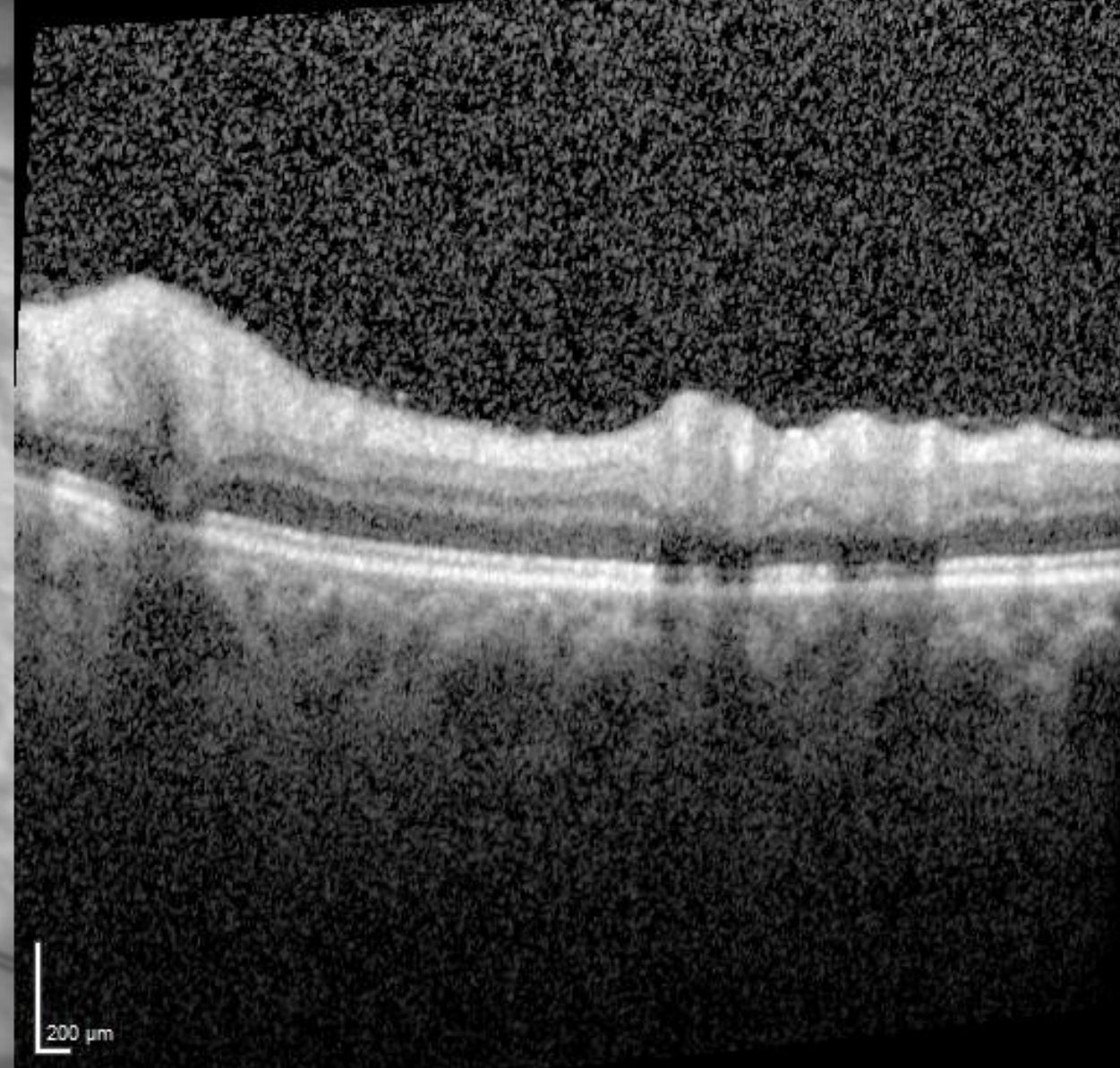
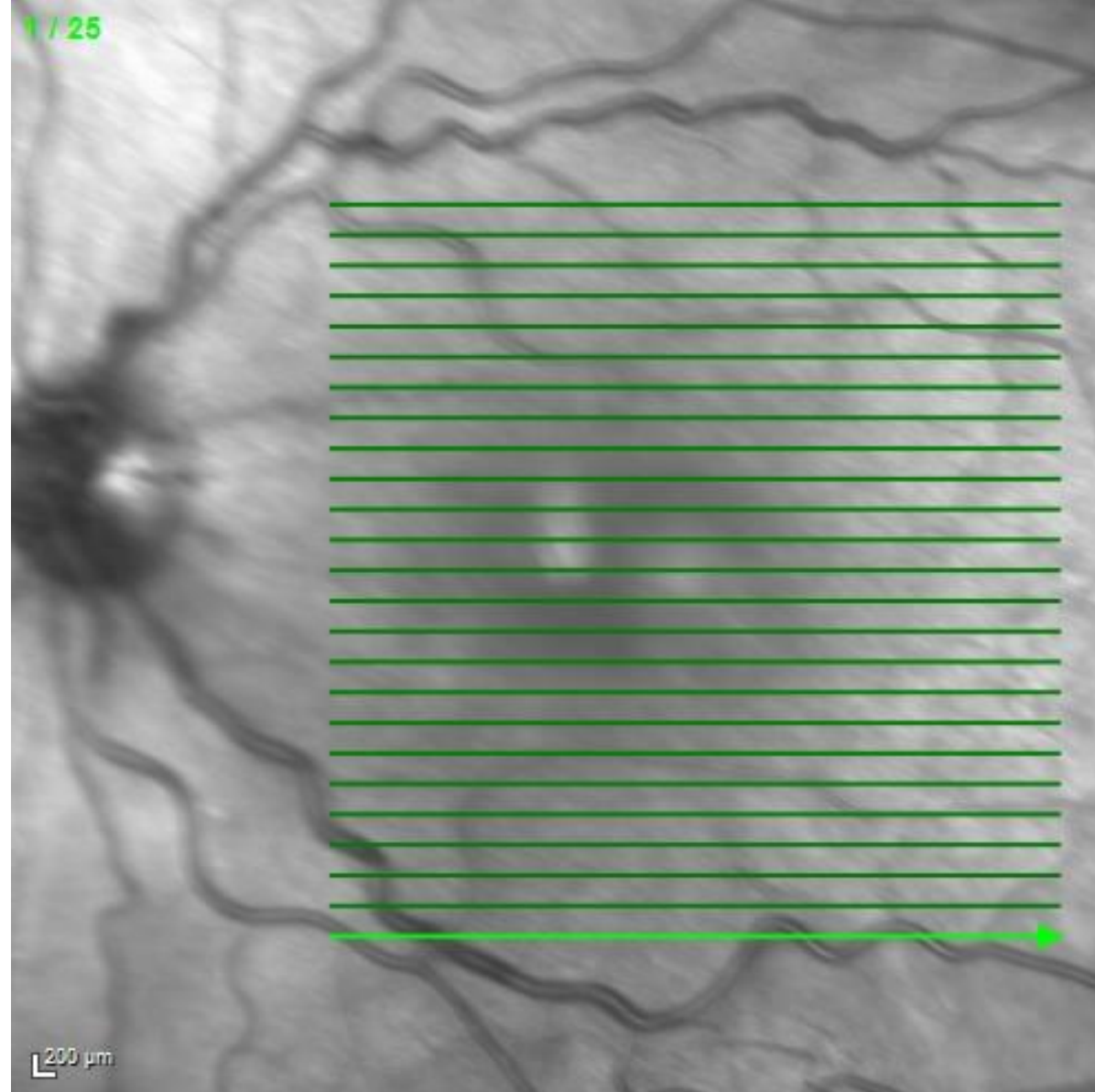
17/06/2014, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(24) Q: 33



16/05/2014, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(9) Q: 36

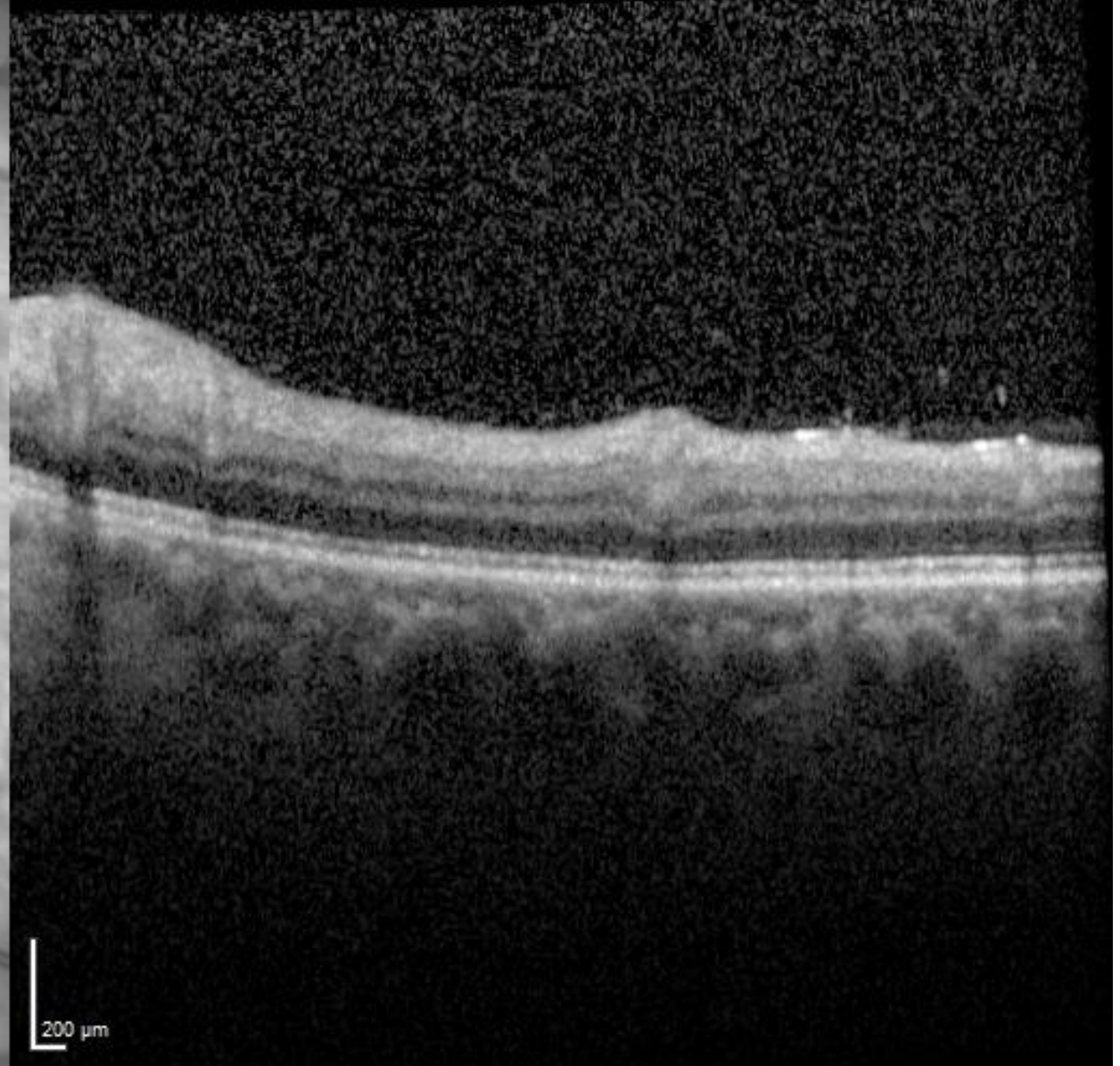
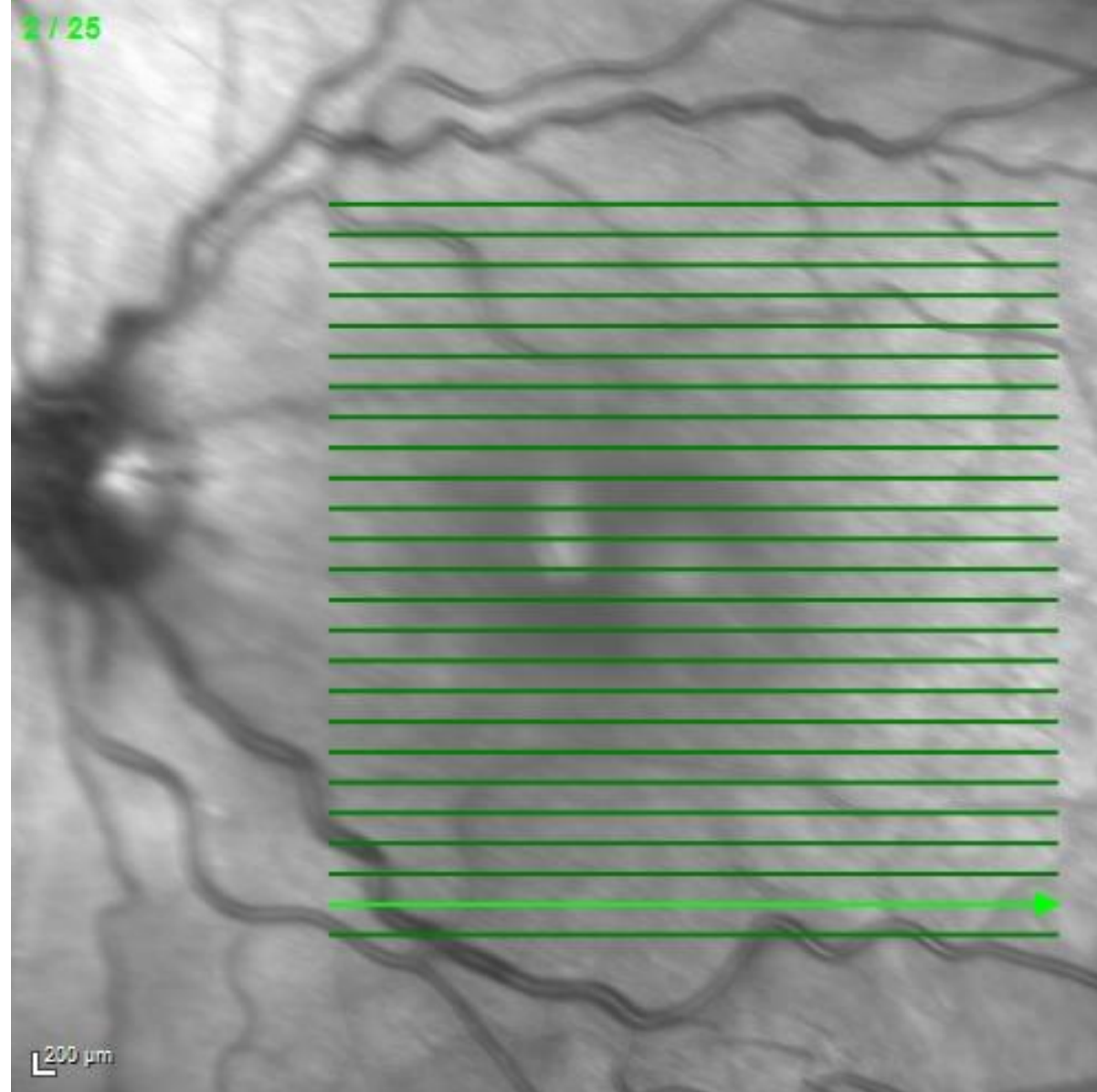
N°3





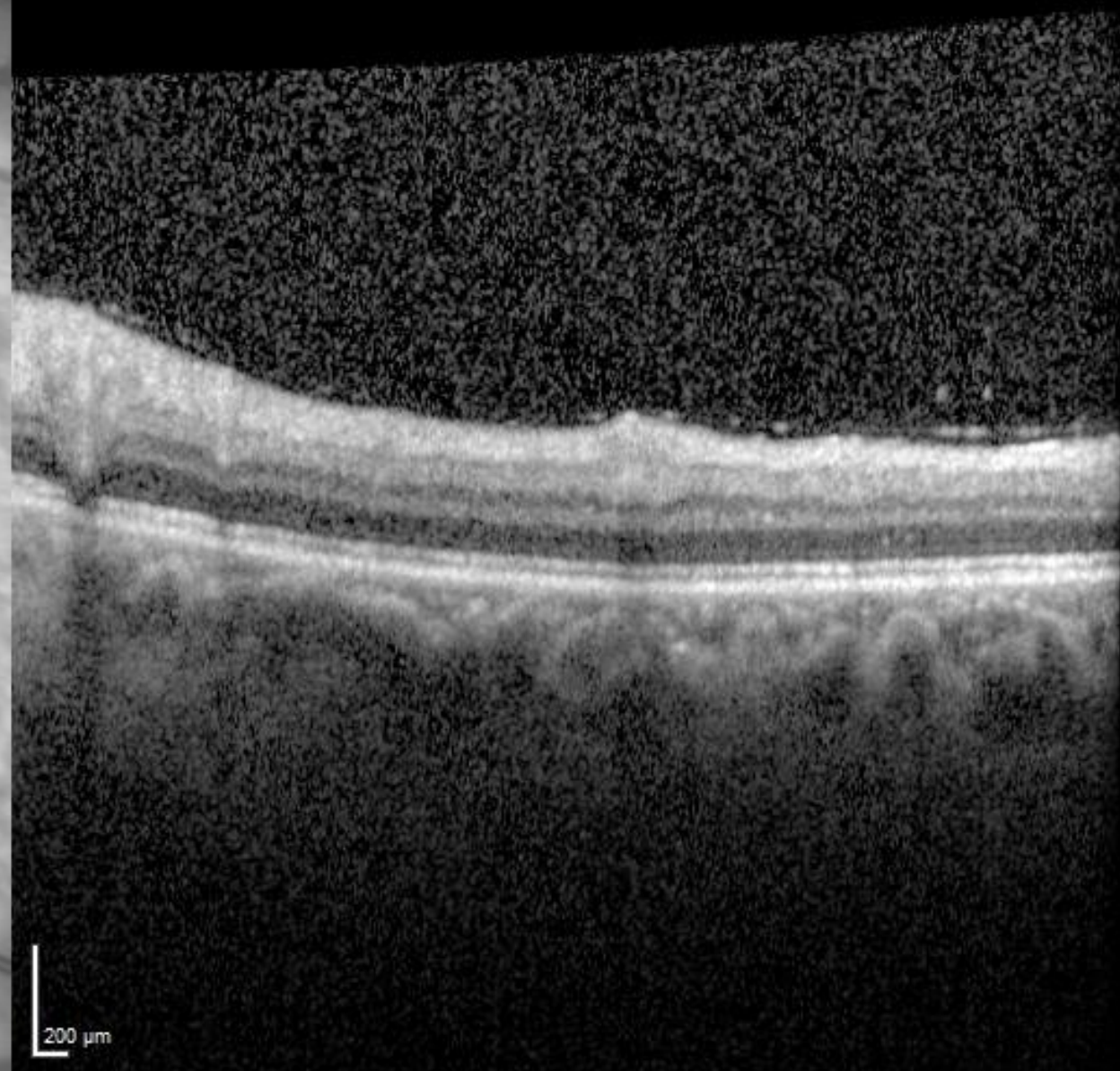
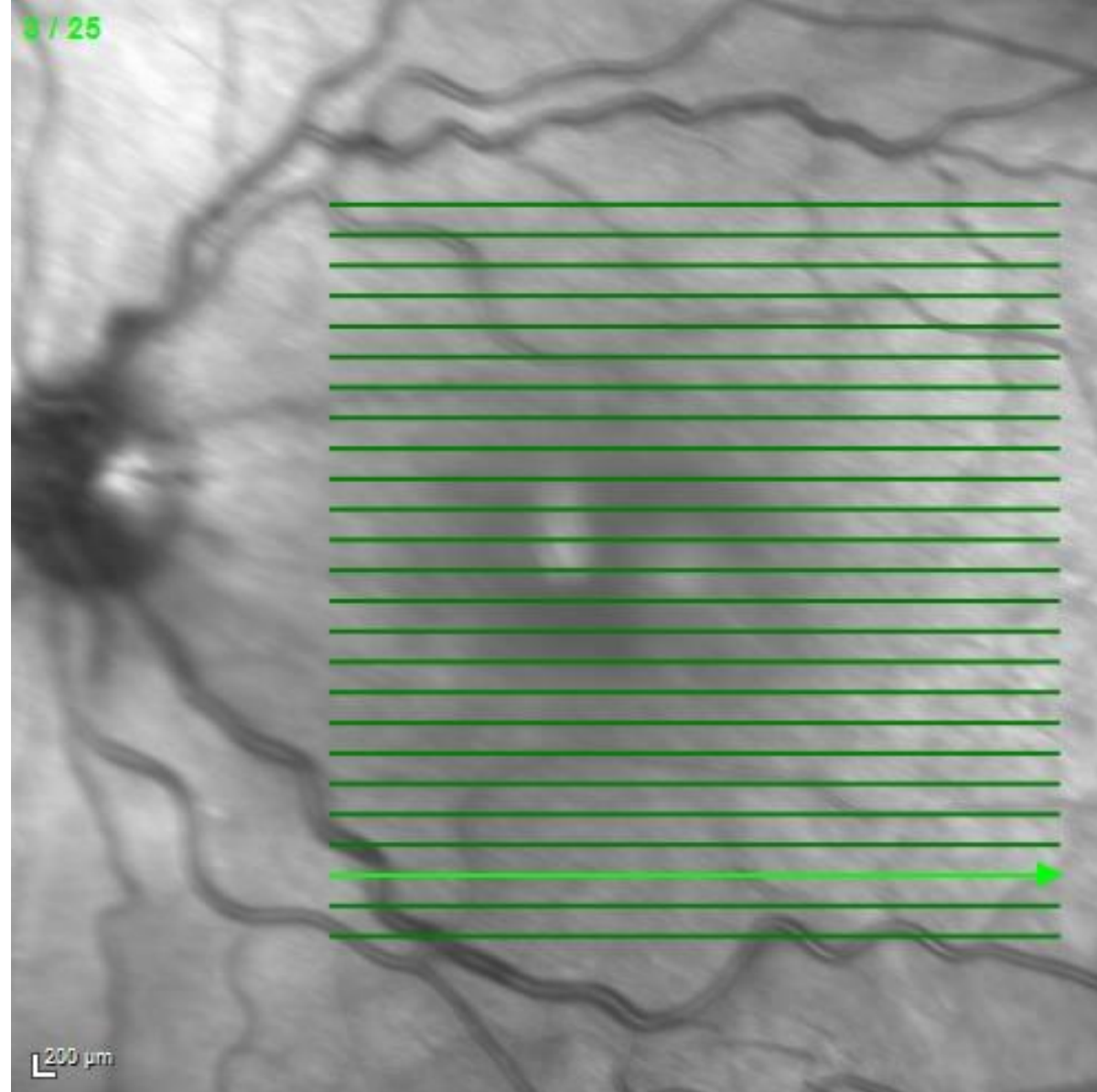
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(7) Q: 17



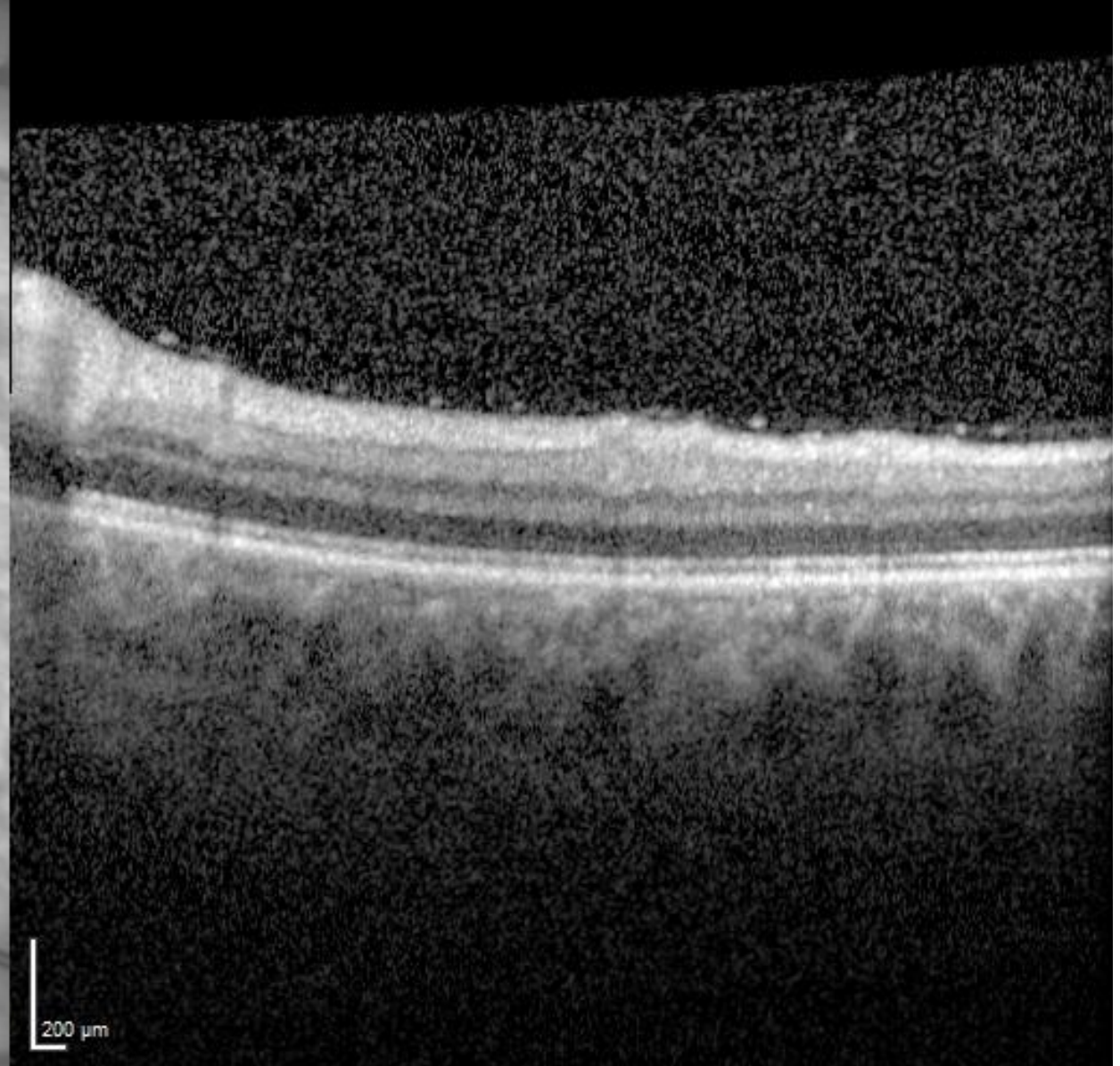
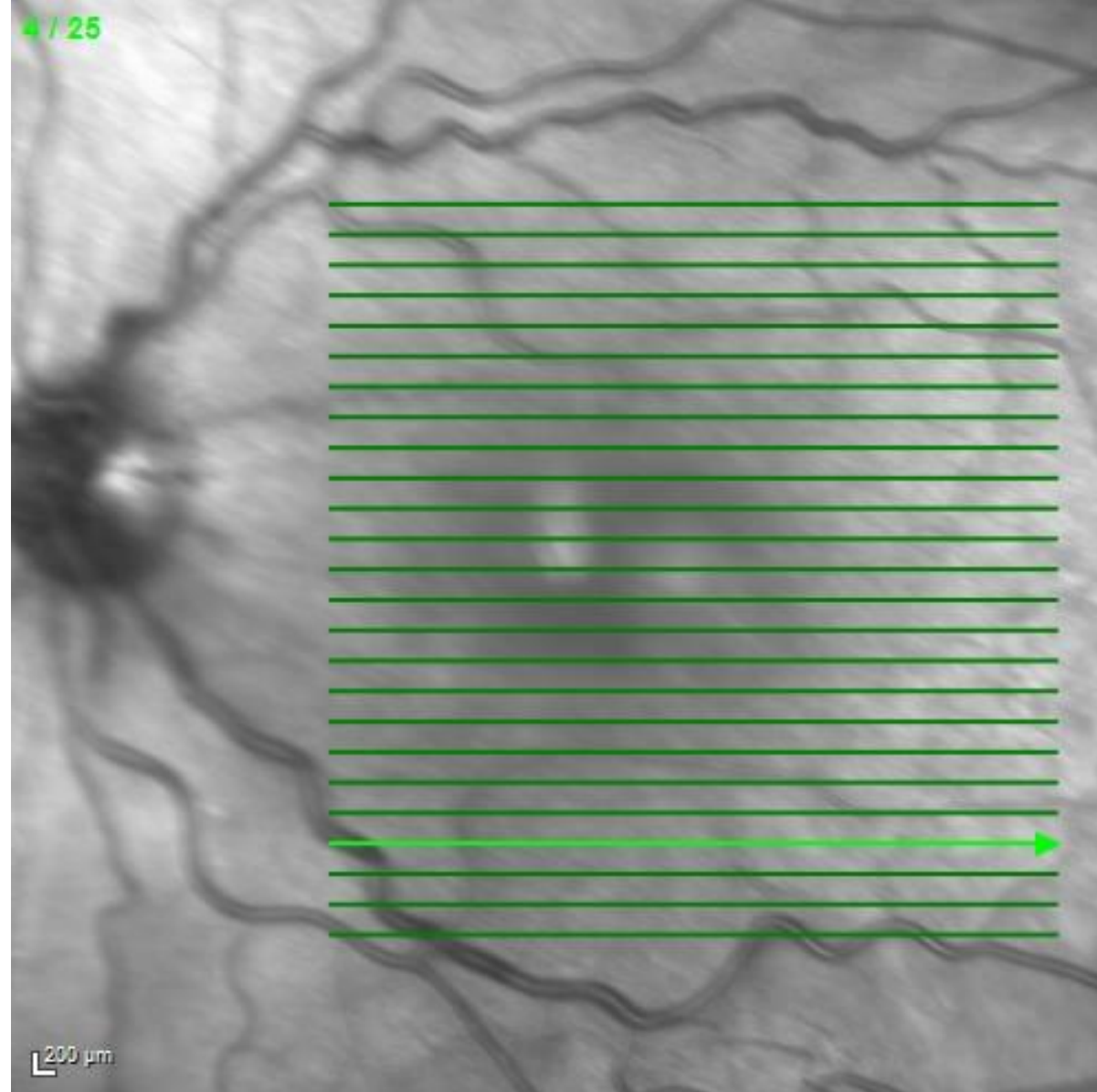
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(9) Q: 22



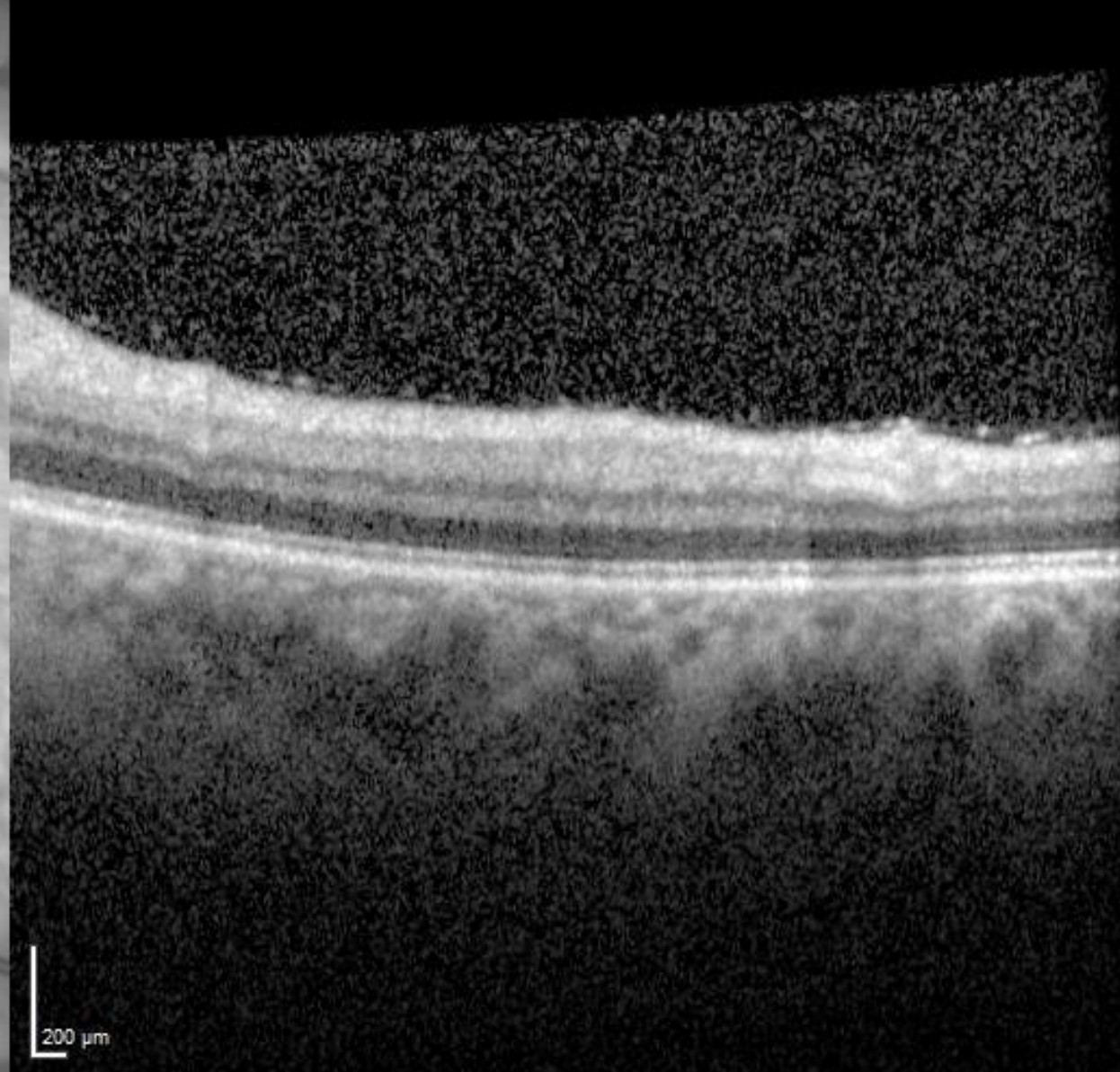
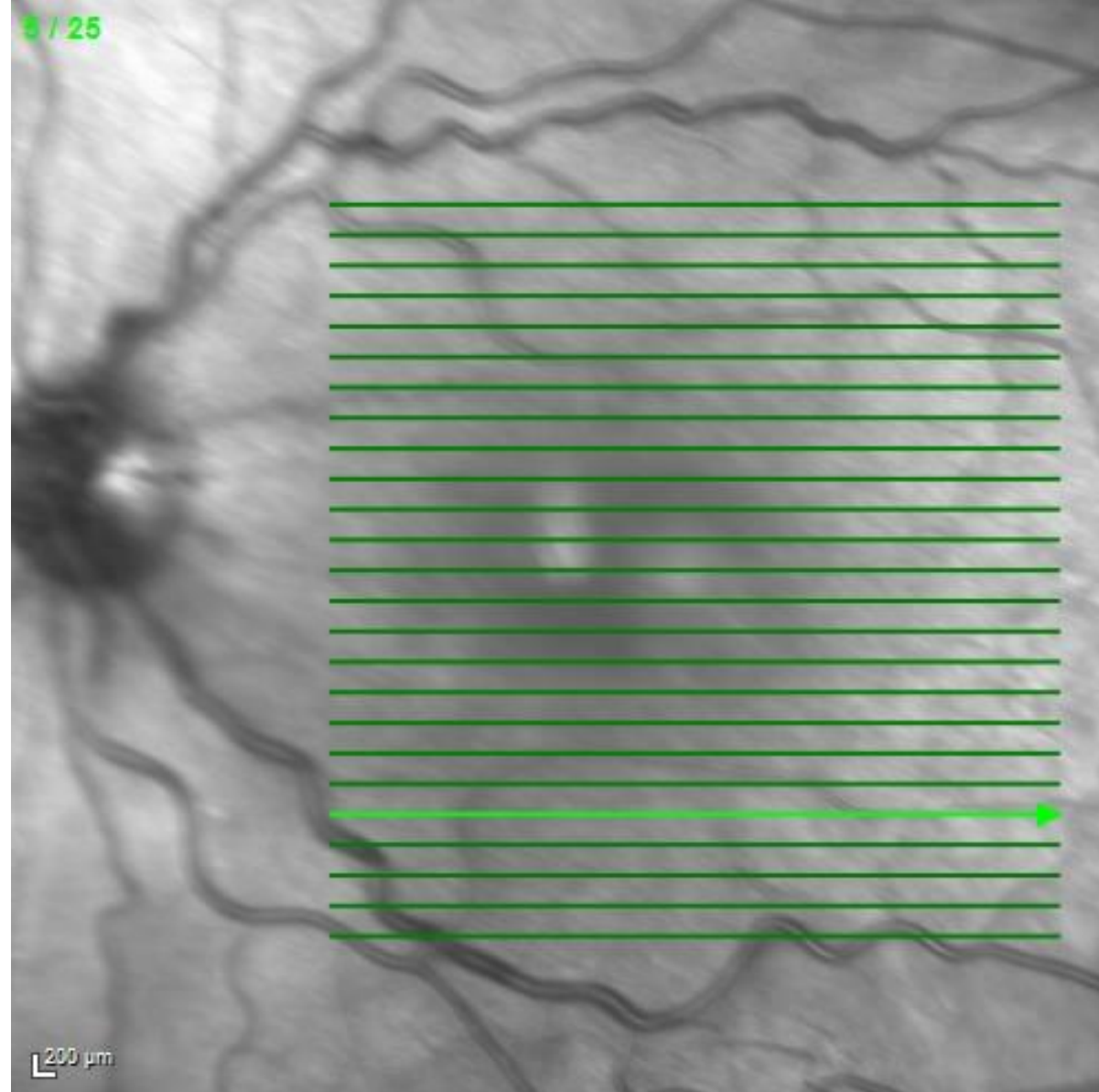
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 20



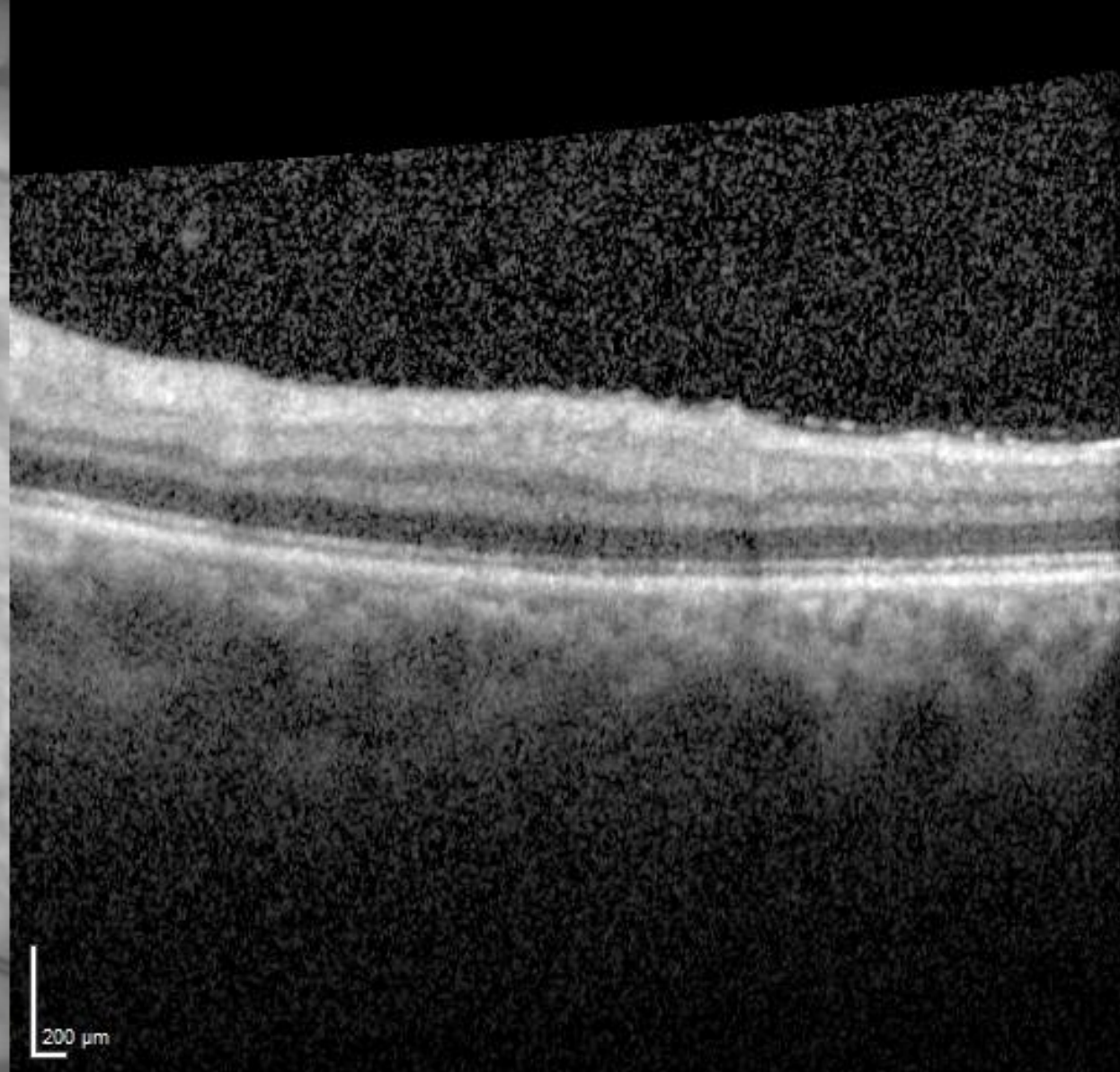
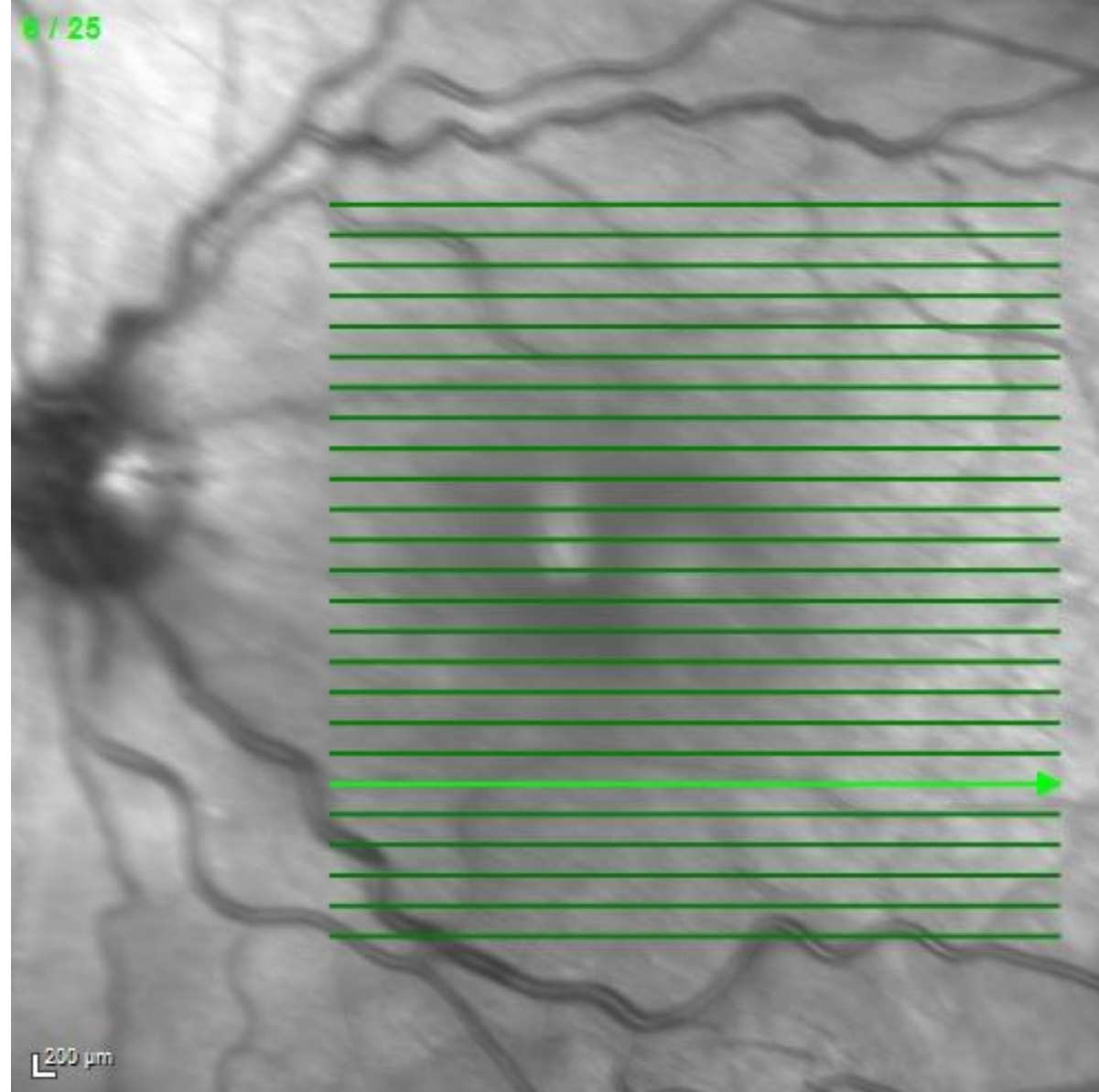
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(8) Q: 18



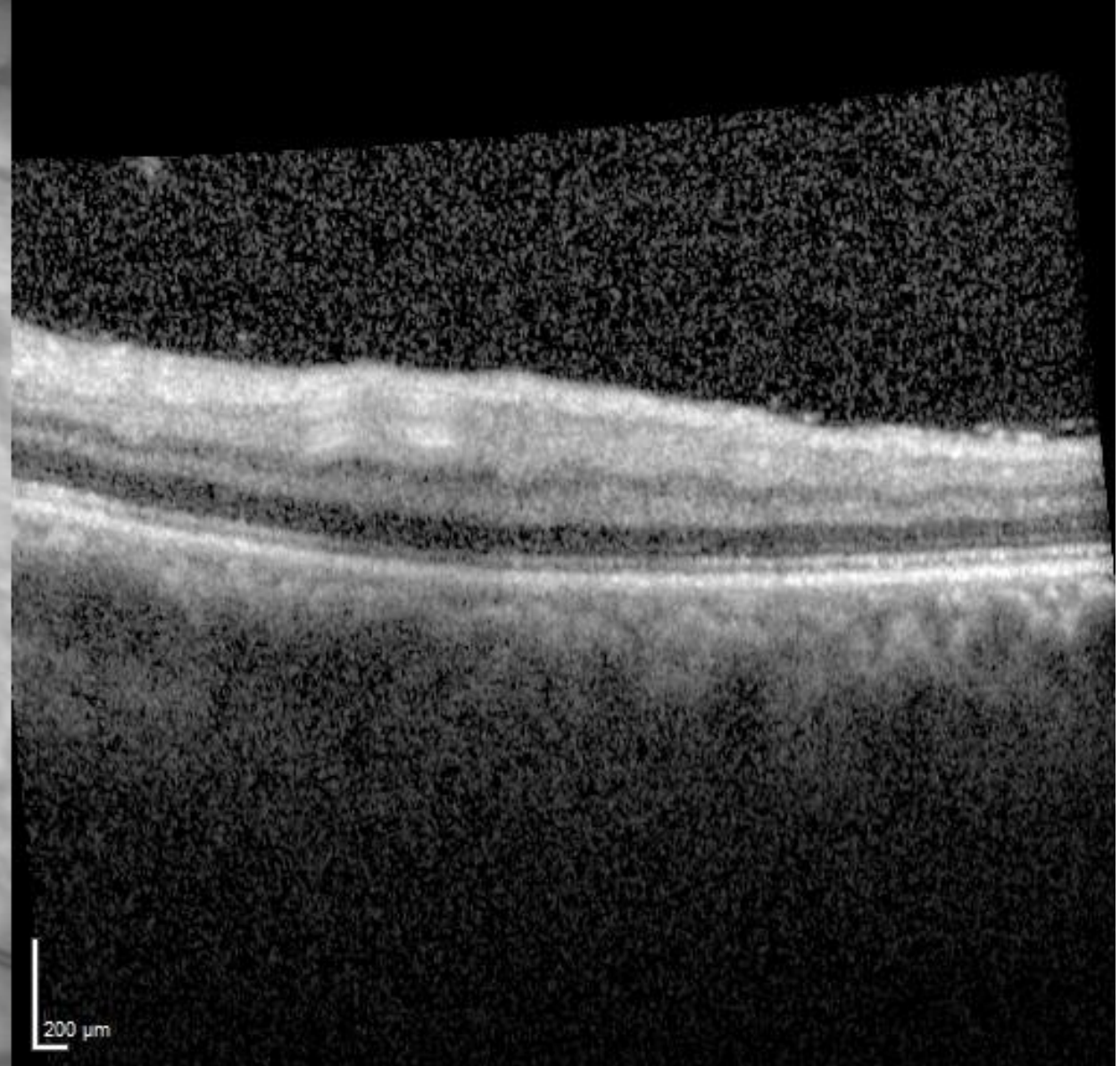
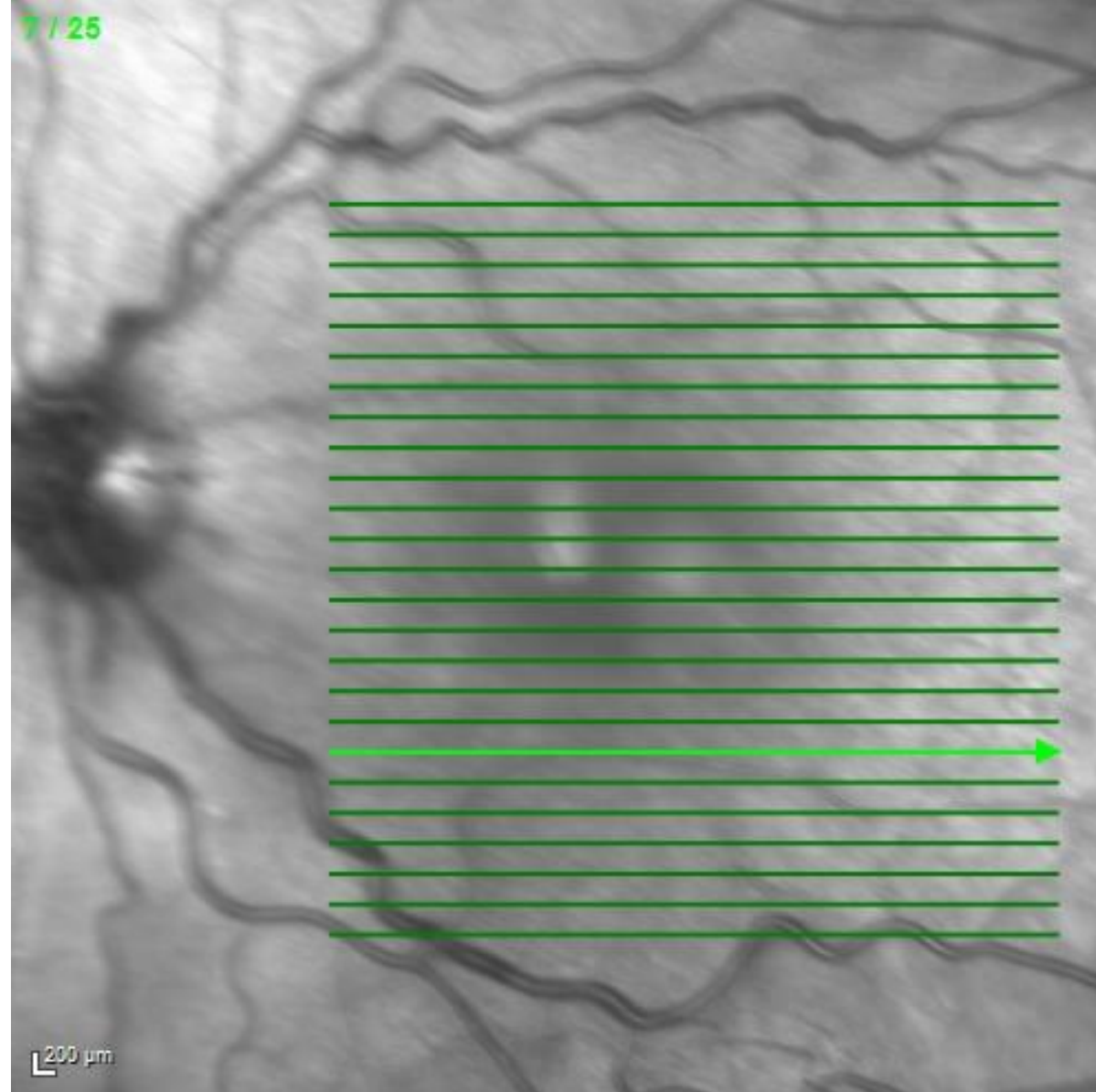
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(11) Q: 18



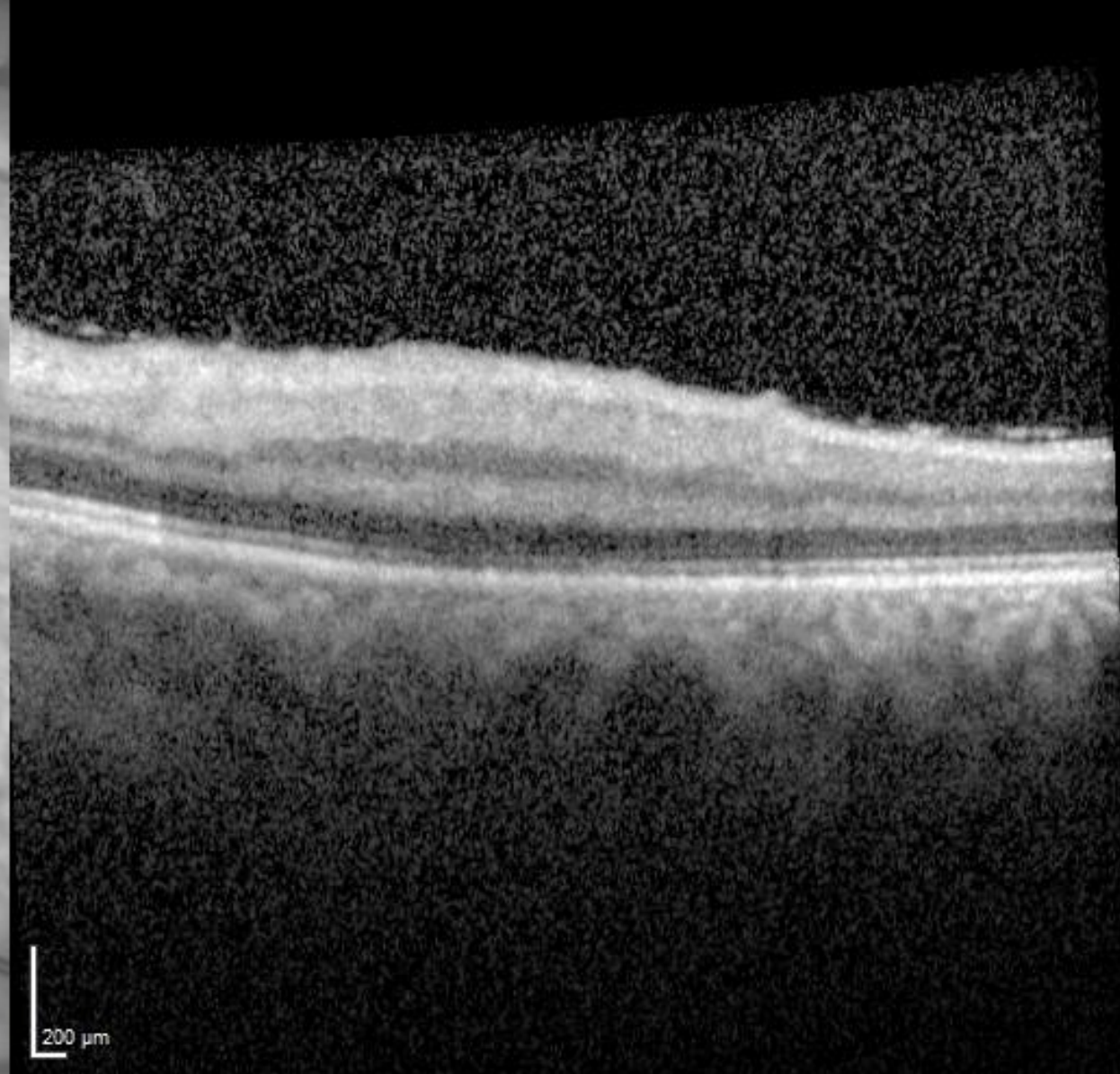
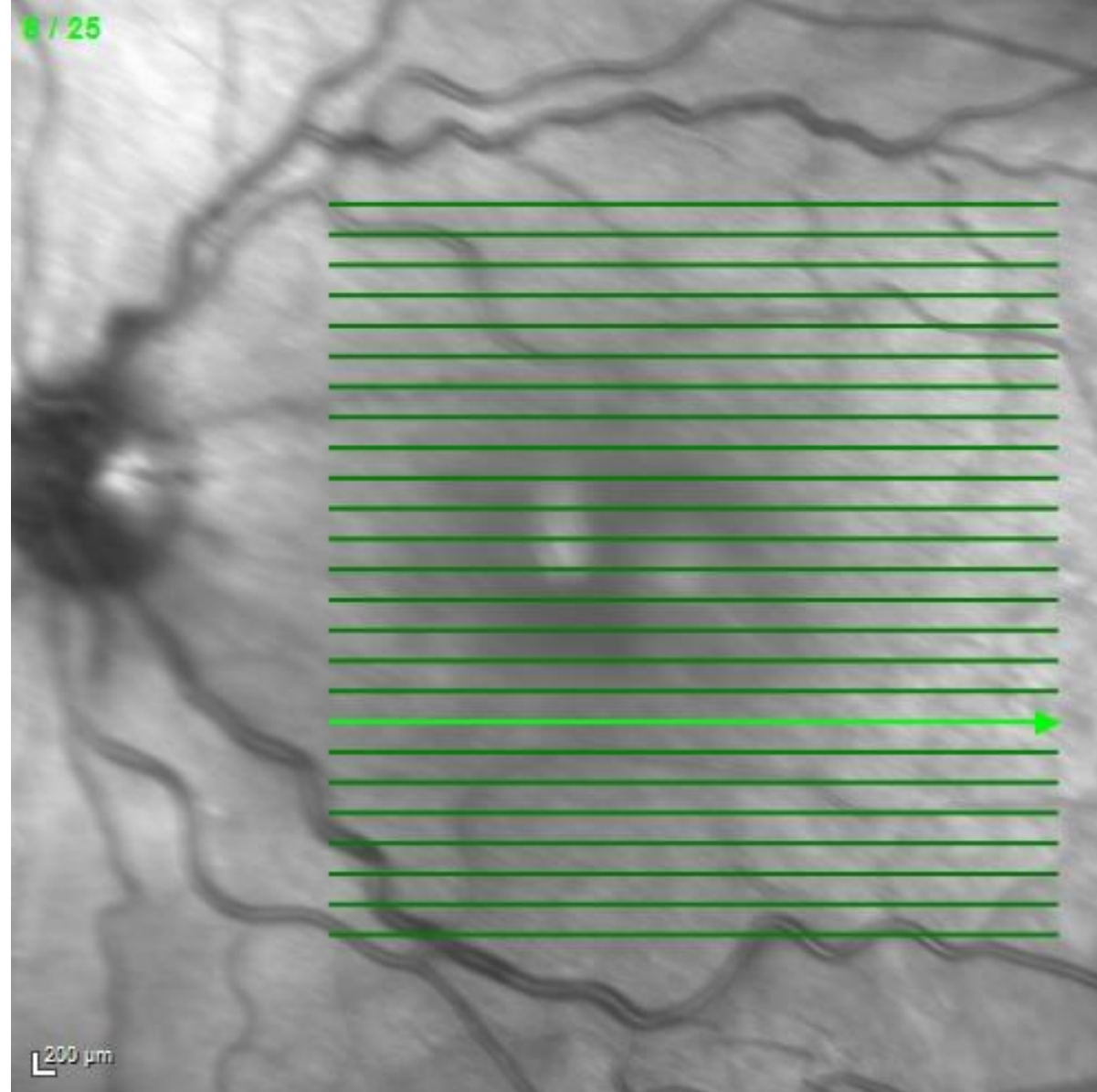
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(9) Q: 21



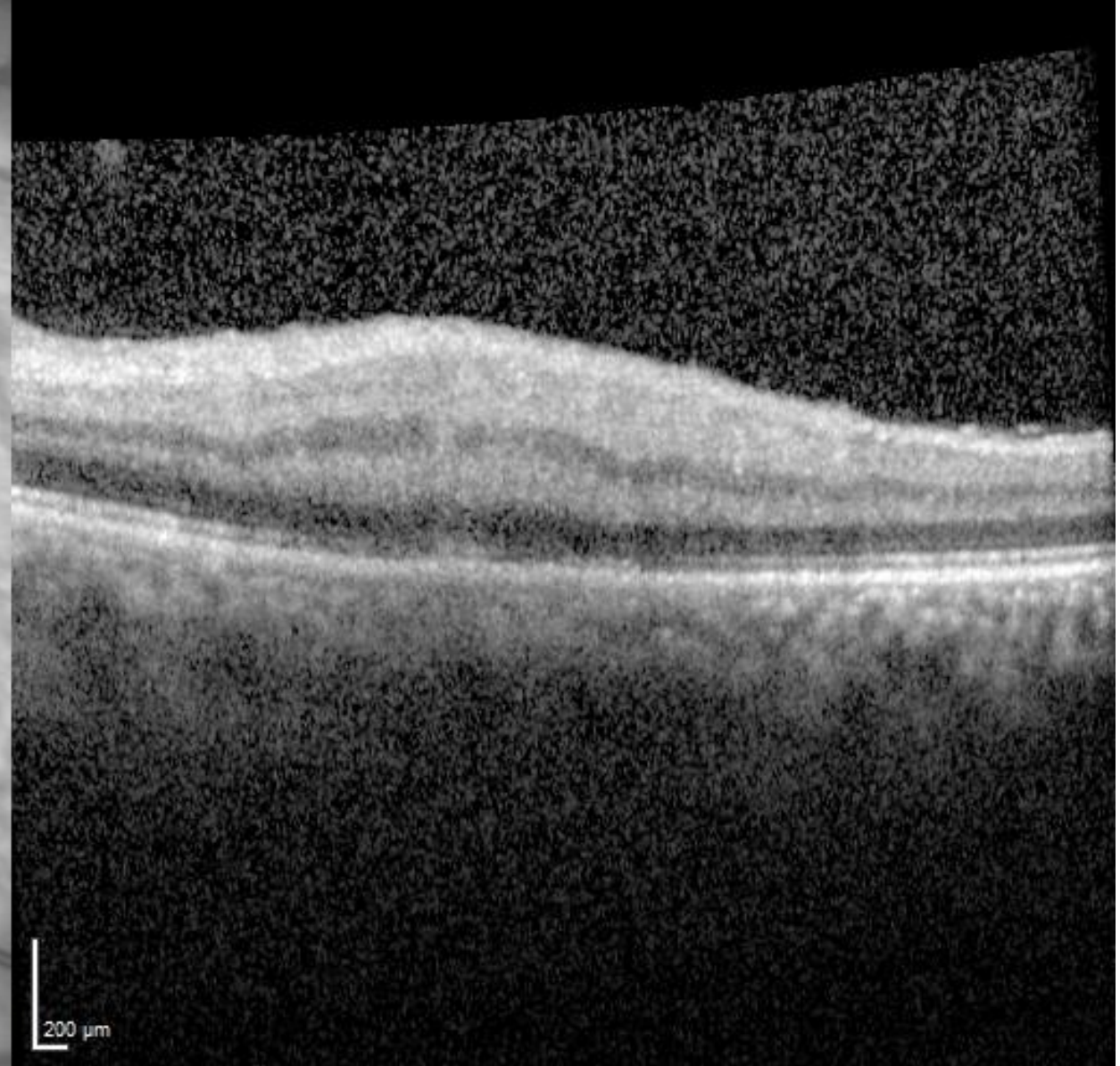
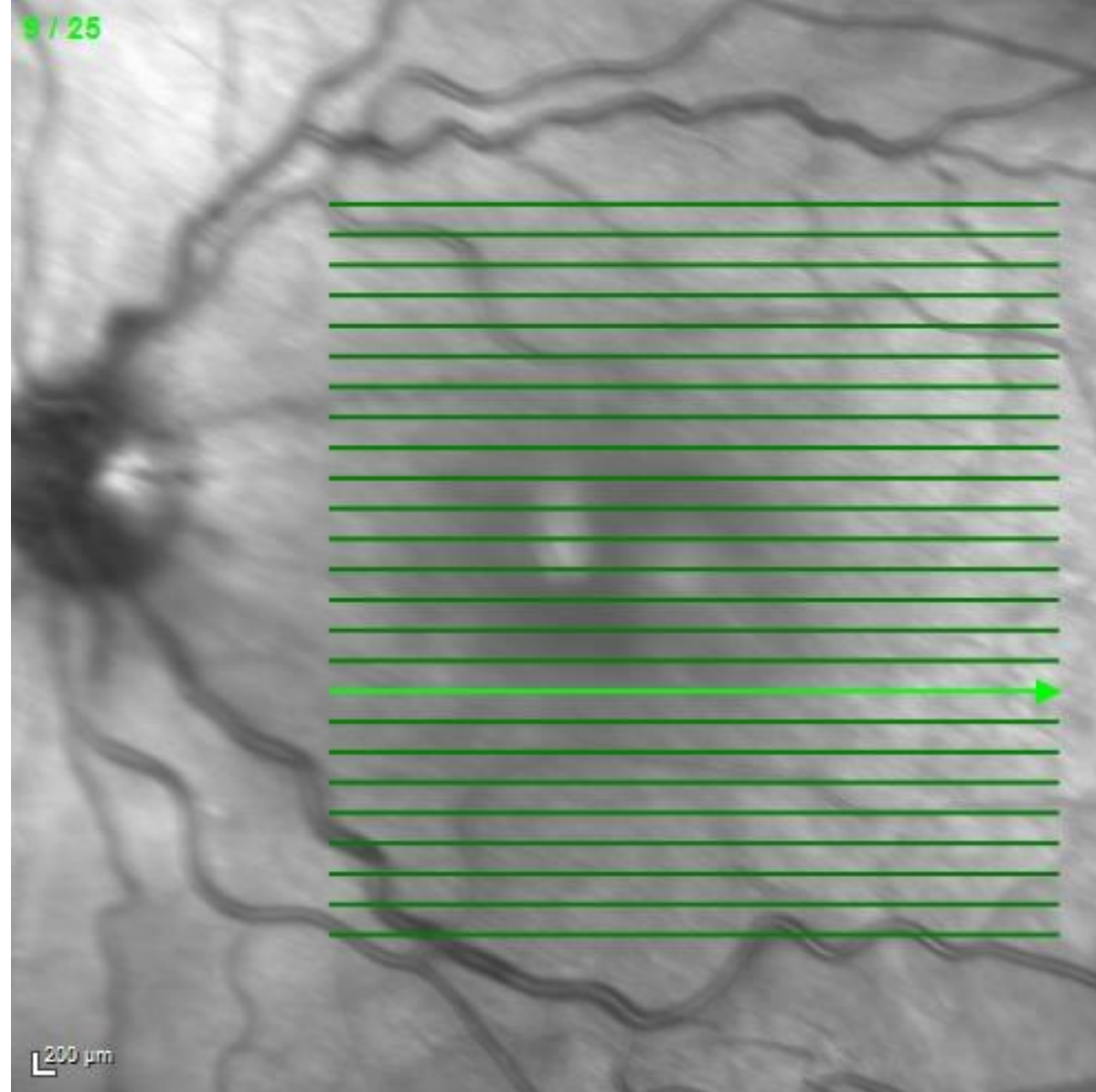
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(7) Q: 21



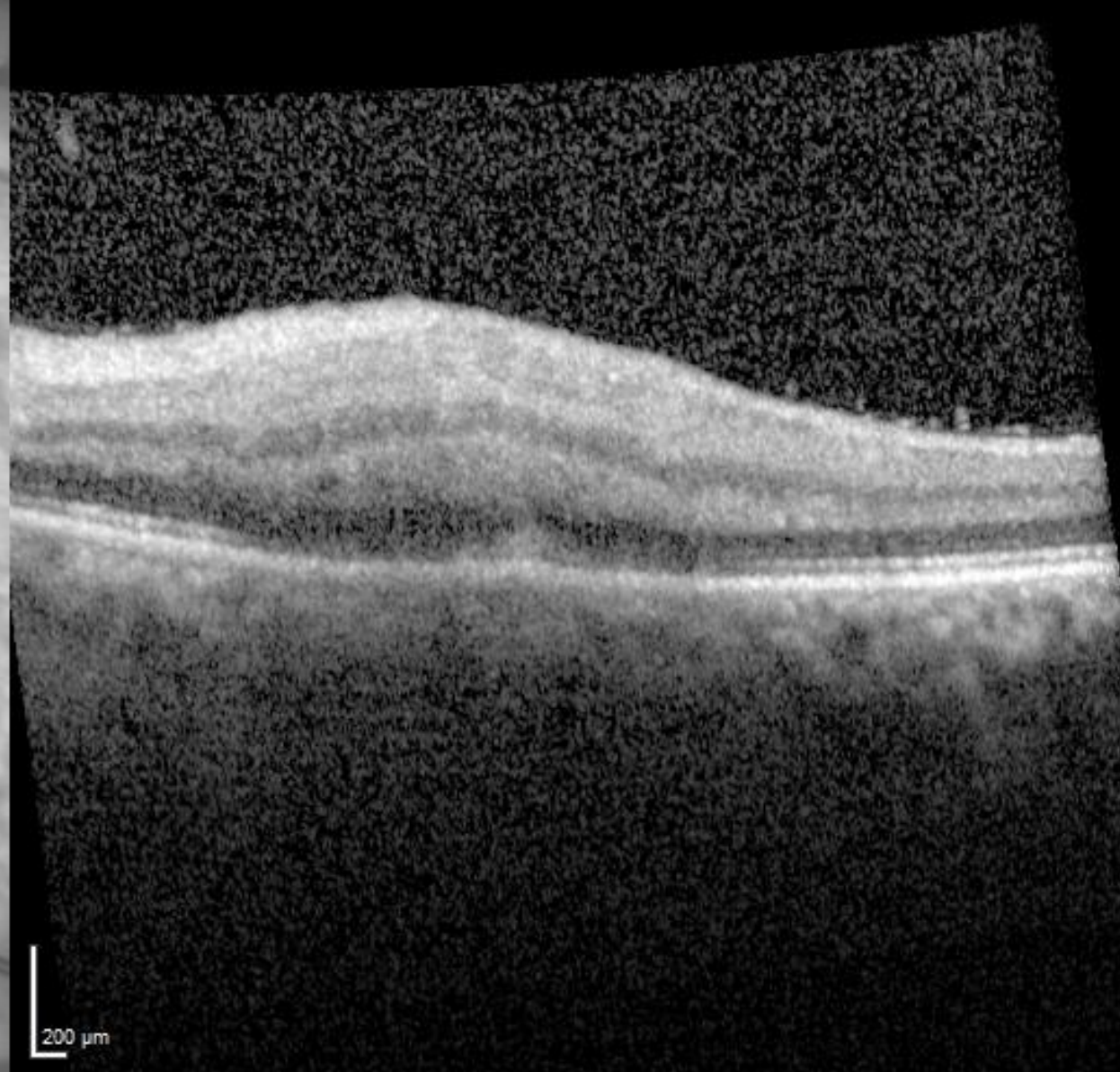
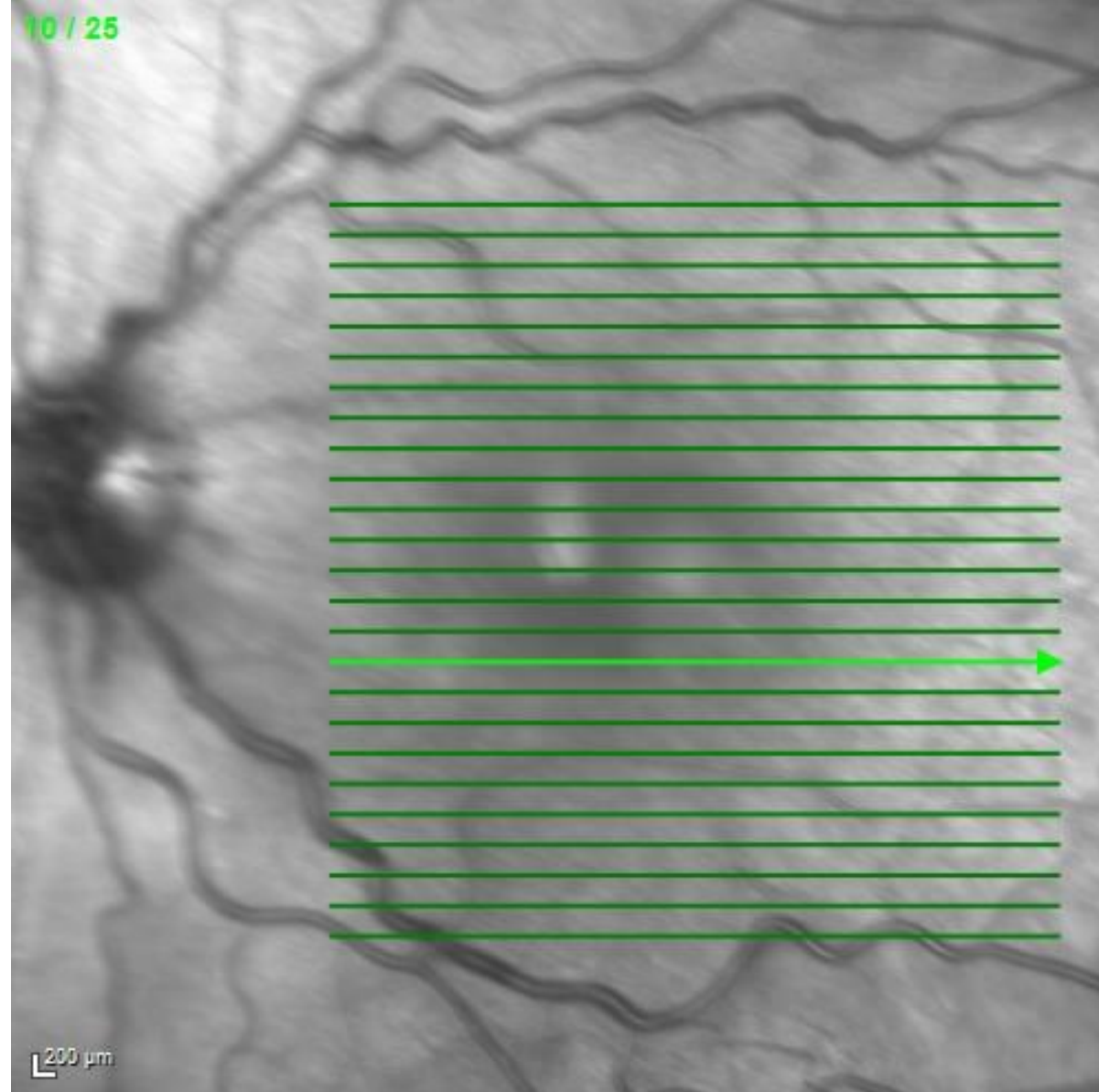
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 17



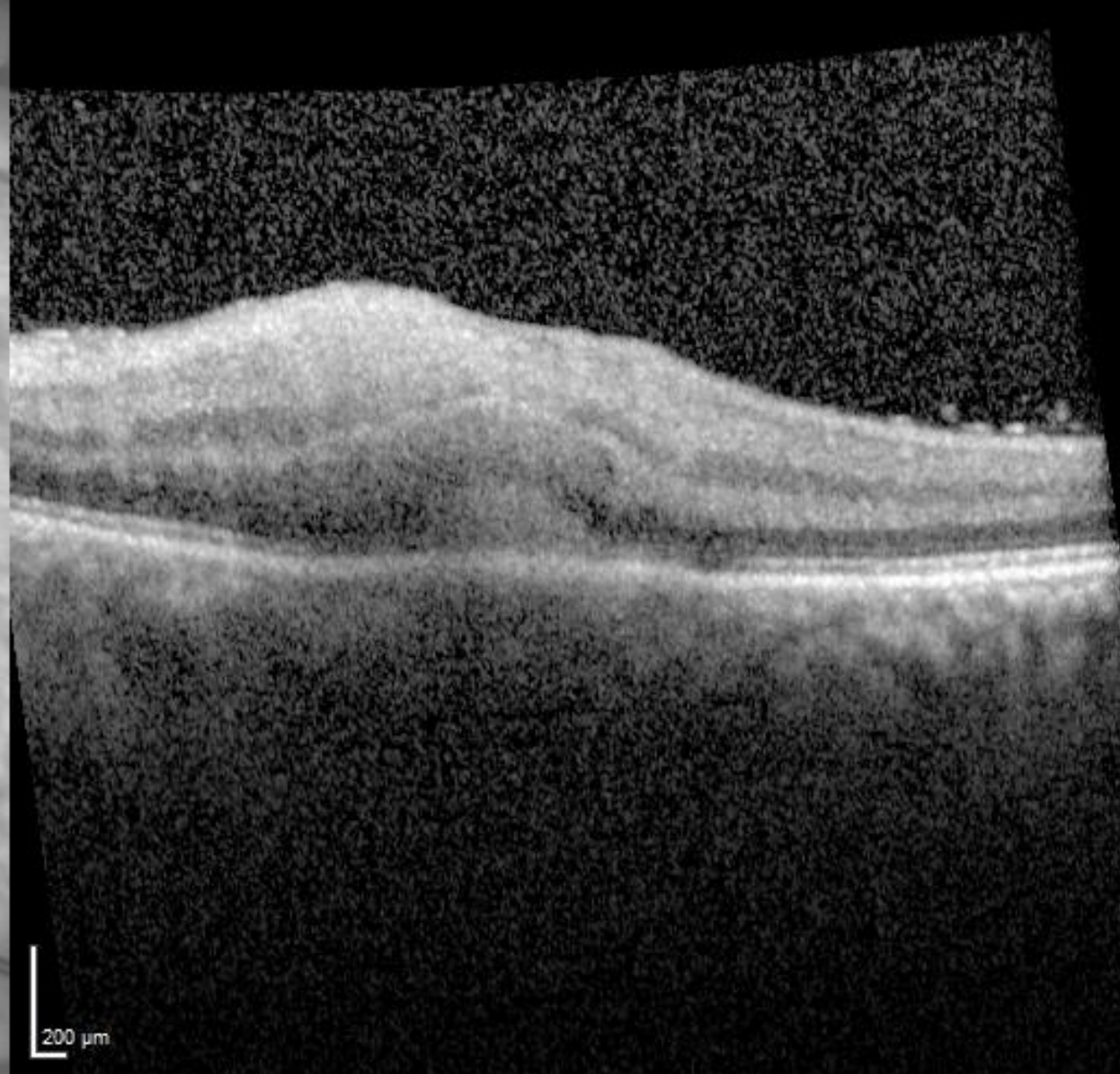
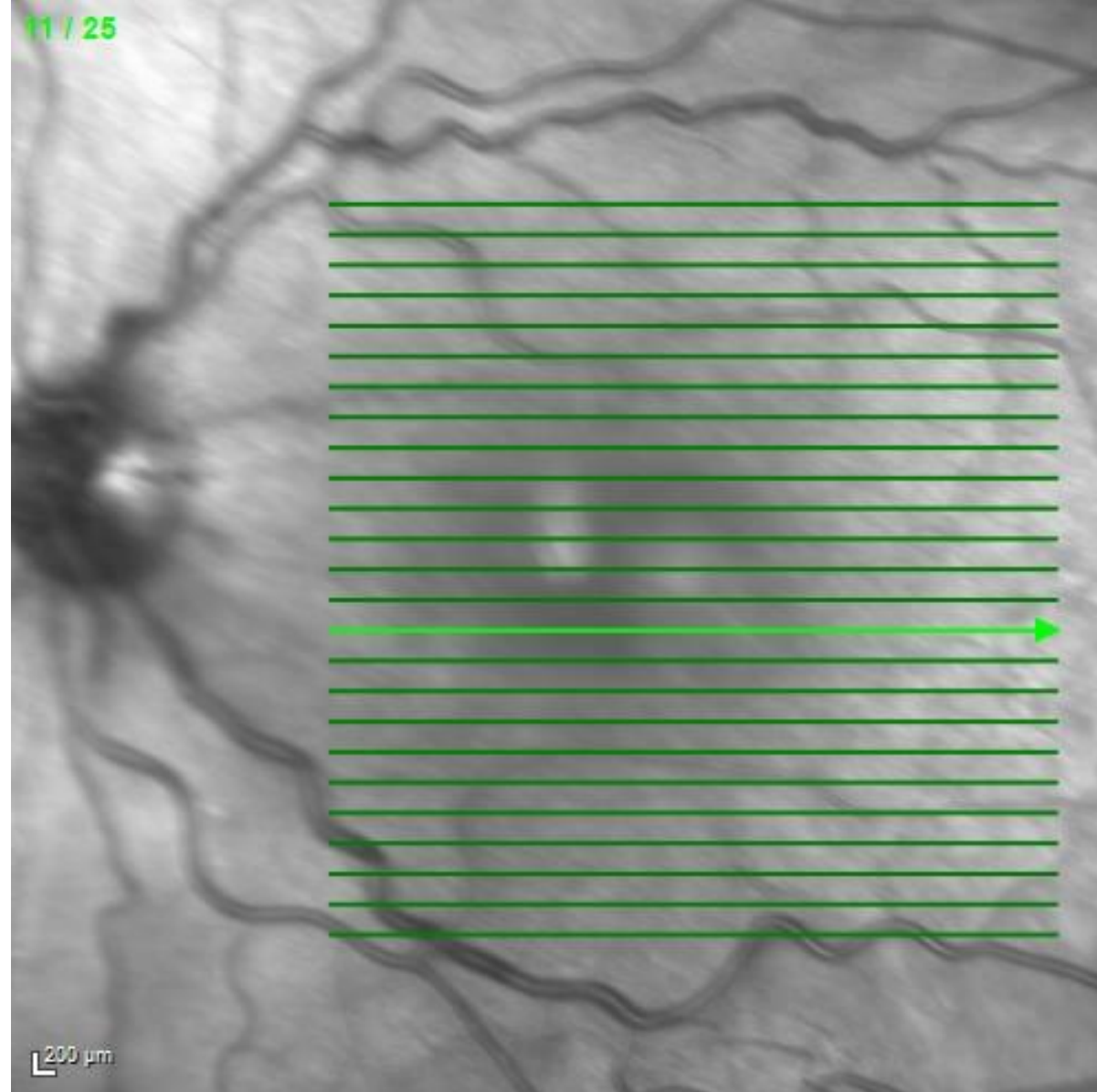
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(8) Q: 17



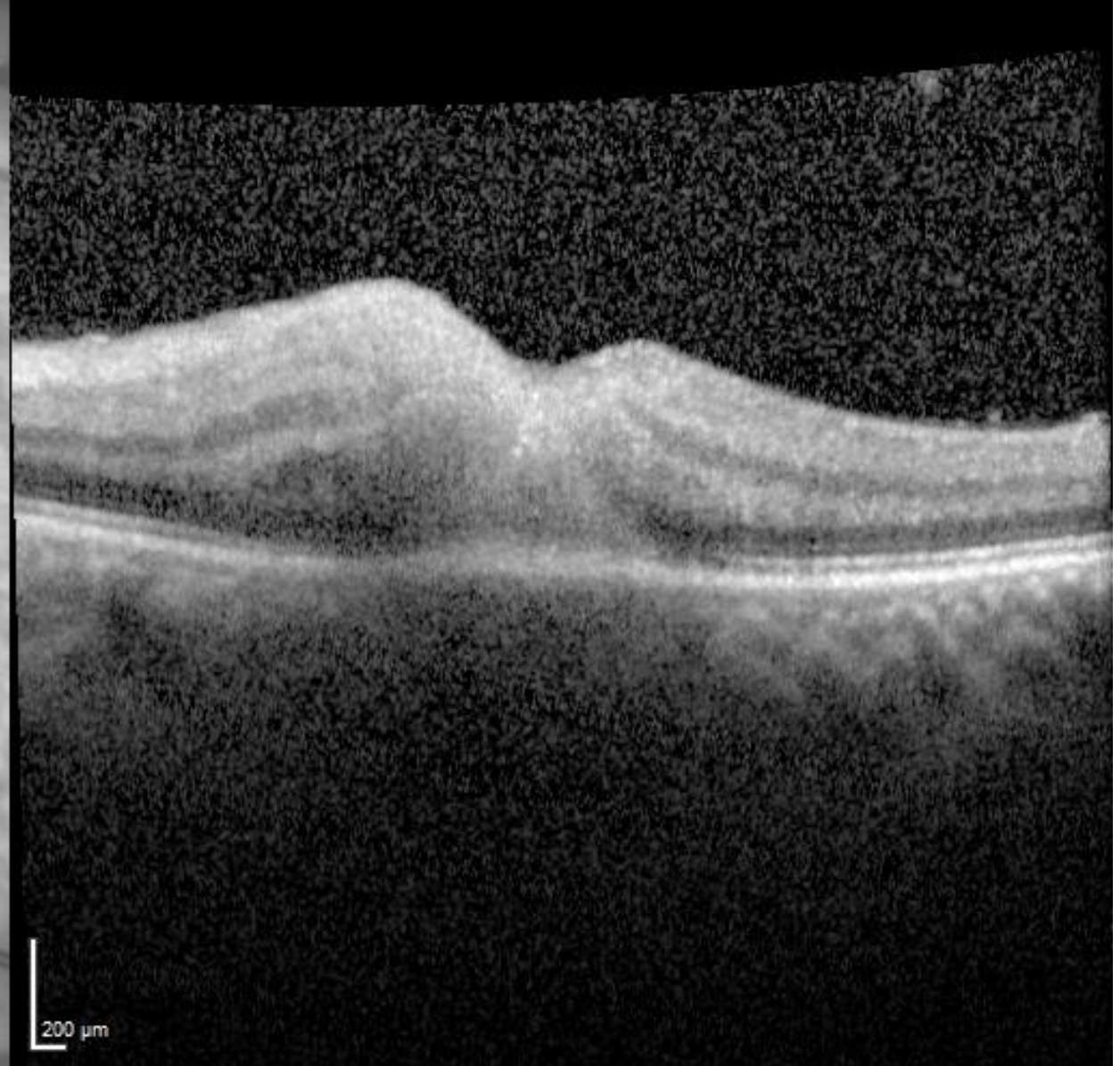
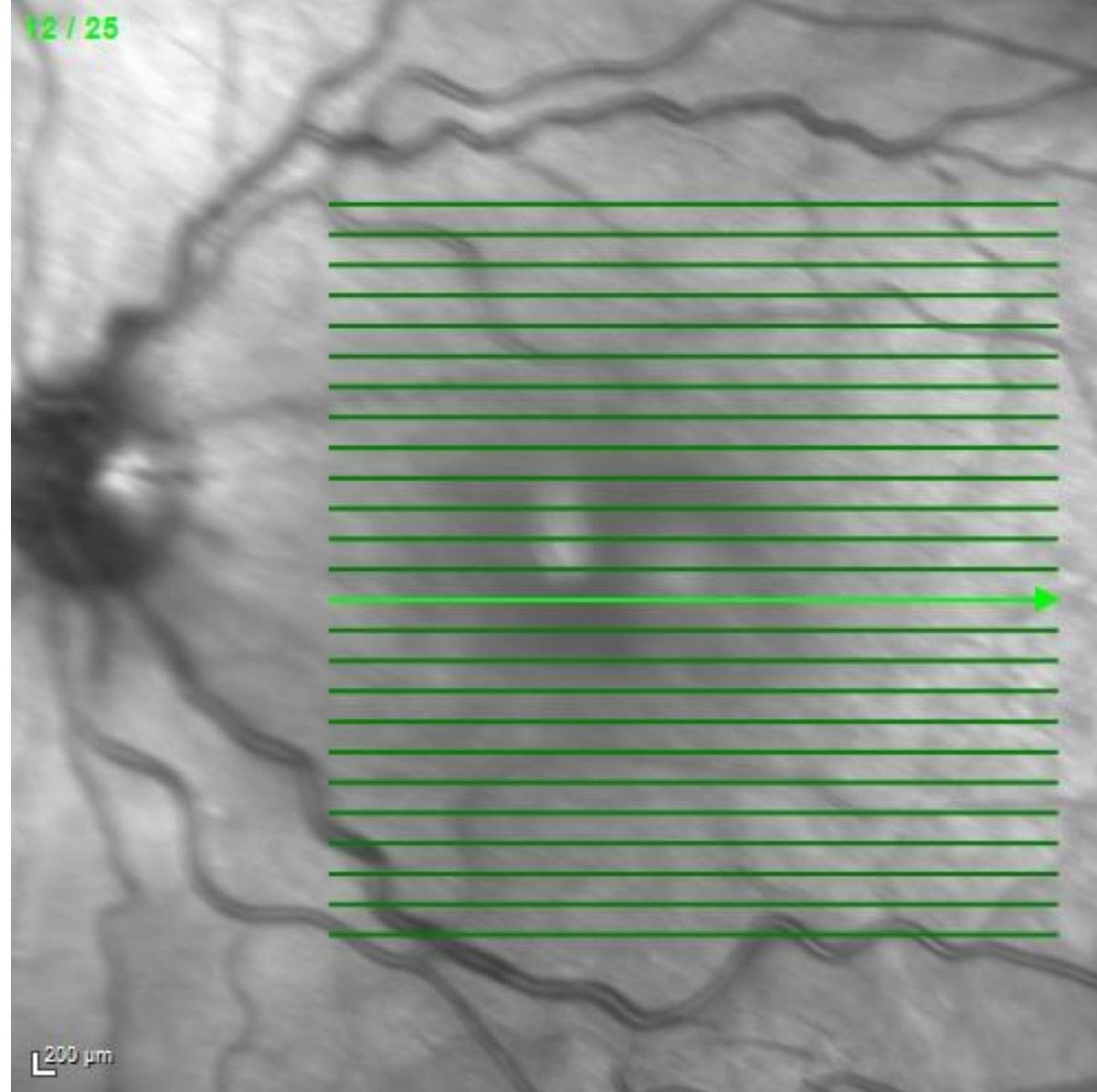
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 17



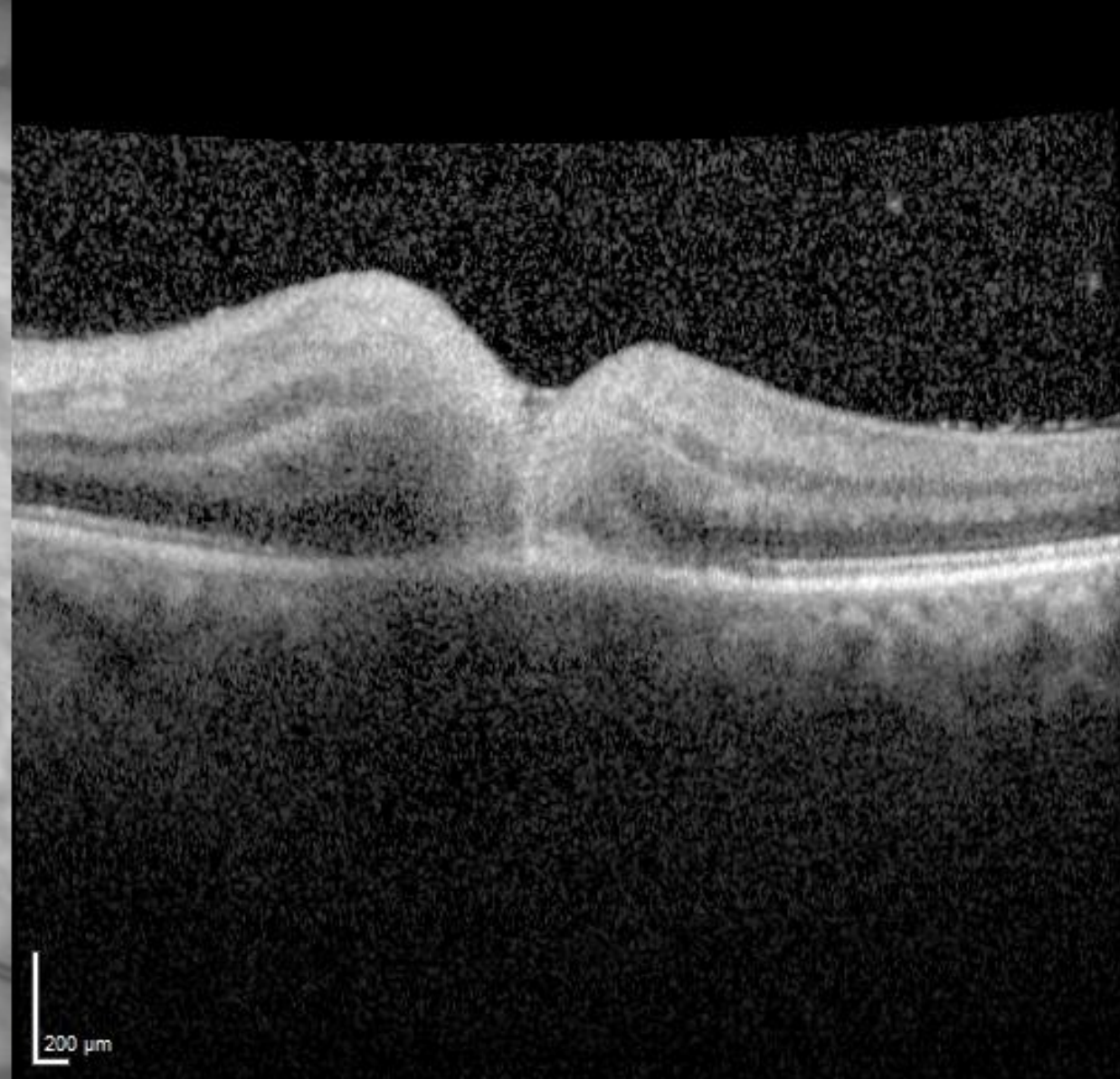
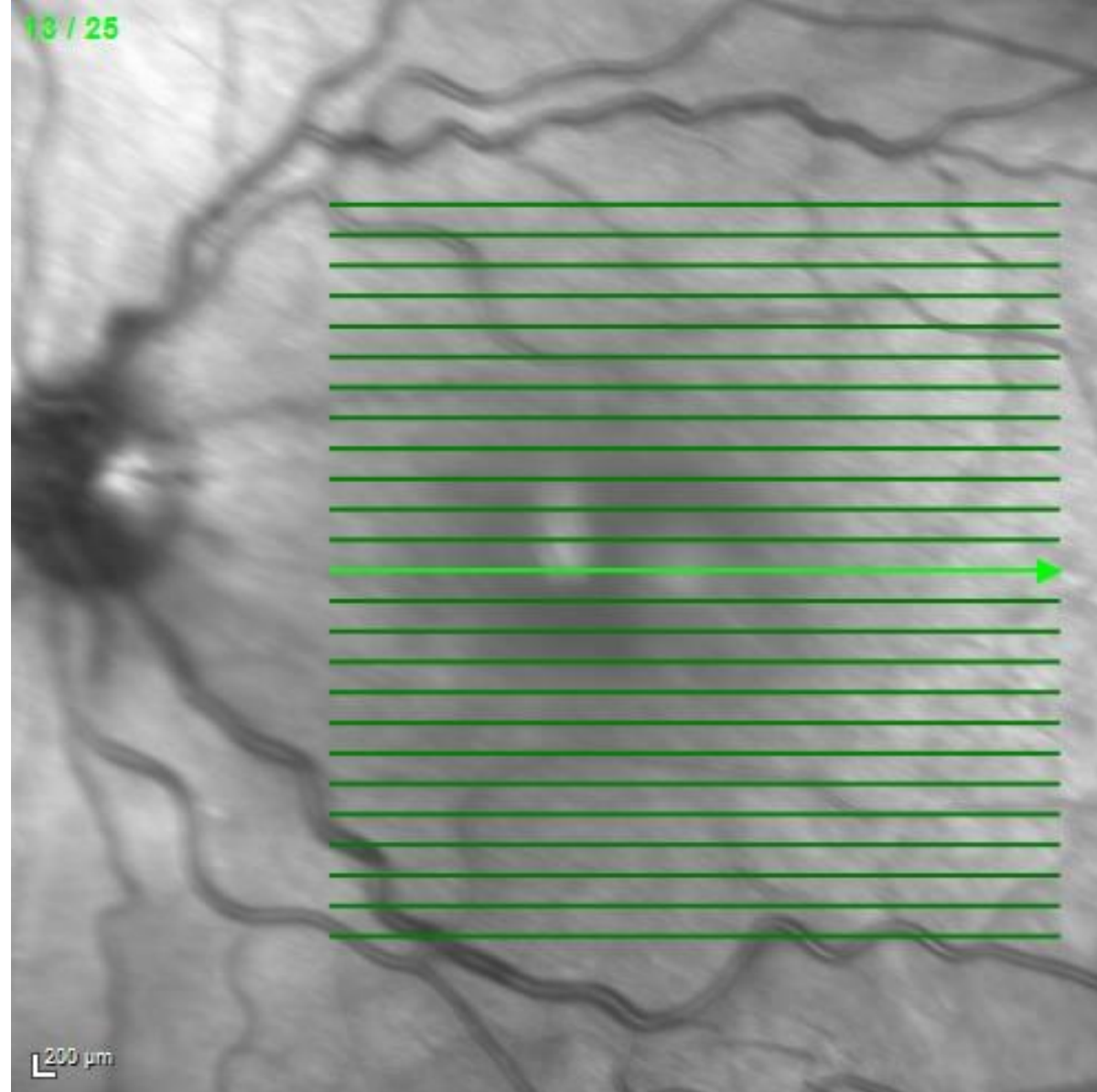
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(8) Q: 21



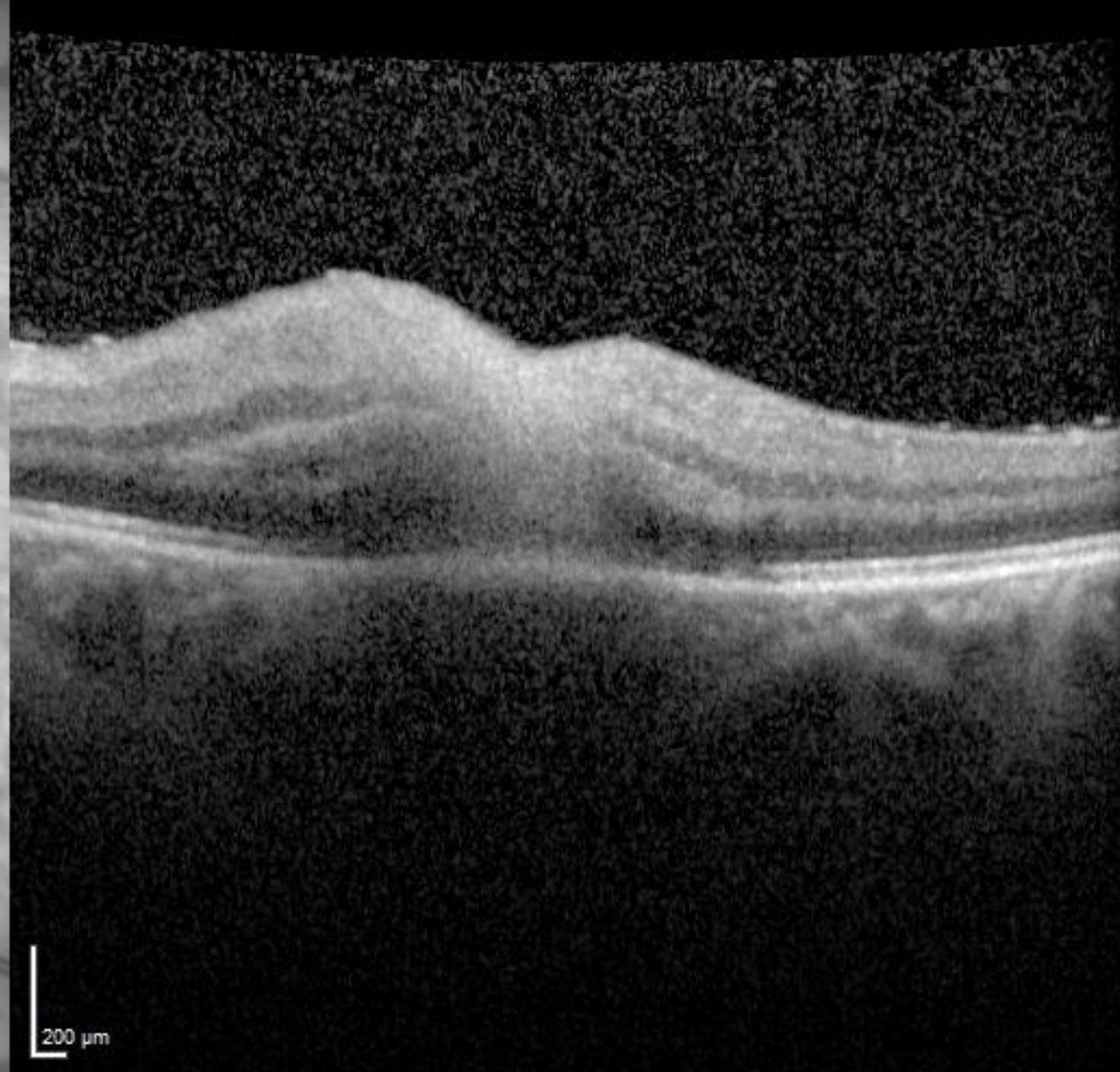
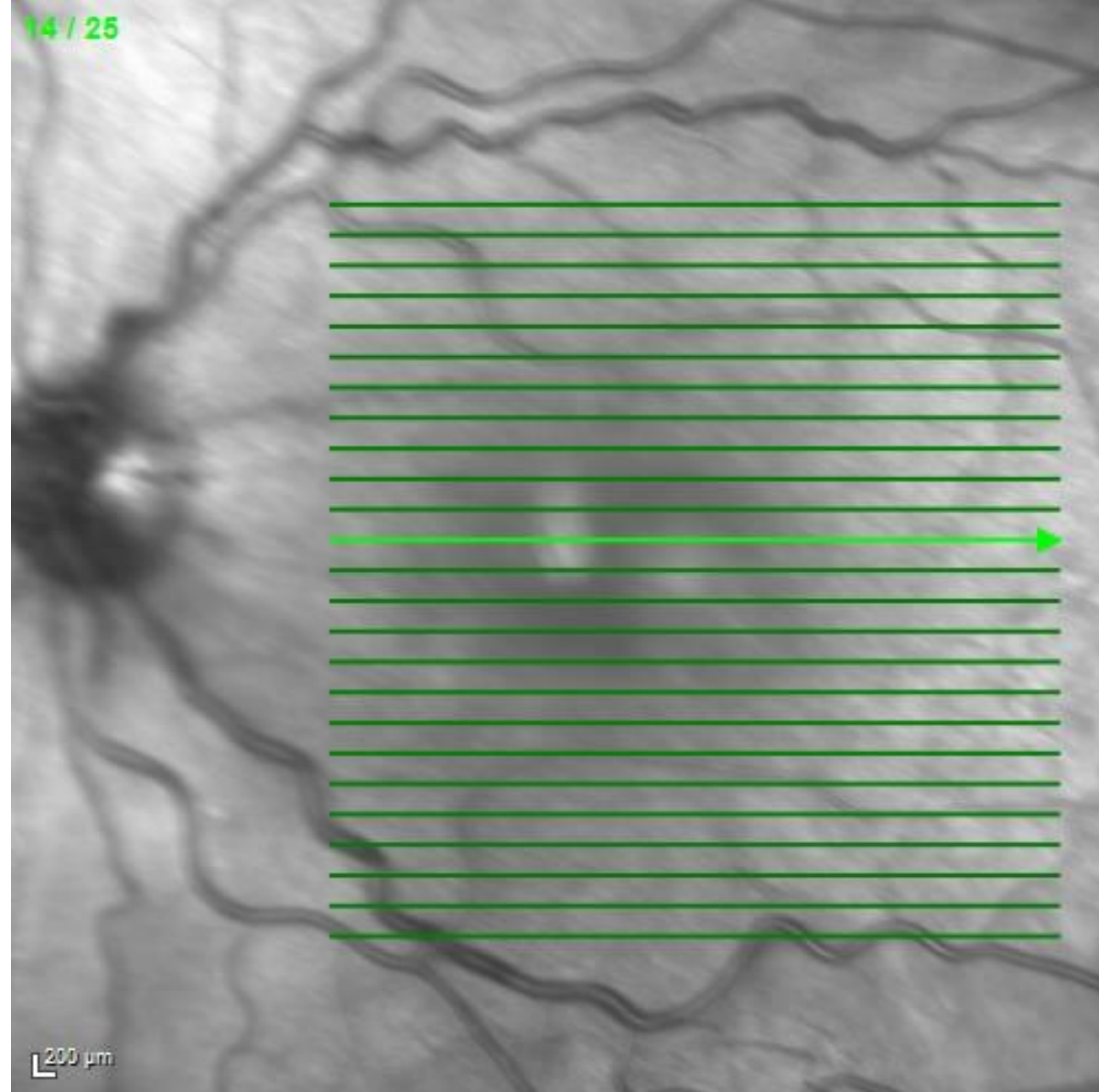
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(11) Q: 19



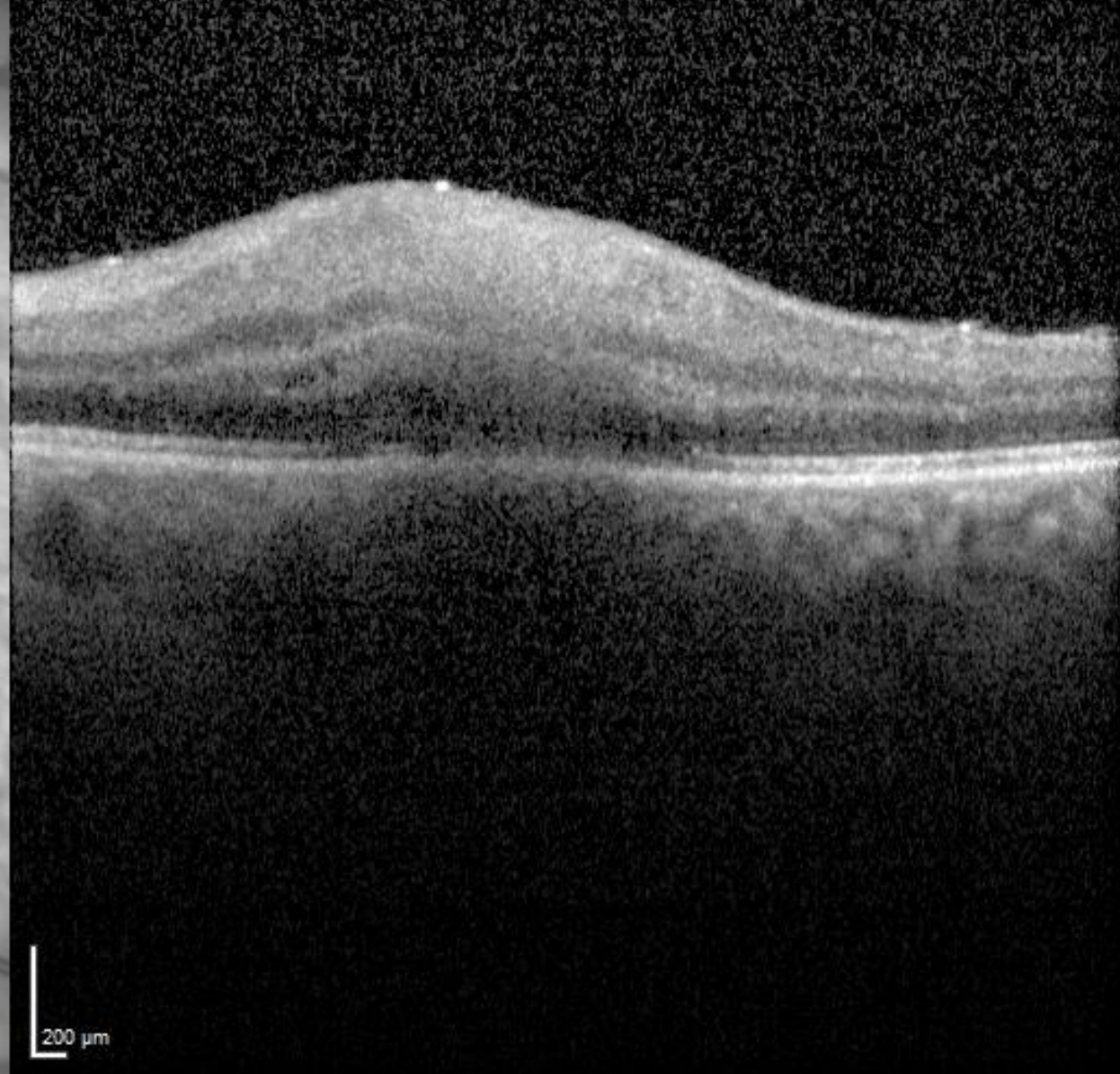
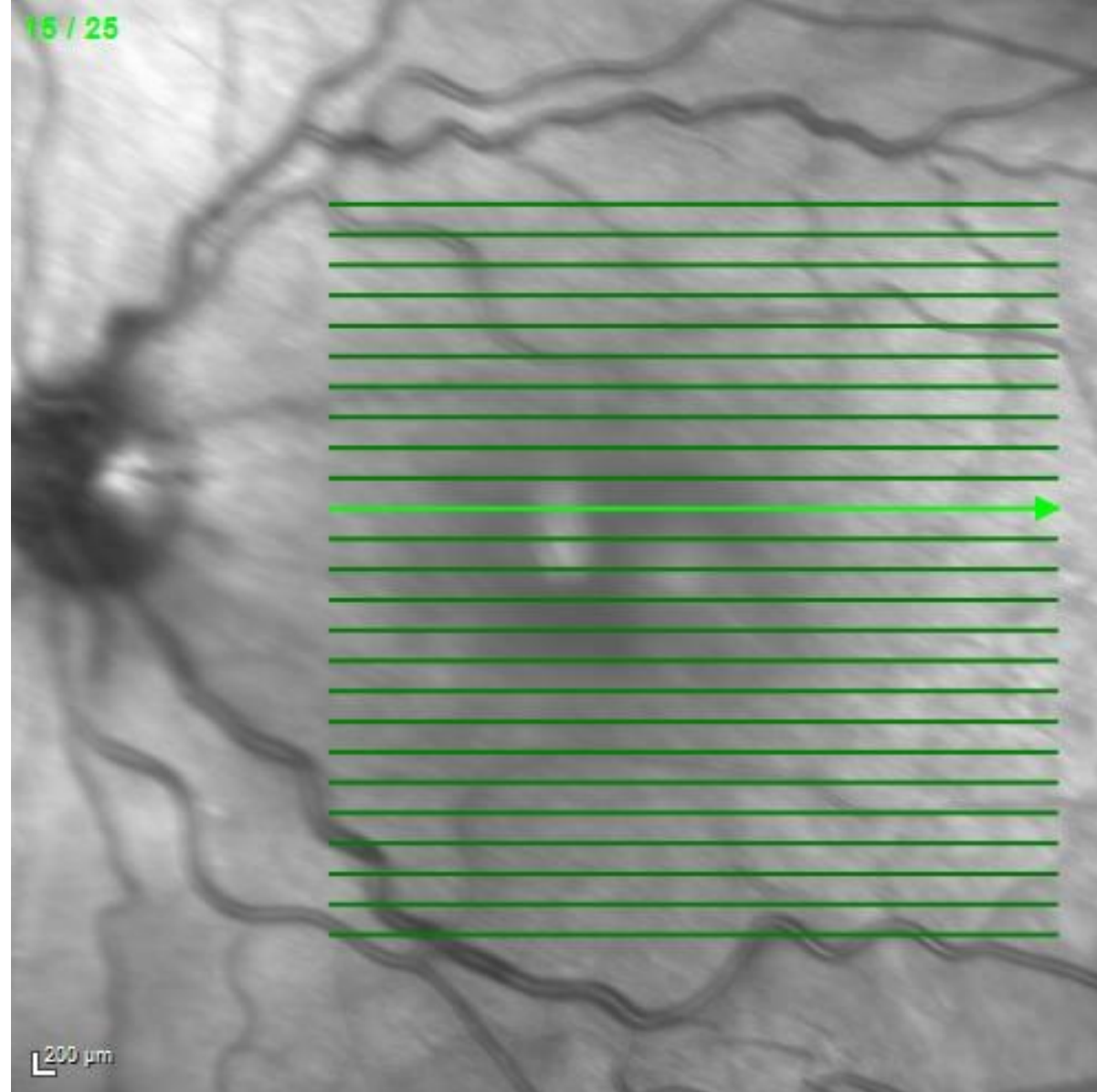
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(7) Q: 23



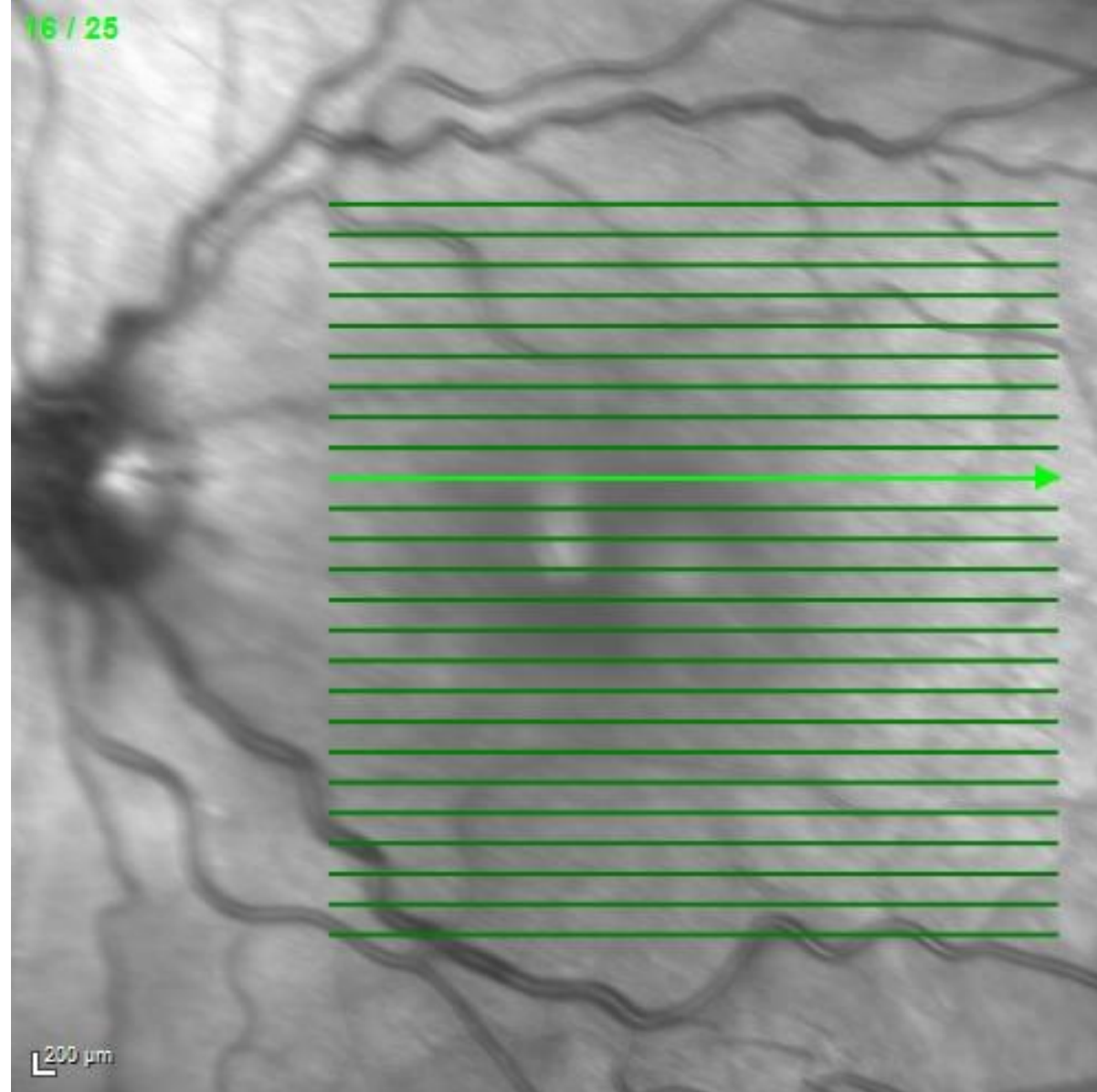
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 22



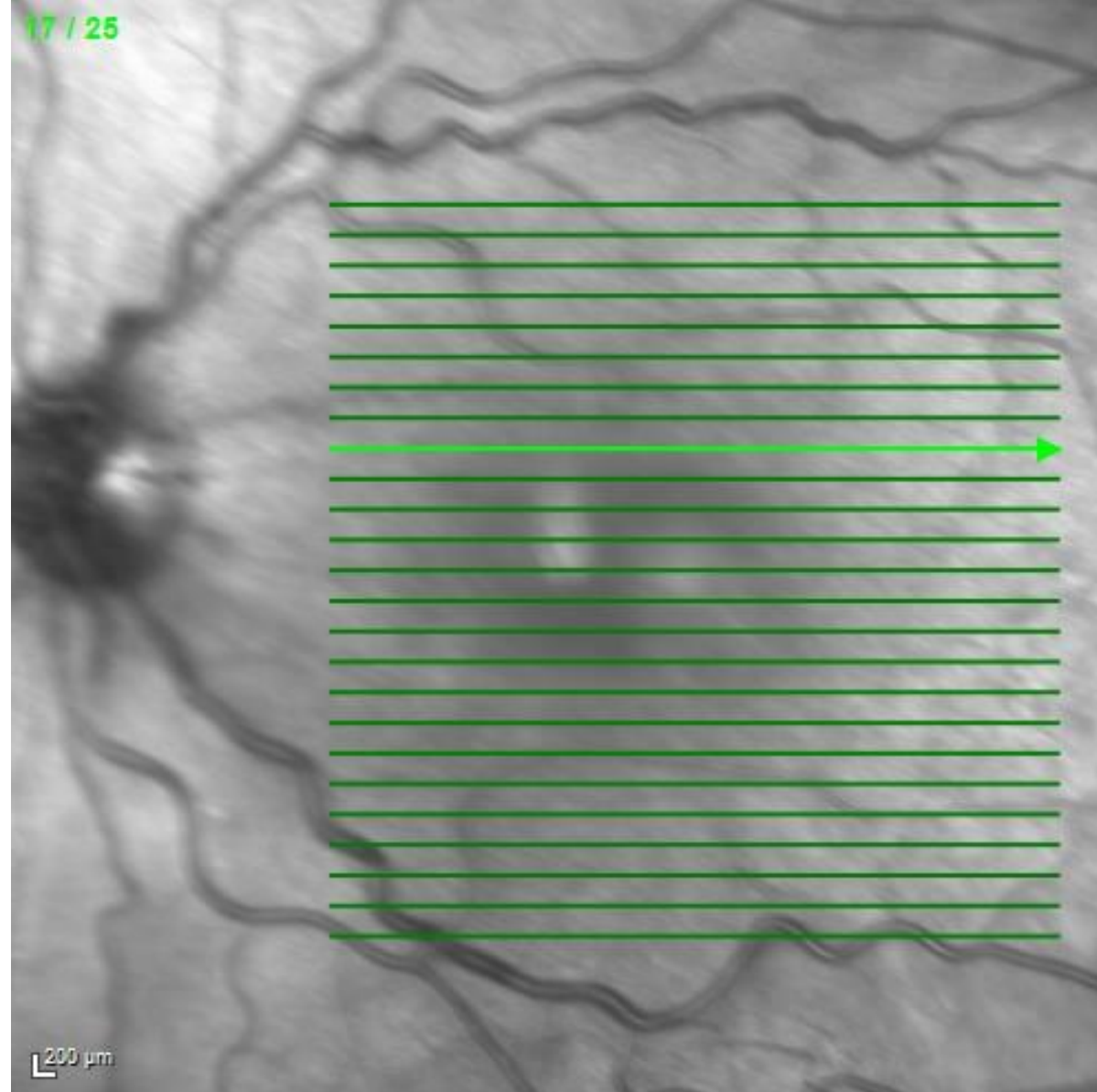
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(9) Q: 20



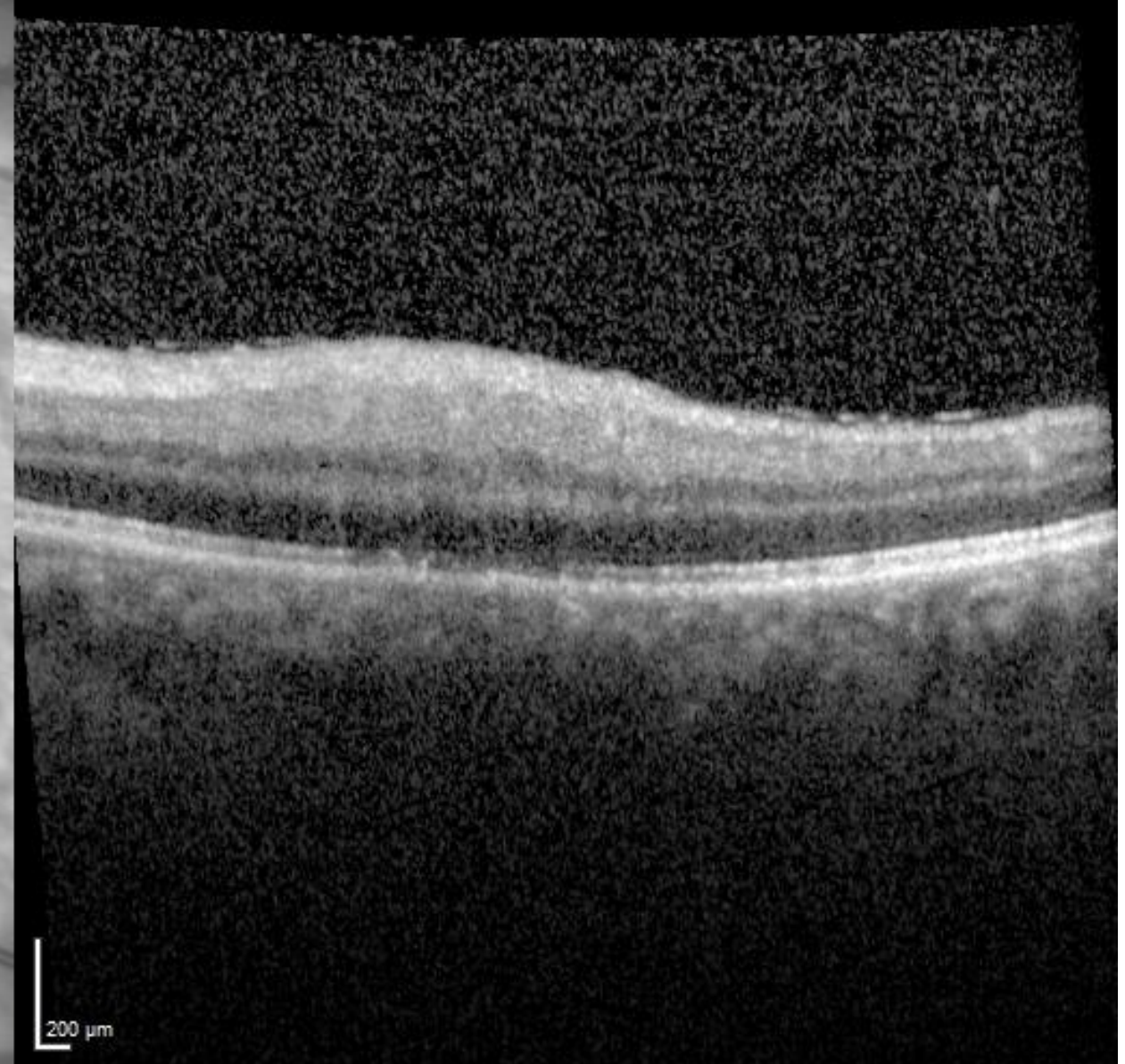
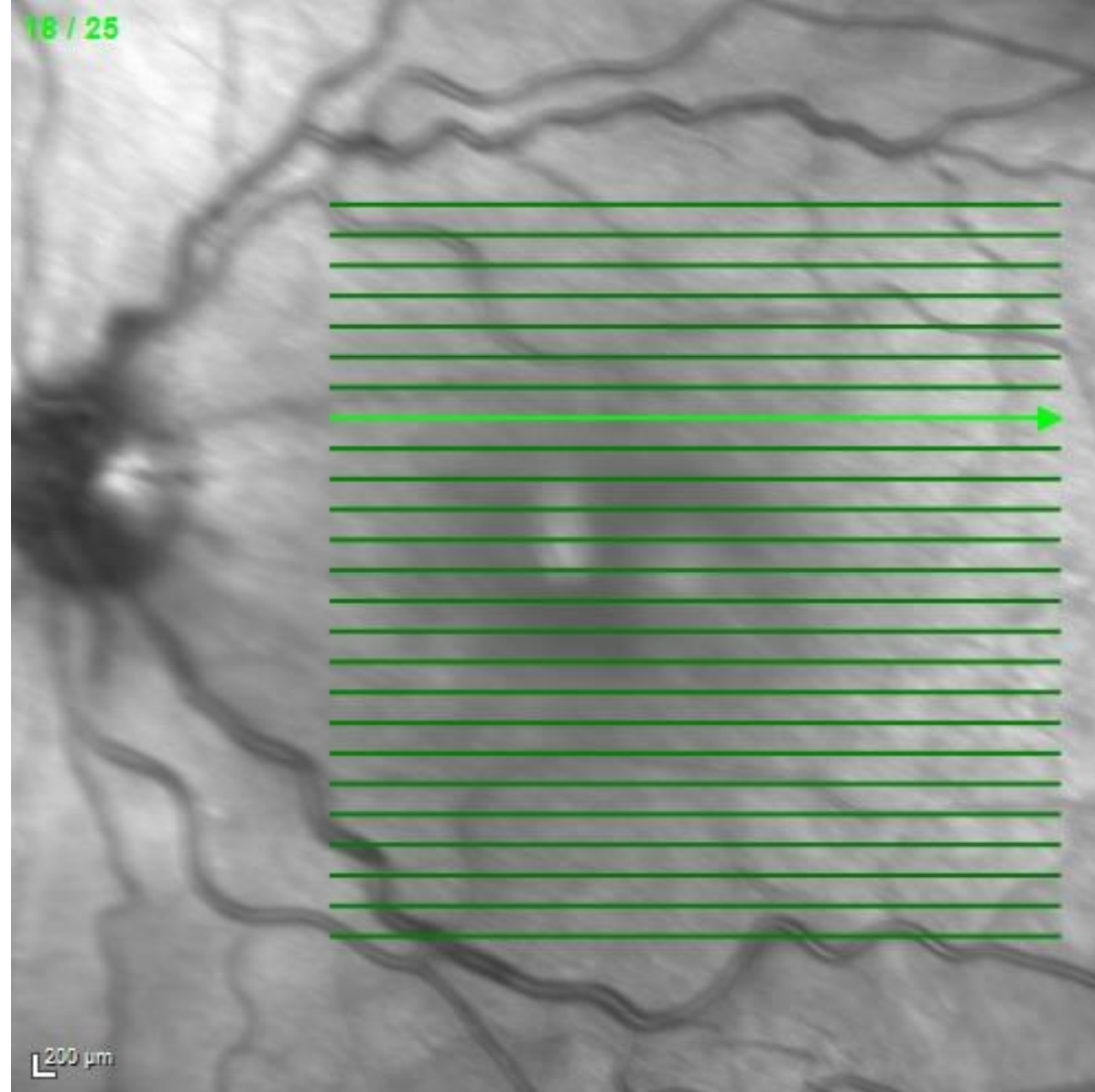
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 22



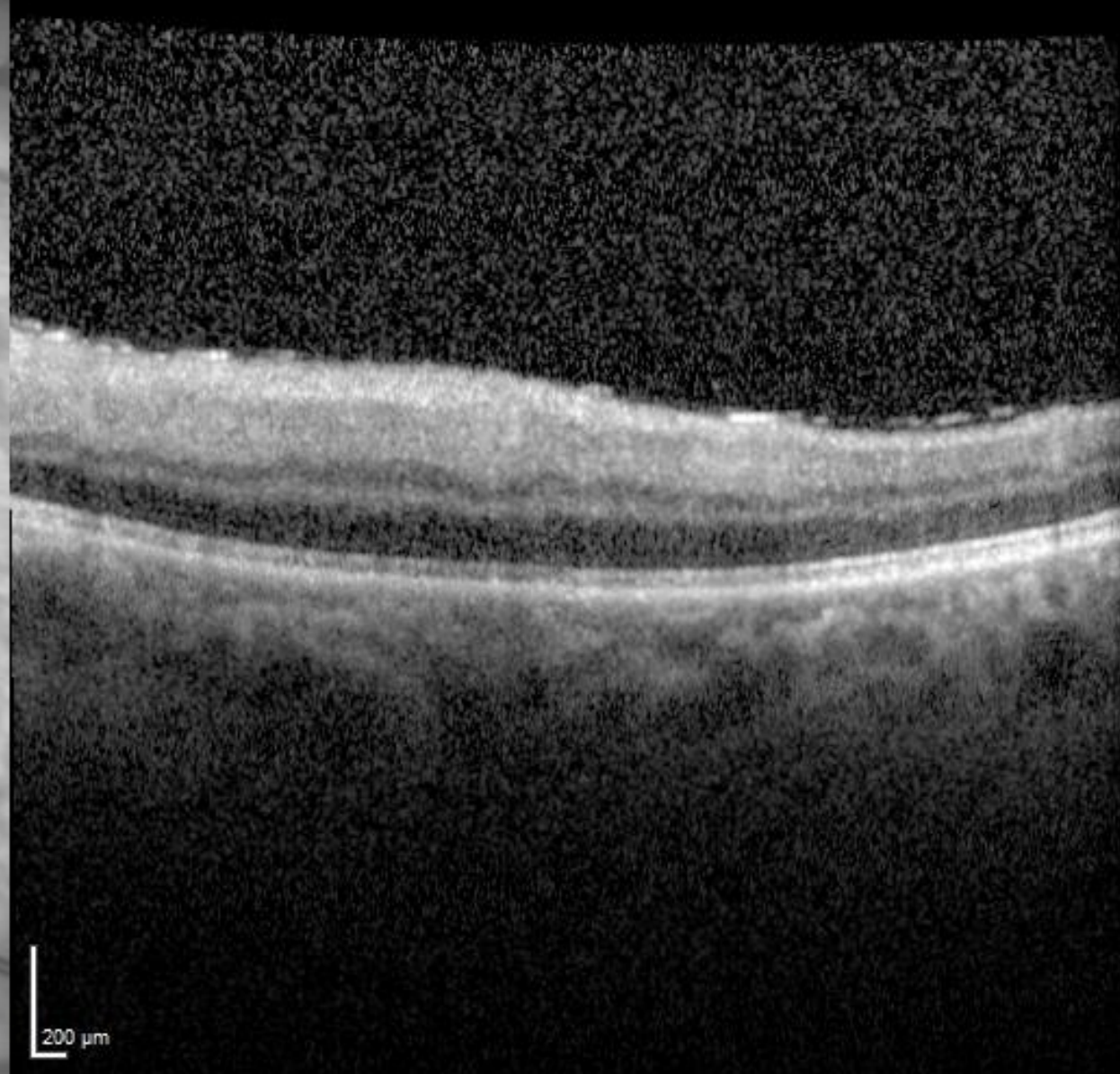
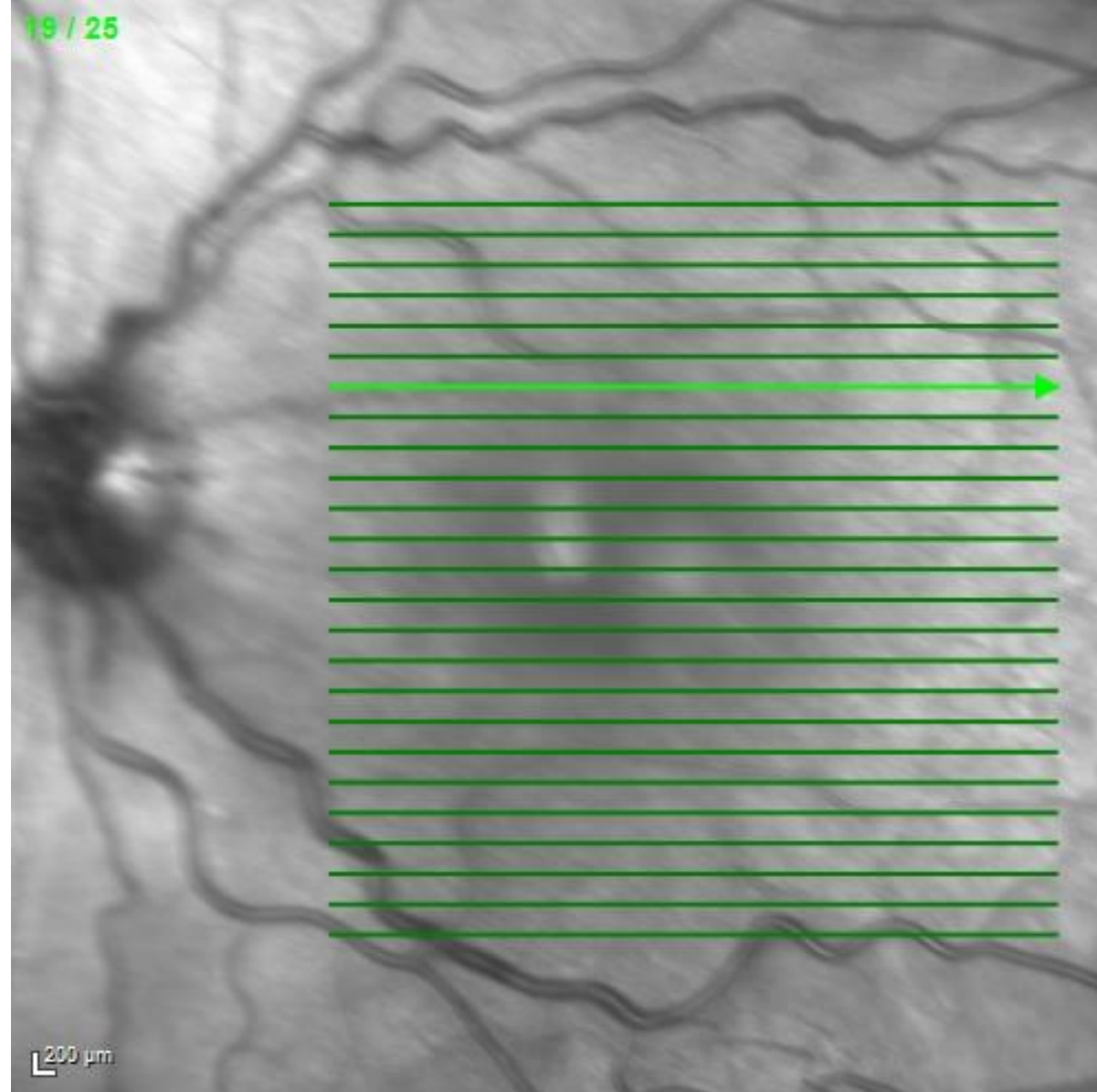
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(7) Q: 17



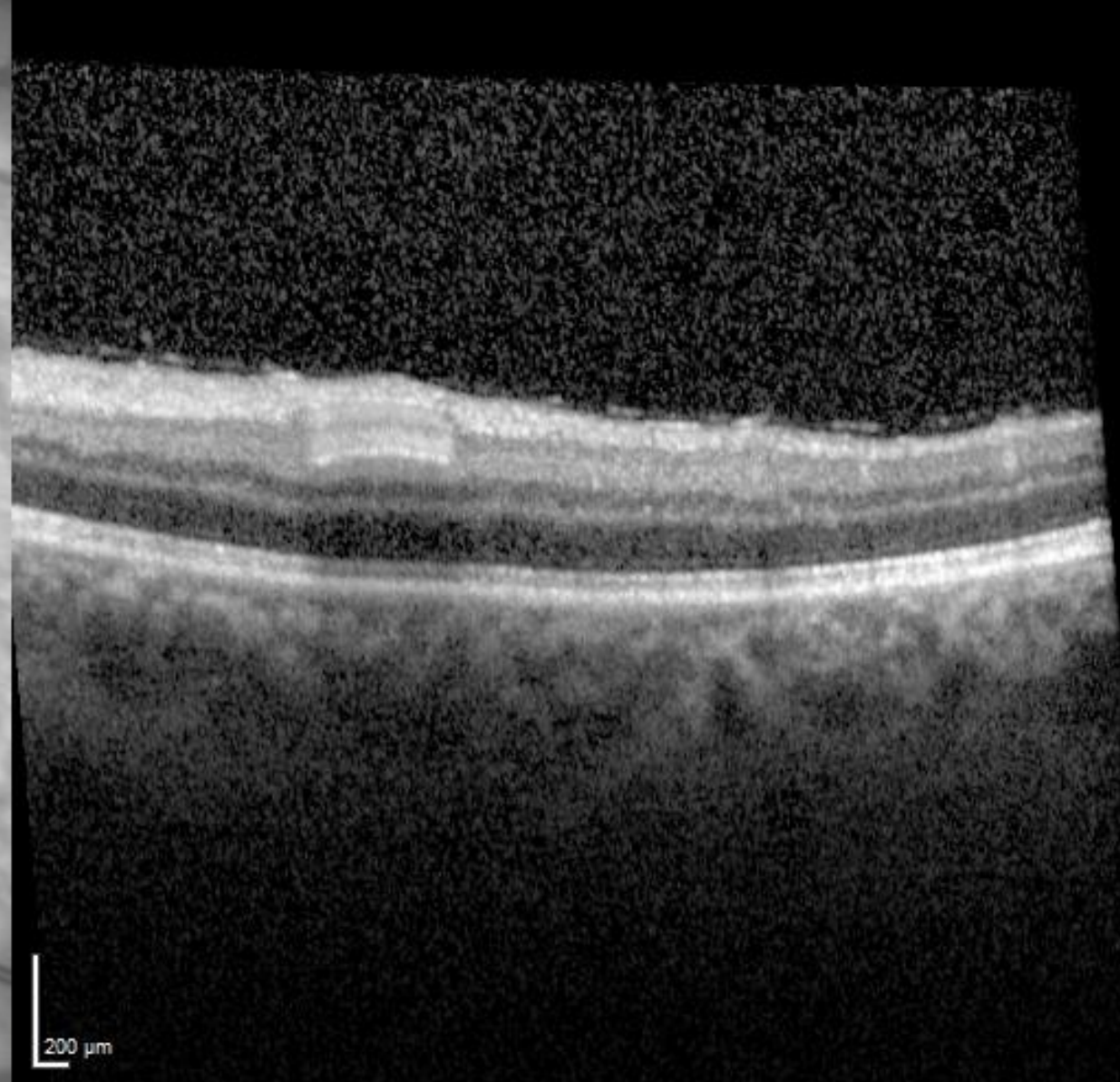
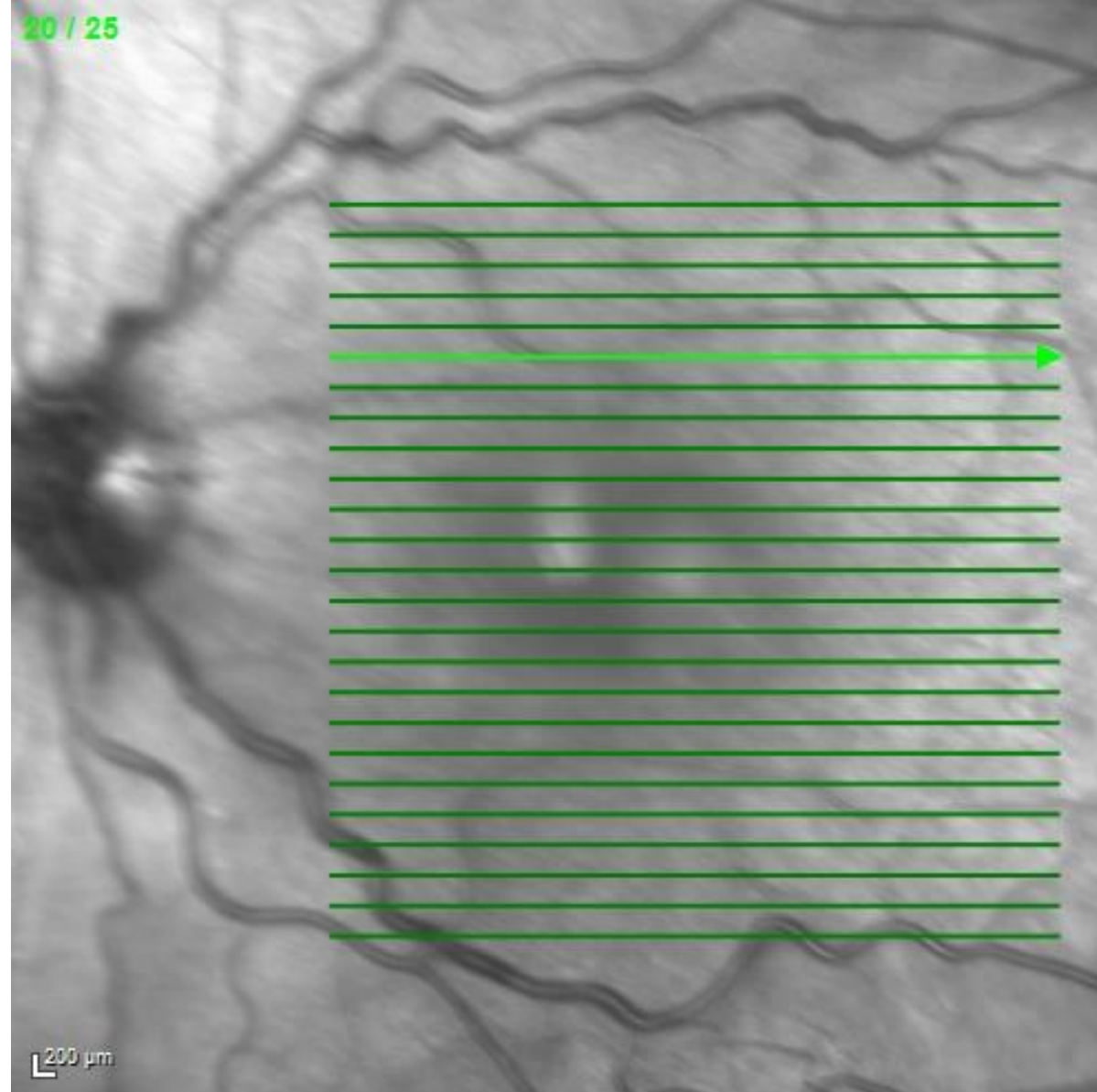
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(8) Q: 19



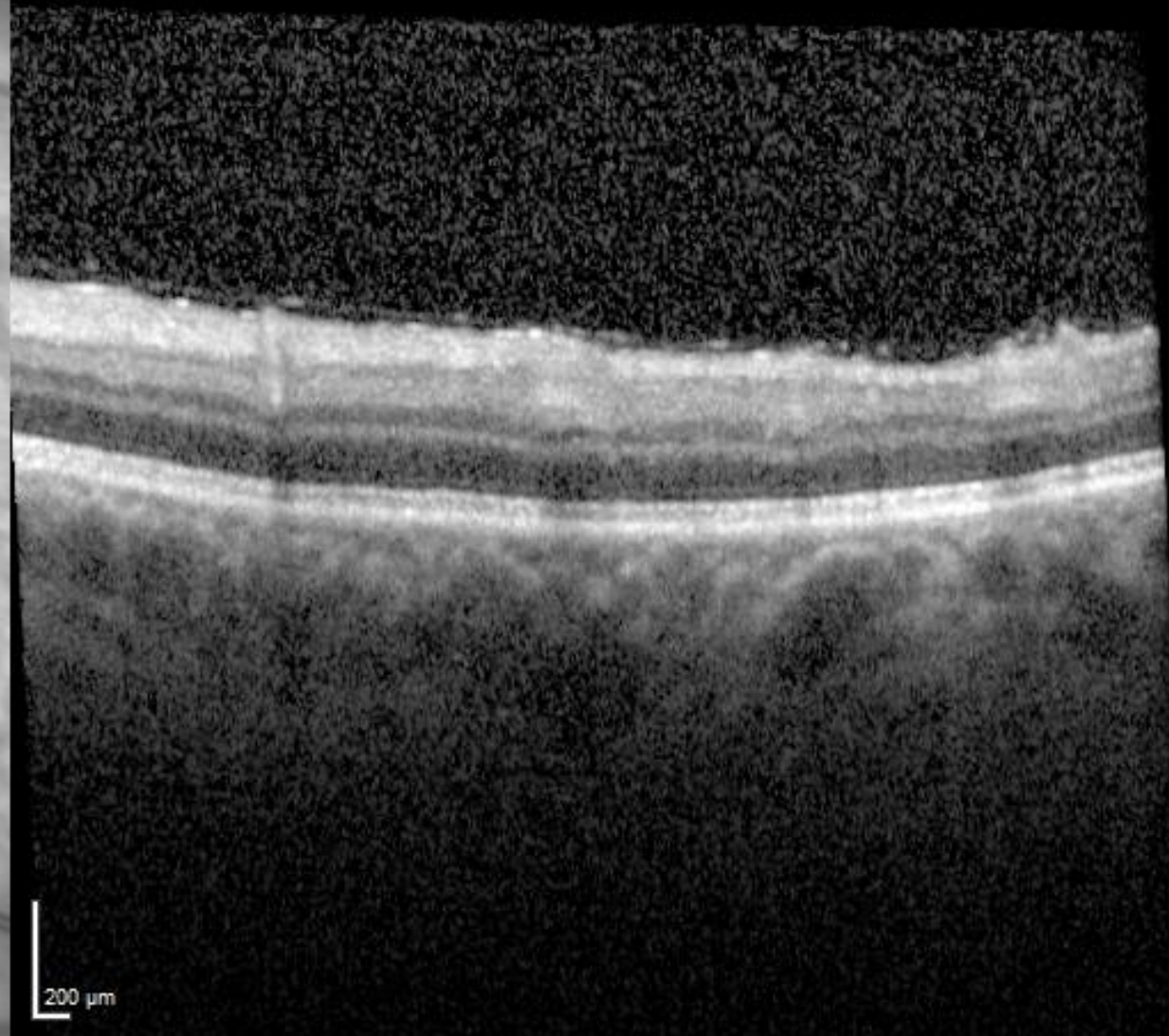
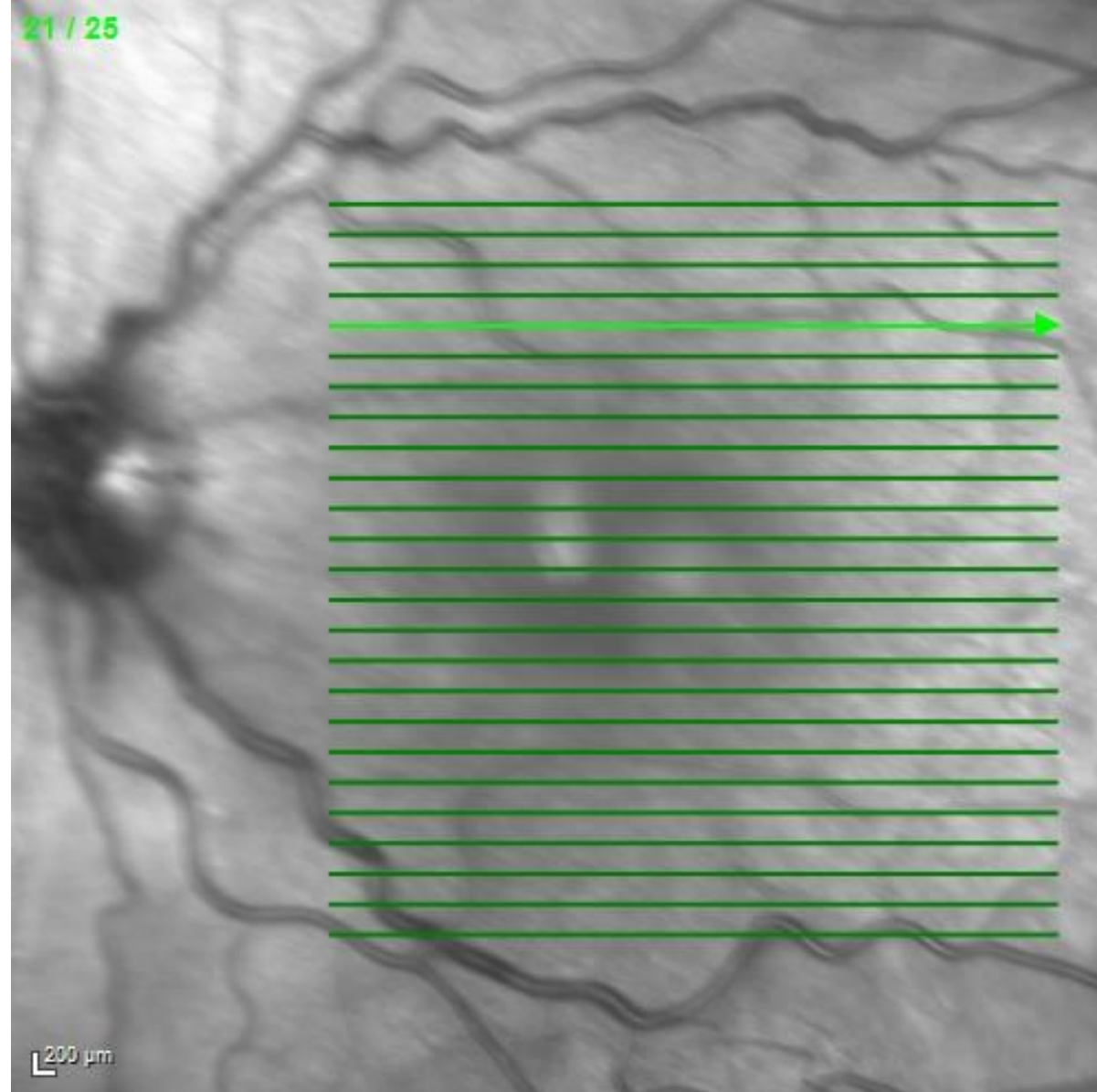
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 21



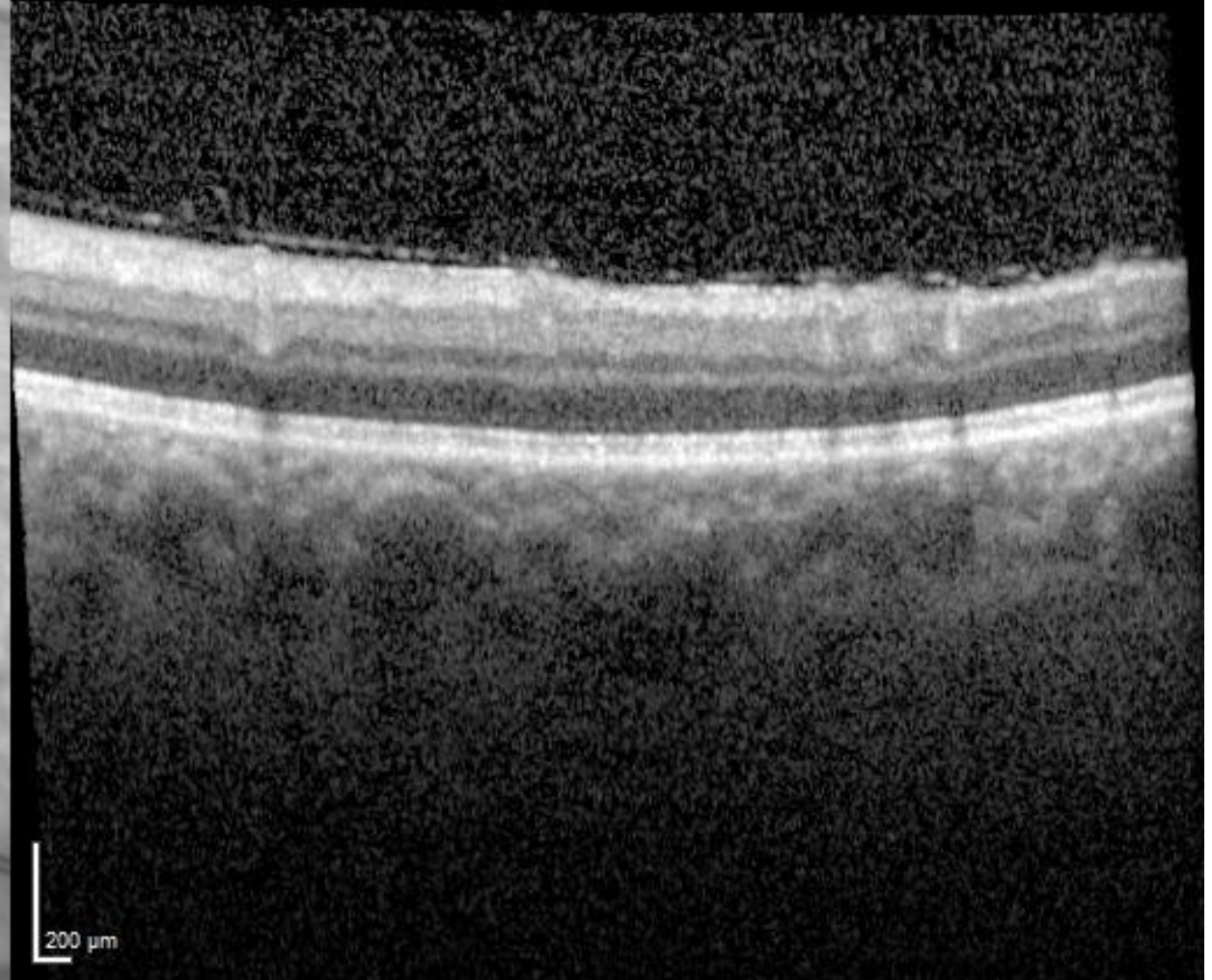
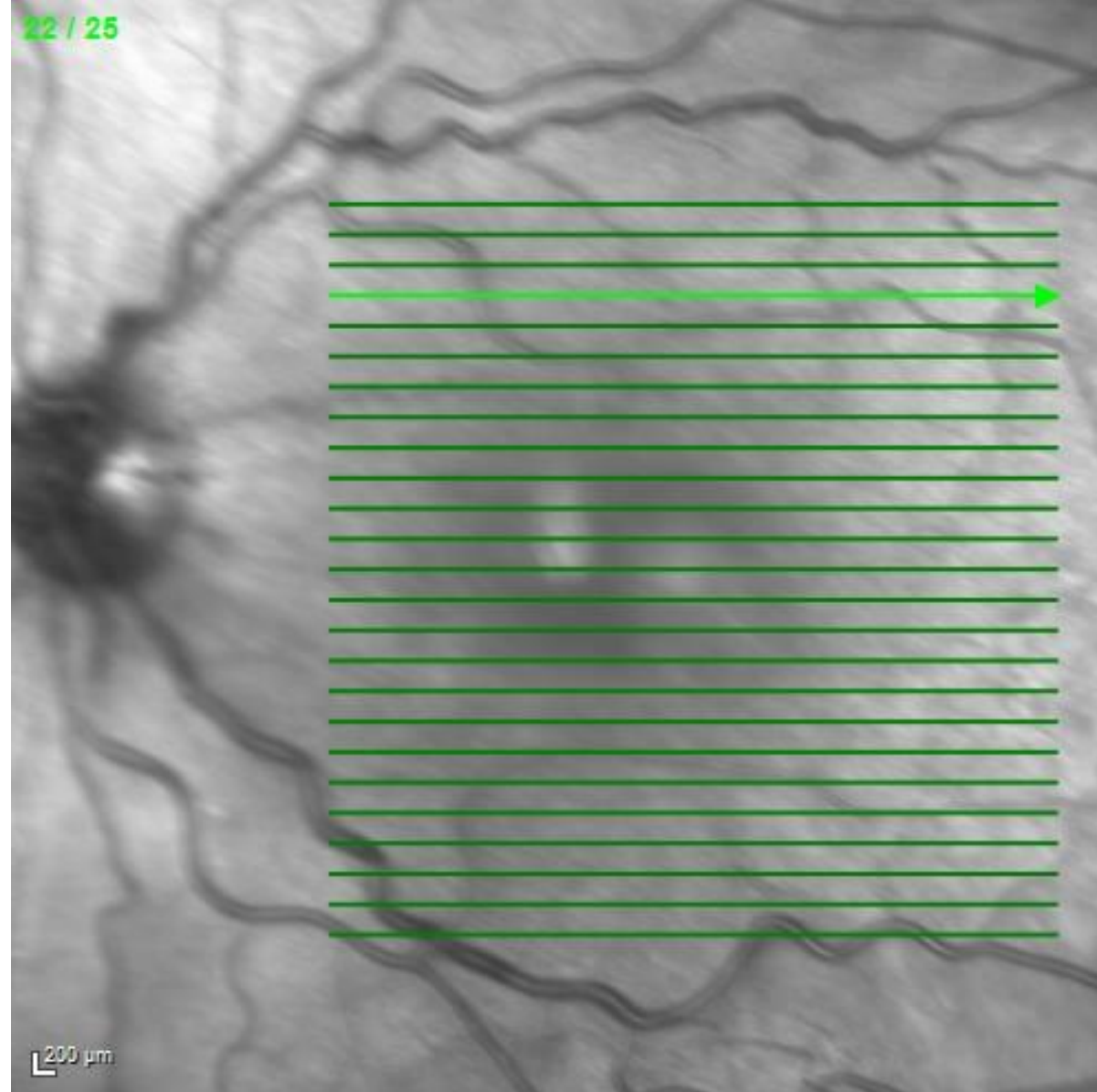
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(11) Q: 20



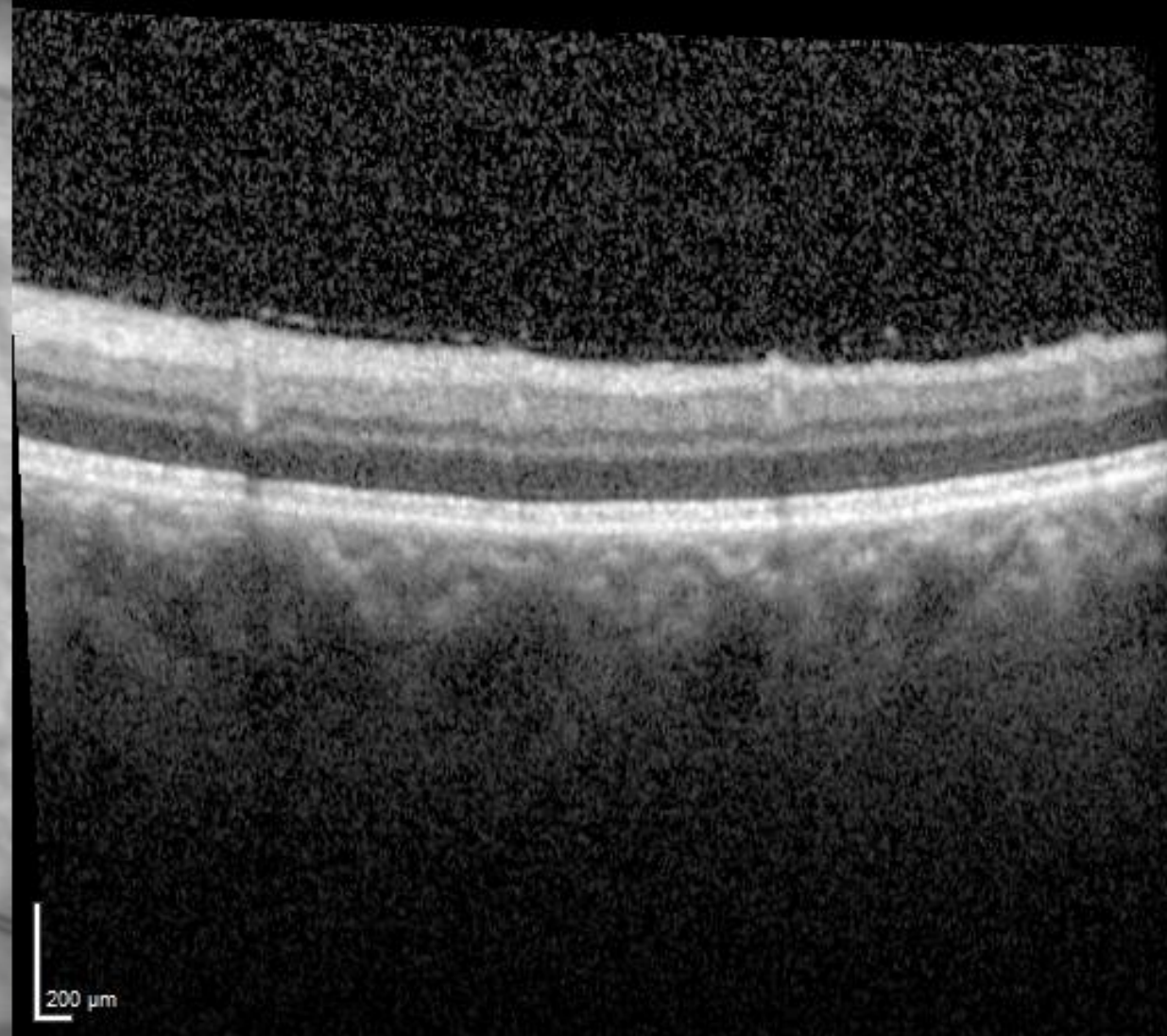
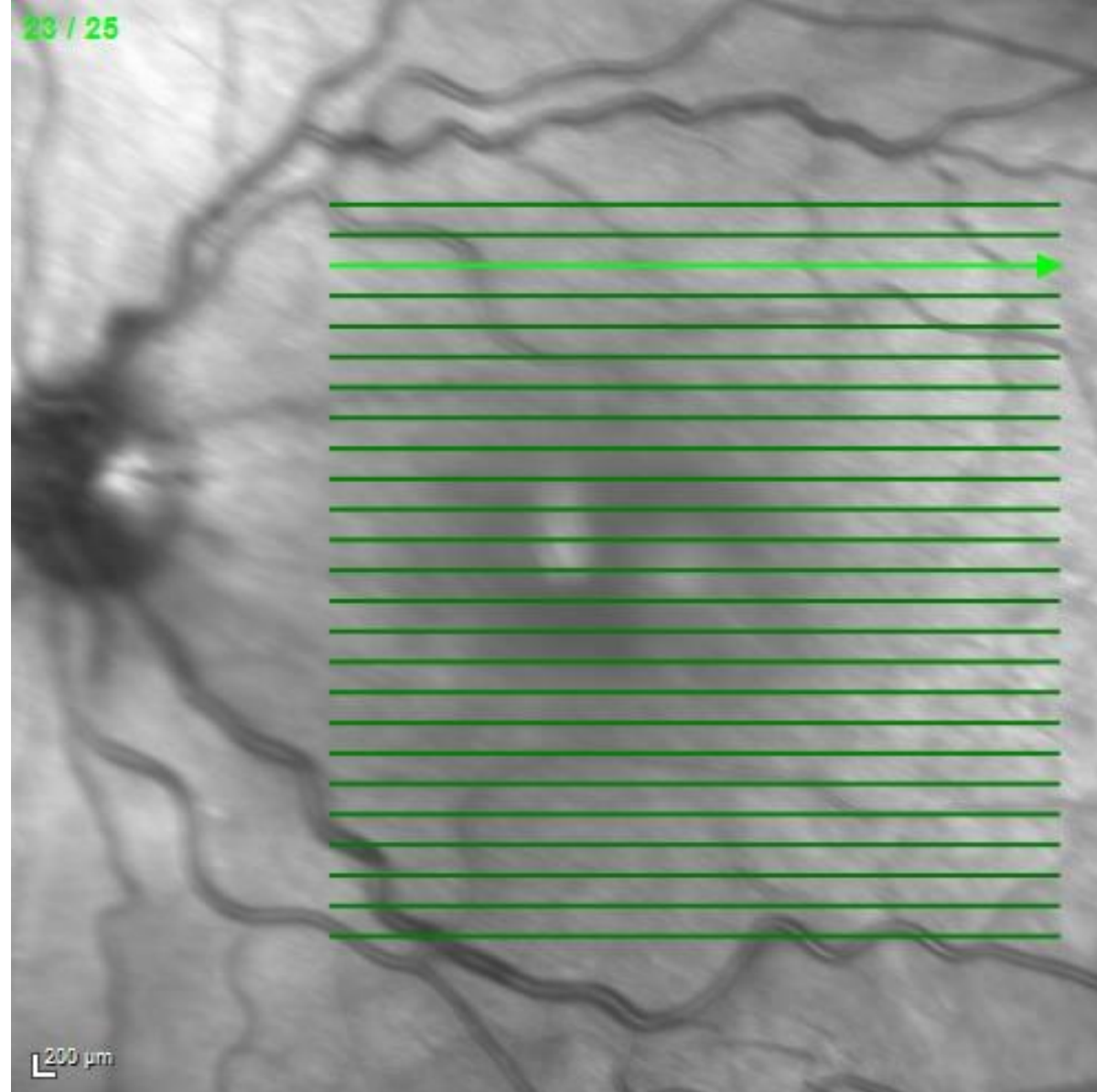
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 20



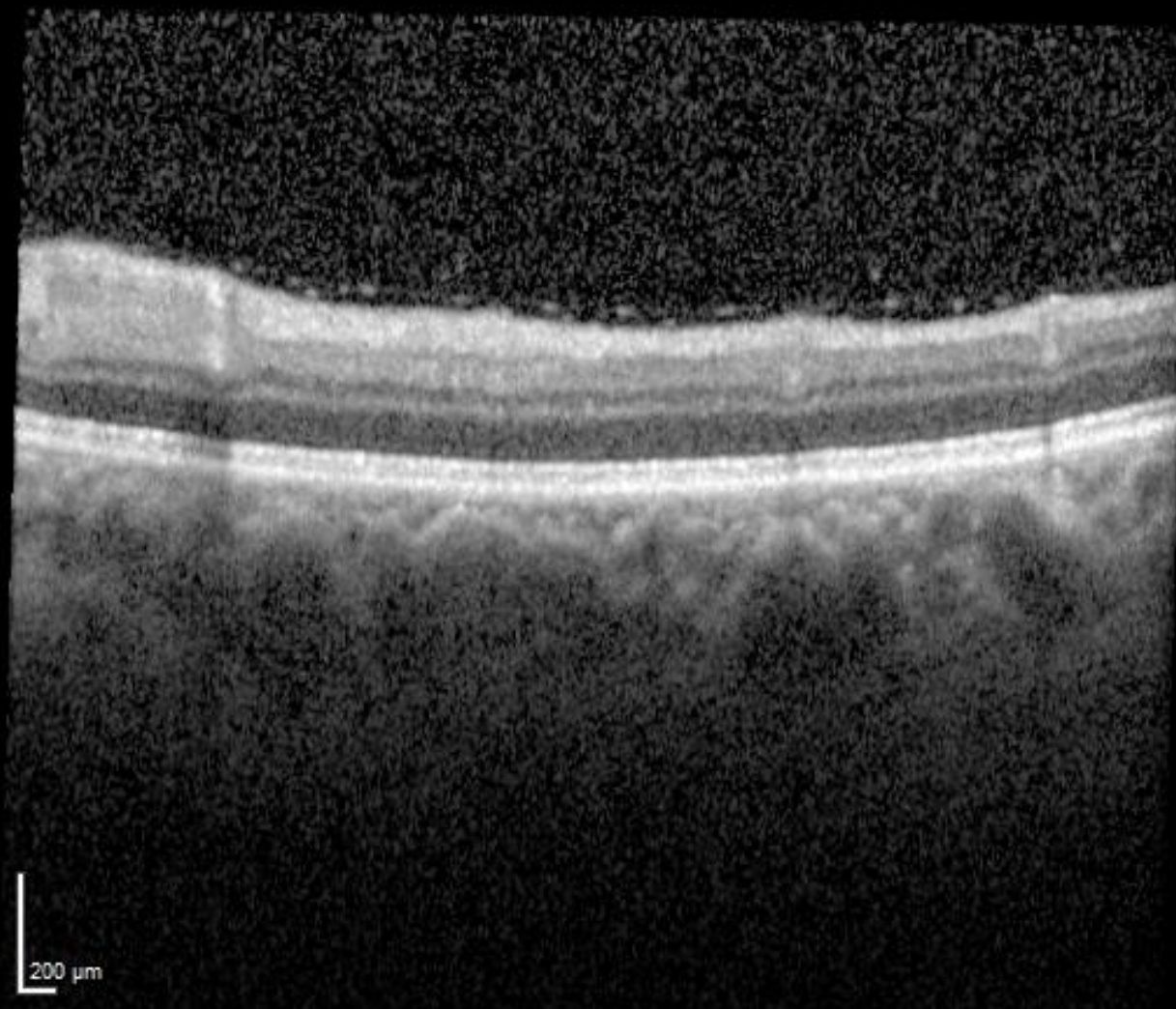
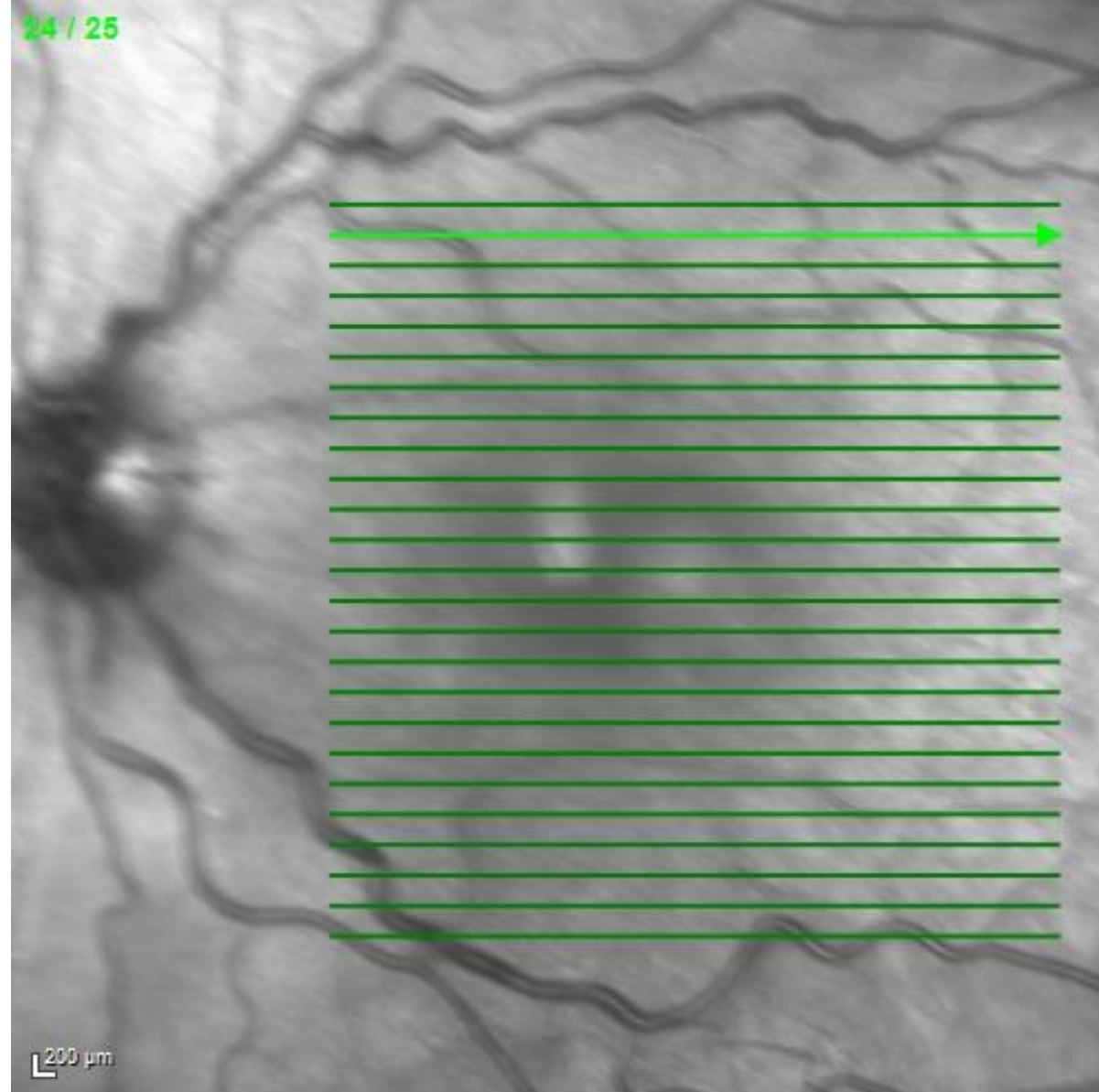
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(8) Q: 21



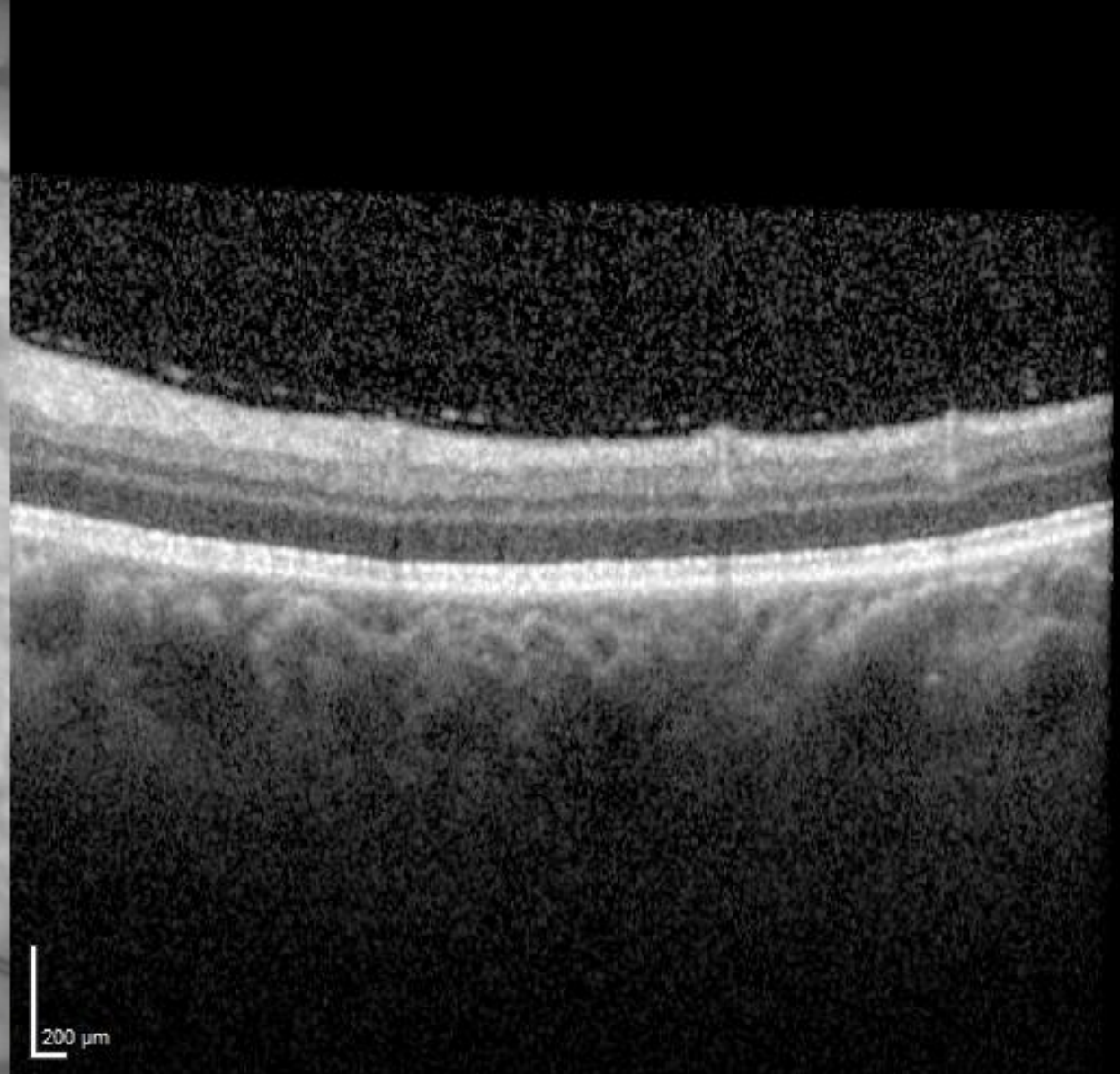
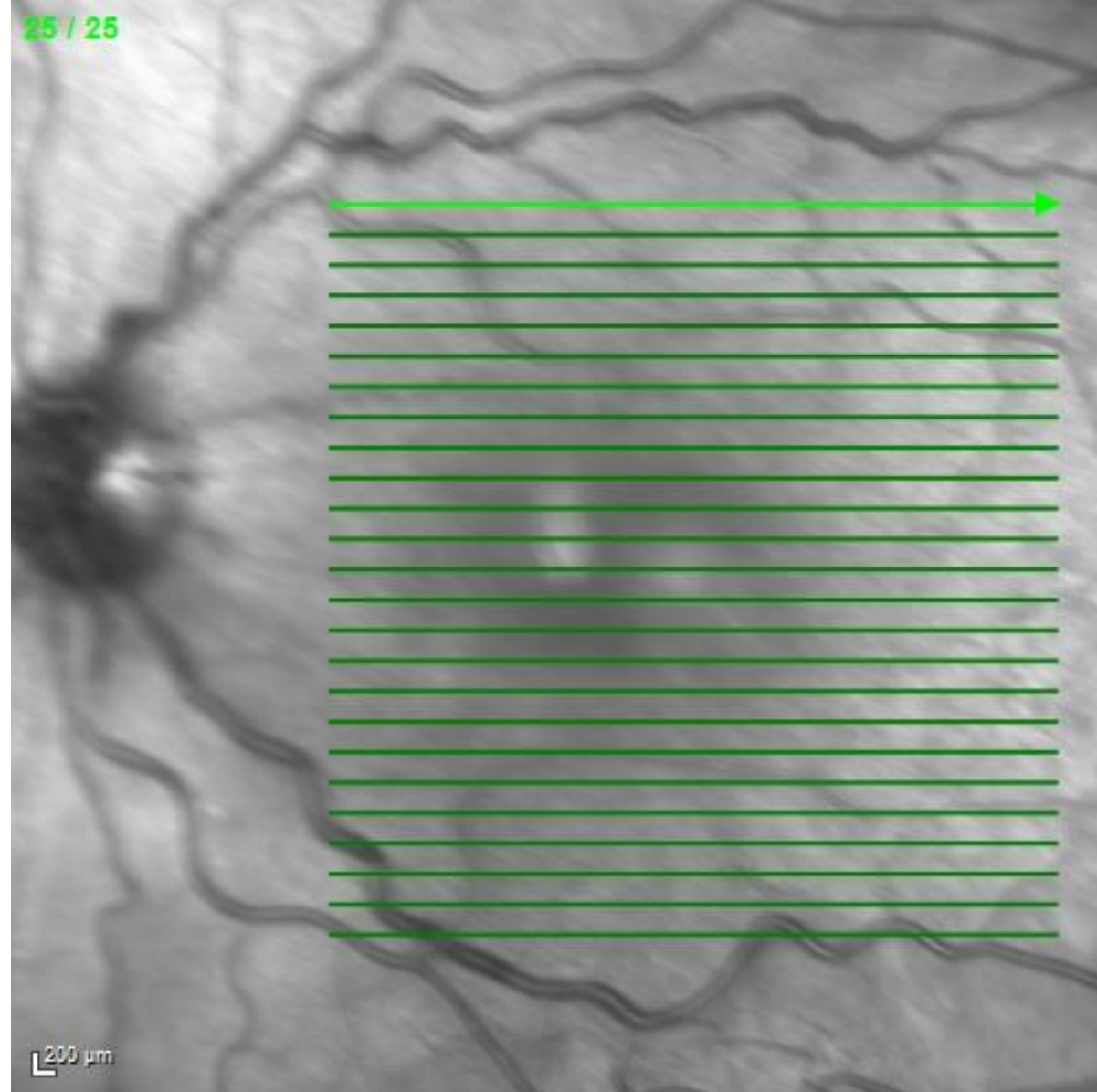
07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(10) Q: 20



07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(11) Q: 22



07/02/2018, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(9) Q: 25



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

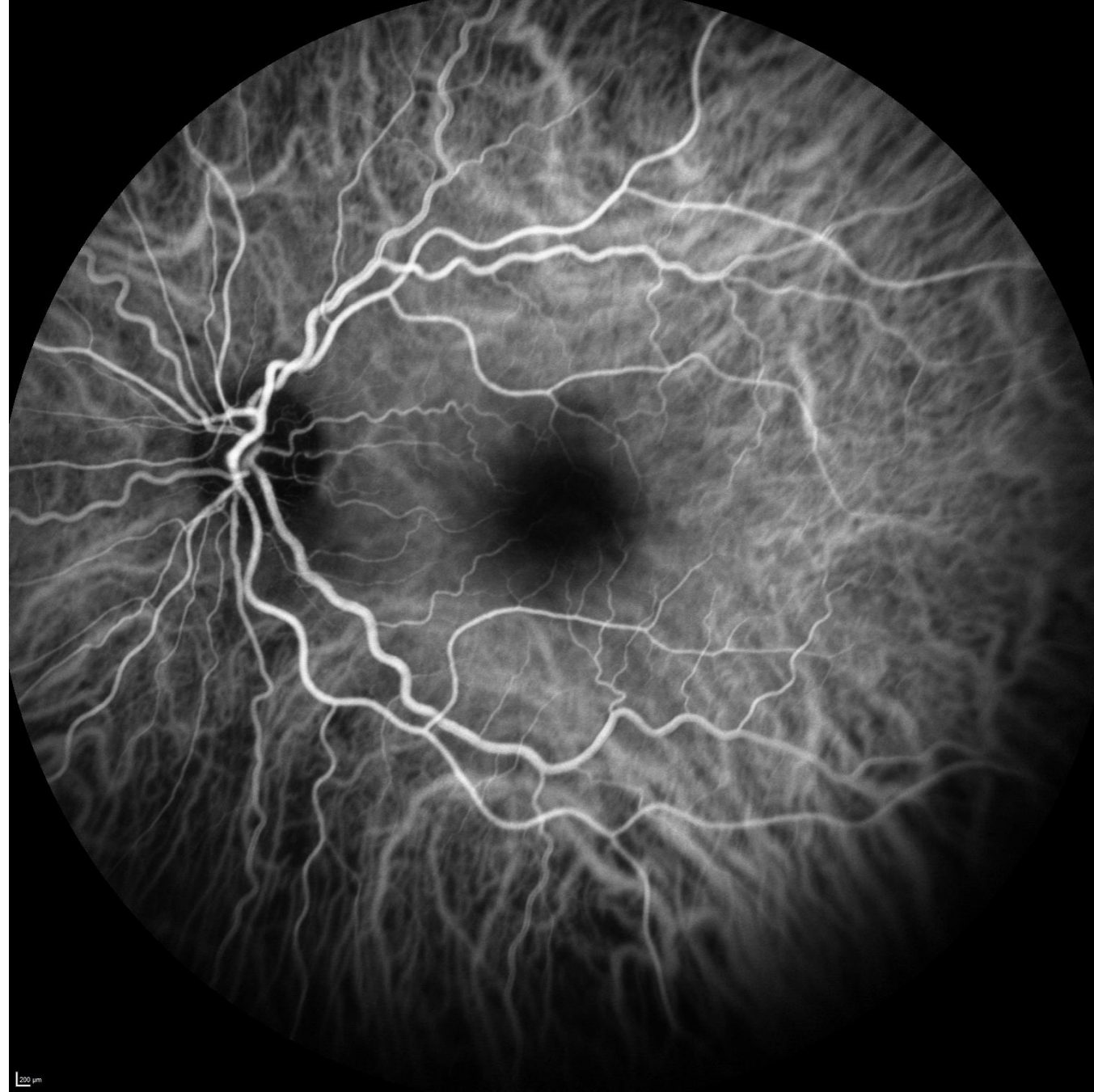
ICGA 0:18.17 55° ART(9) [HR]



200 µm

07/02/2018, OS

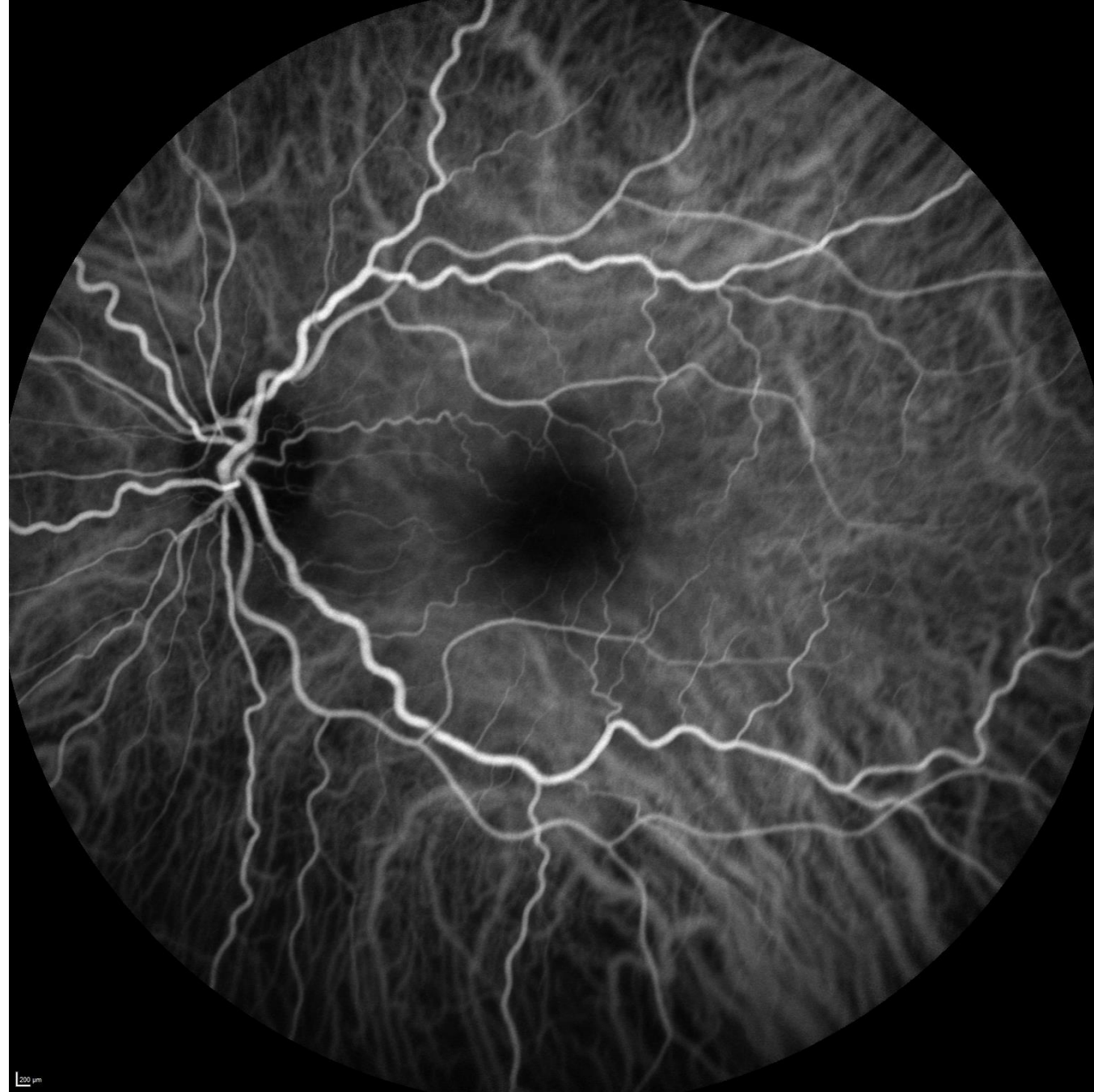
ICGA 0:18.80 55° ART(12) [HR]



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

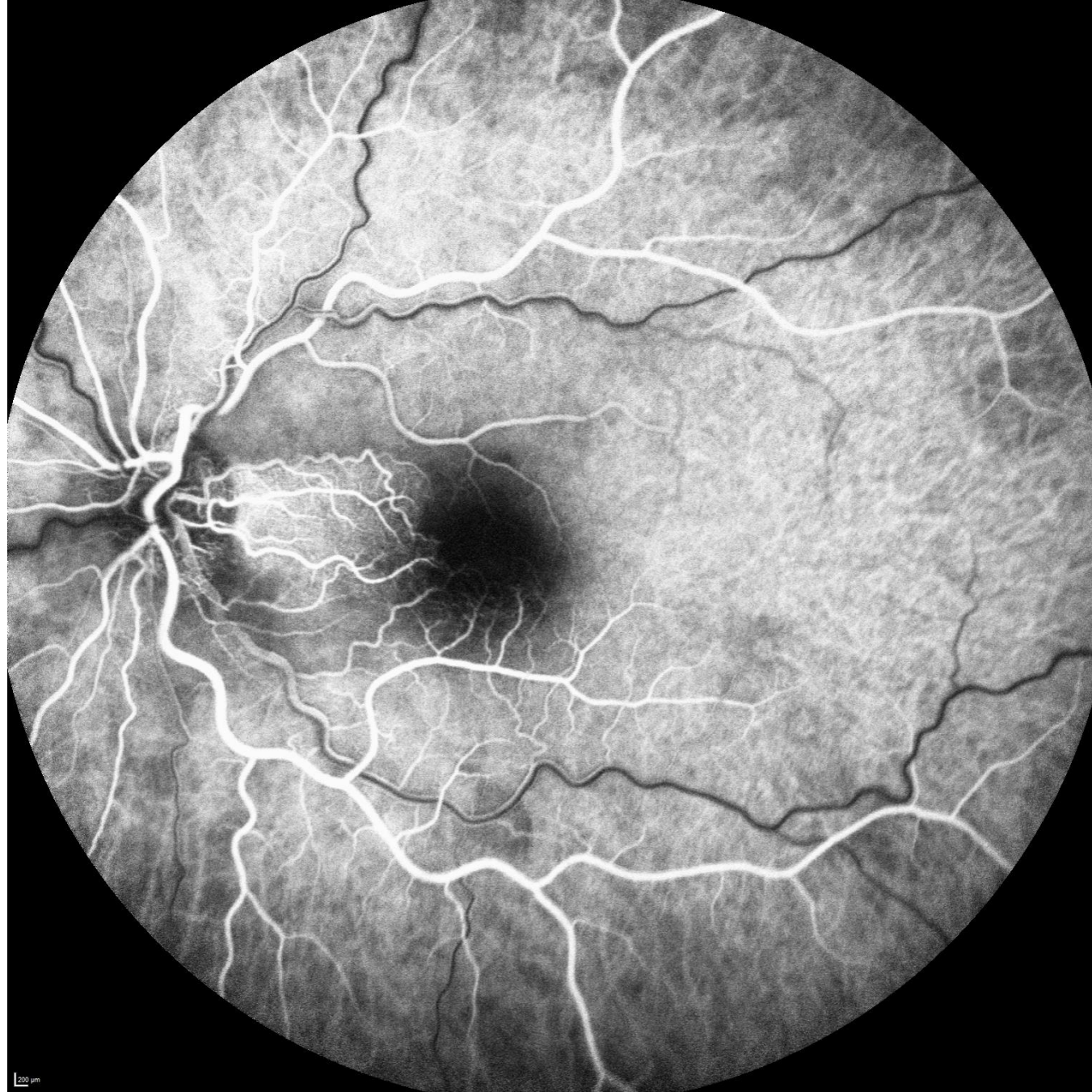
ICGA 0:30.07 55° ART(8) [HR]



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

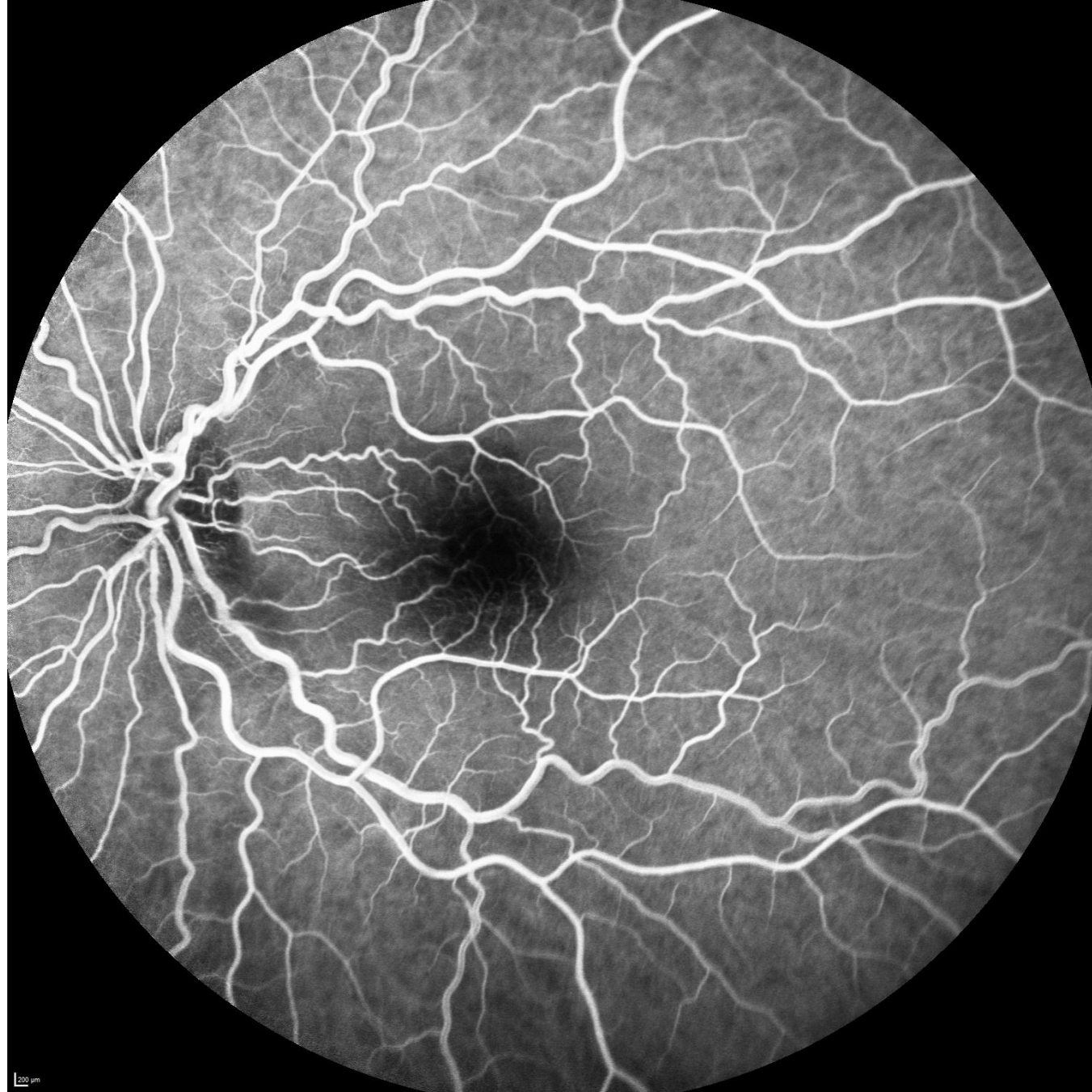
ICGA 0:35.38 55° ART(7) [HR]



200 µm

07/02/2018, OS

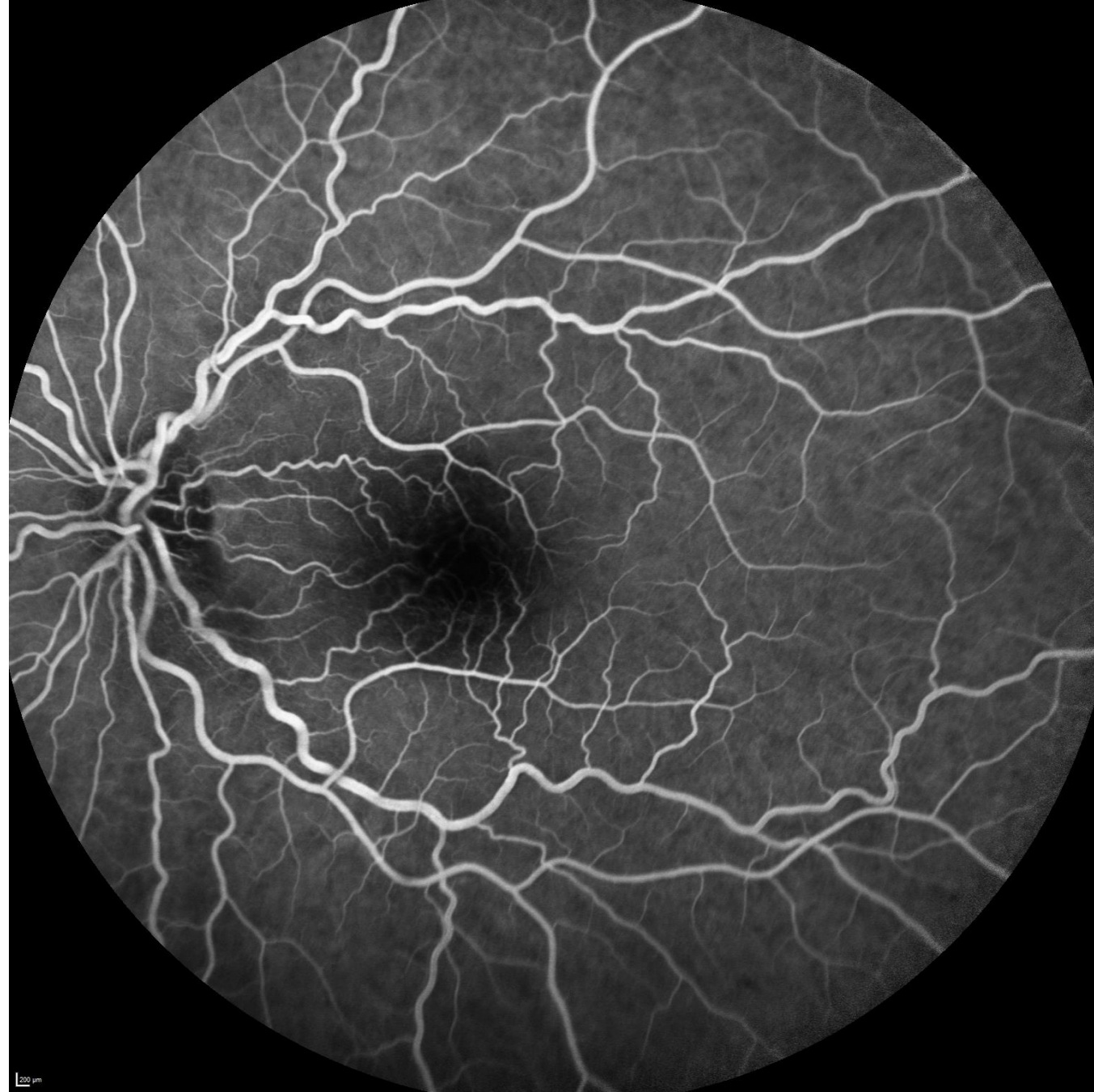
FA 0:21.62 55° ART(8) [HR]



200 μm

07/02/2018, OS

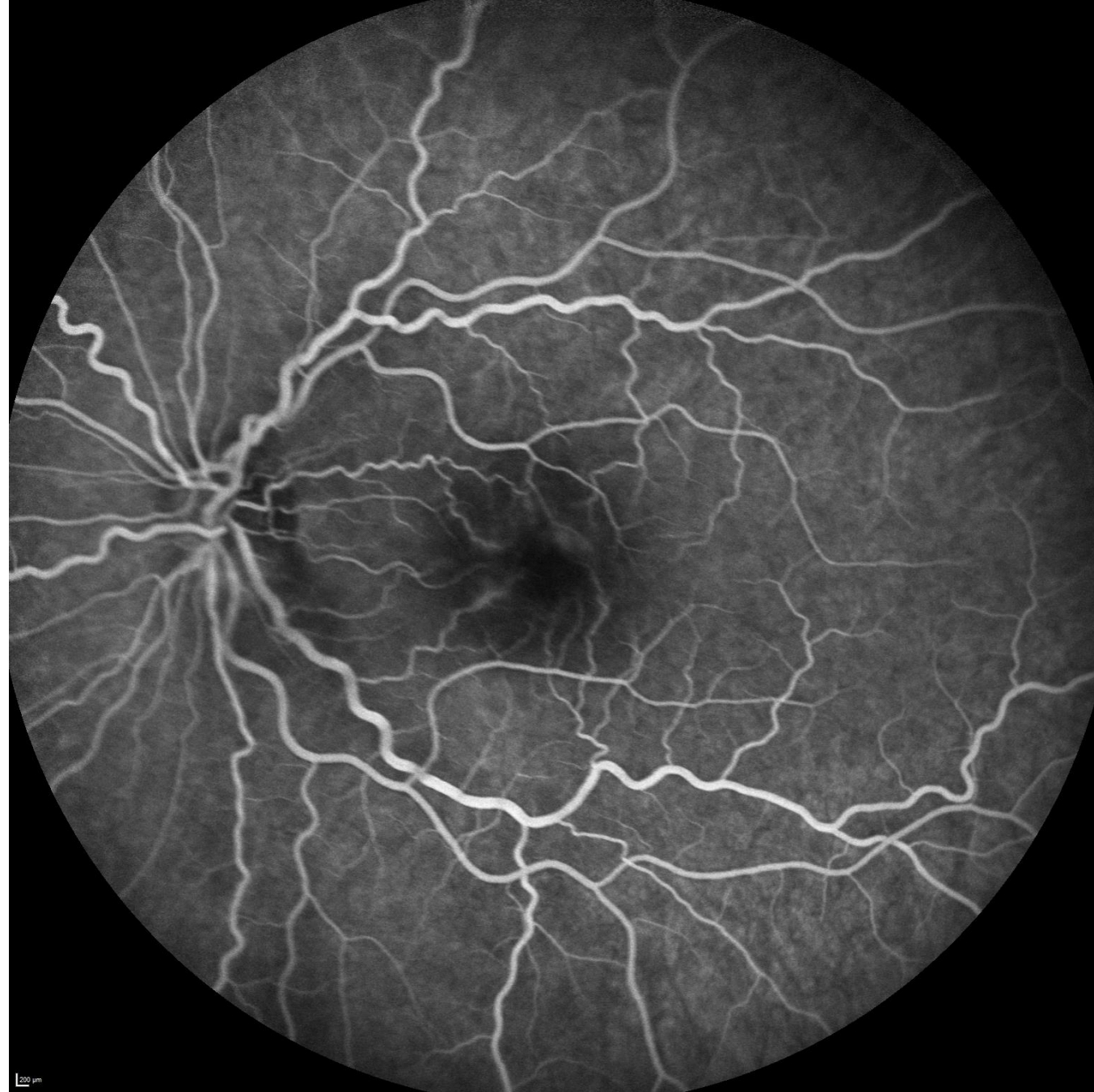
FA 0:27.79 55° ART(9) [HR]



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

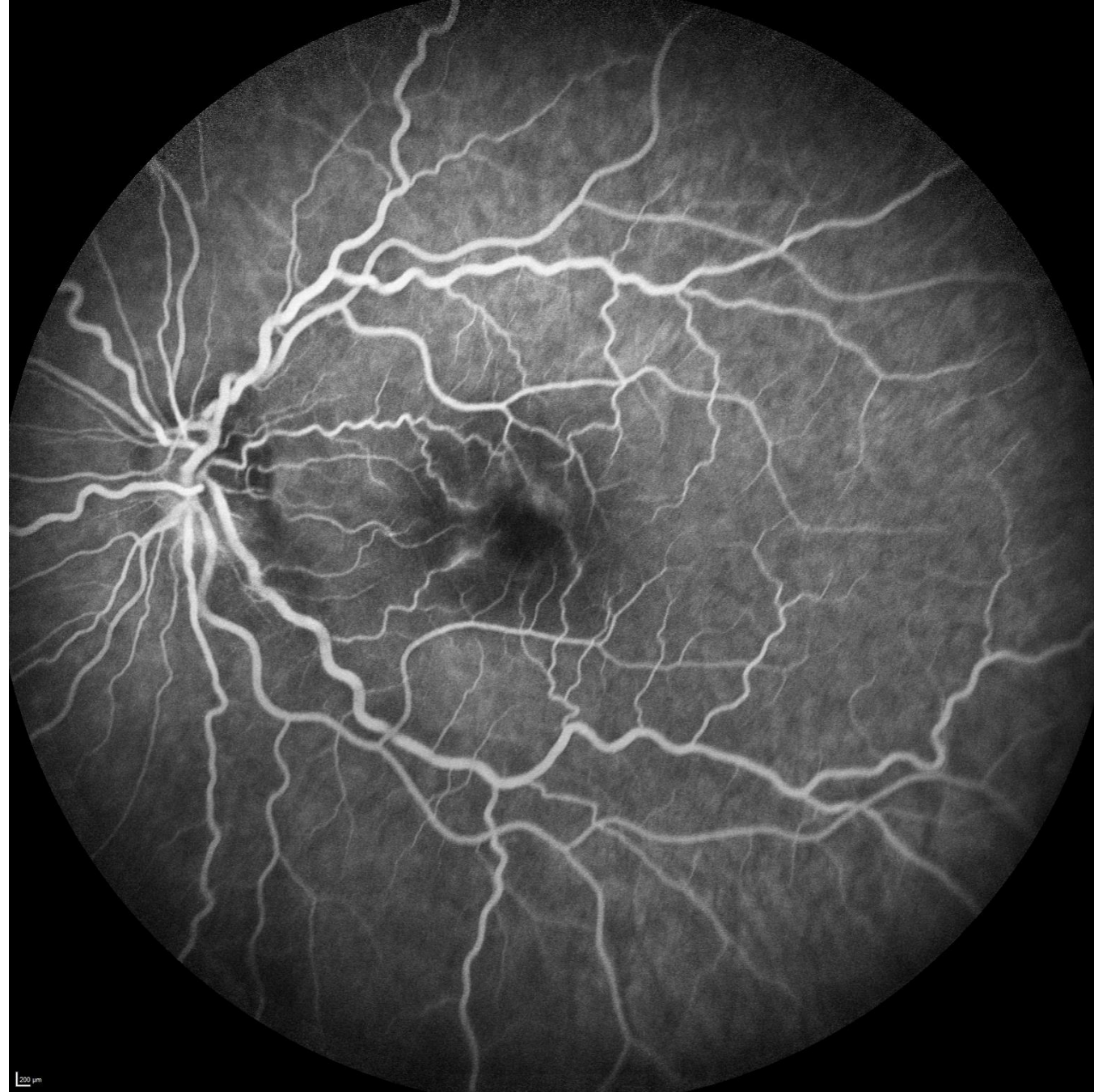
FA 0:31.40 55° ART(11) [HR]



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

FA 1:23.06 55° ART(9) [HR]



200 µm

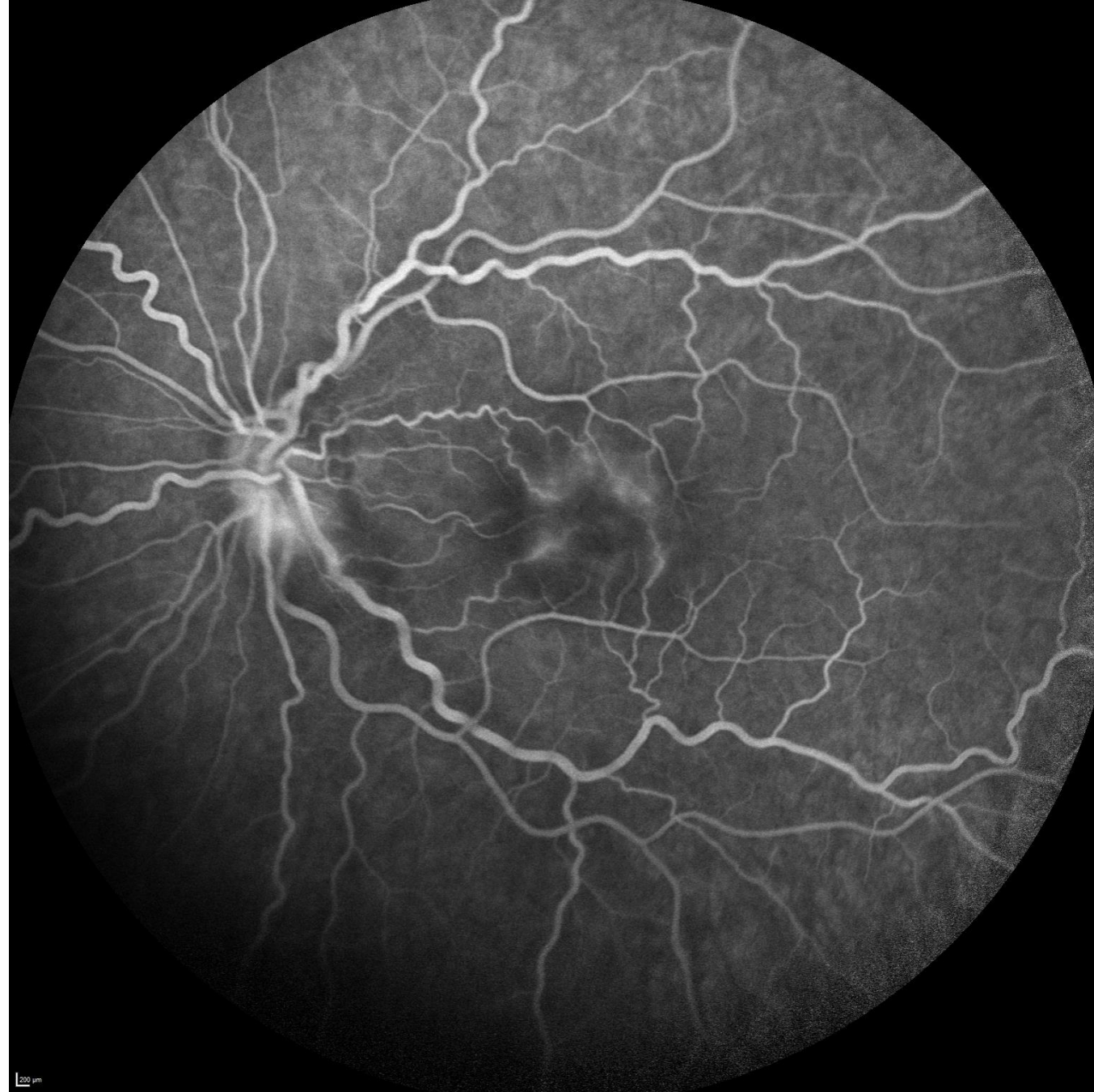
07/02/2018, OS

FA 1:39.22 55° ART(10) [HR]



200 μ m

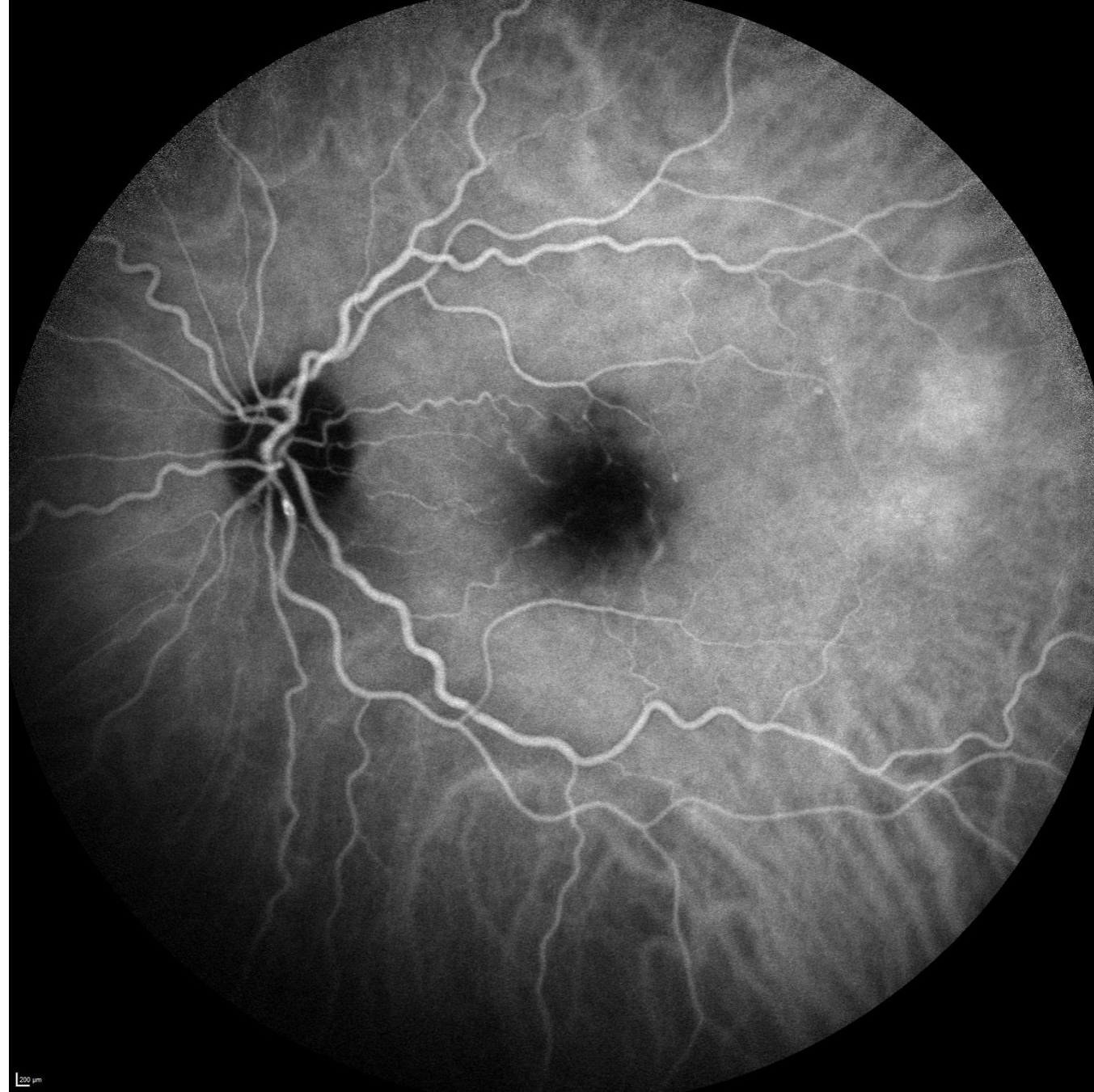
07/02/2018, OS
FA 2:57.45 55° ART(7) [HR]



200 μ m

07/02/2018, OS

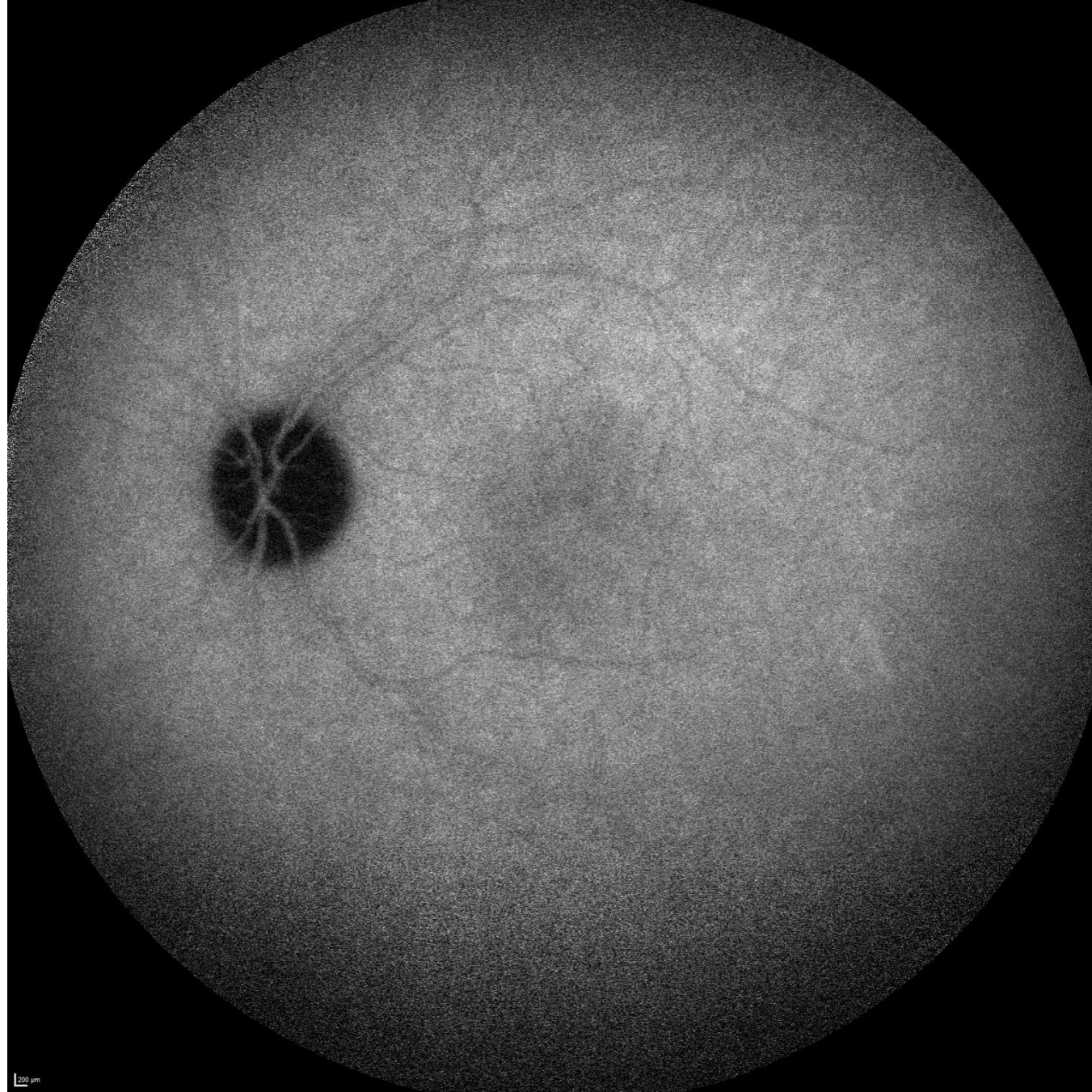
FA 4:32.70 55° ART(12) [HR]



200 μm

07/02/2018, OS

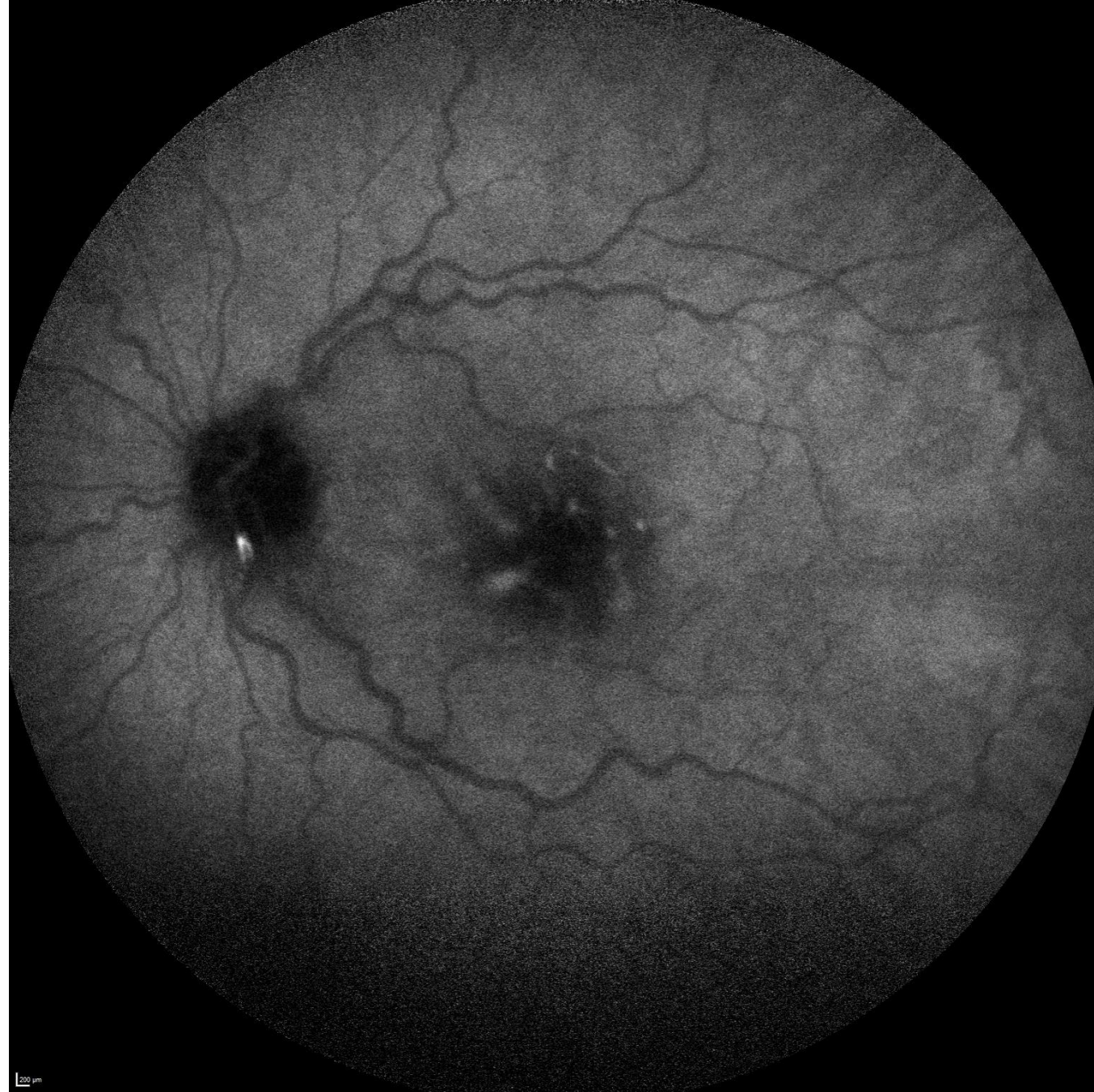
ICGA 7:54.37 55° ART(19) [HR]



200 µm

07/02/2018, OS

ICGA 12:21.56 55° ART(21) [HR]



200 μm

07/02/2018, OS

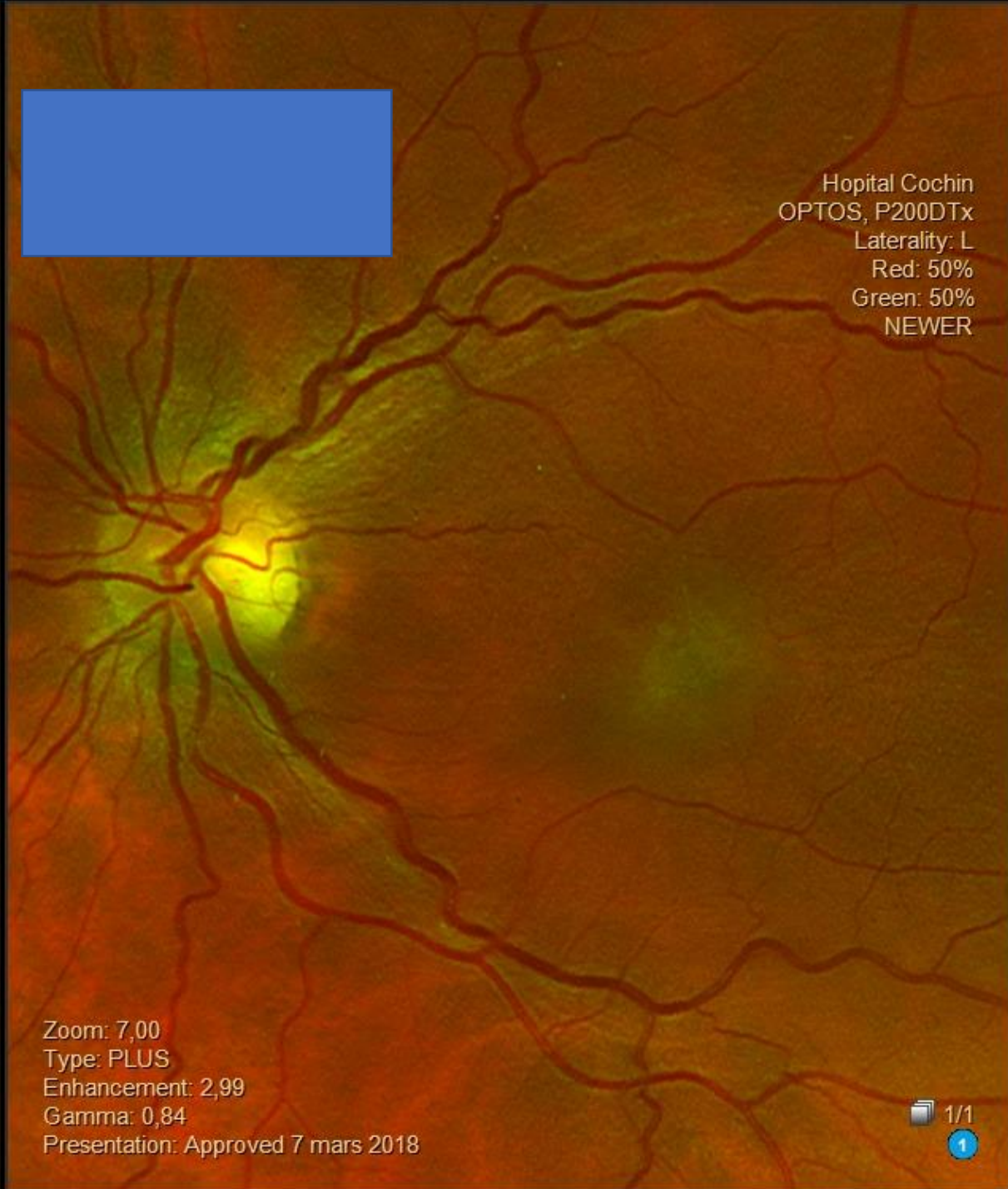
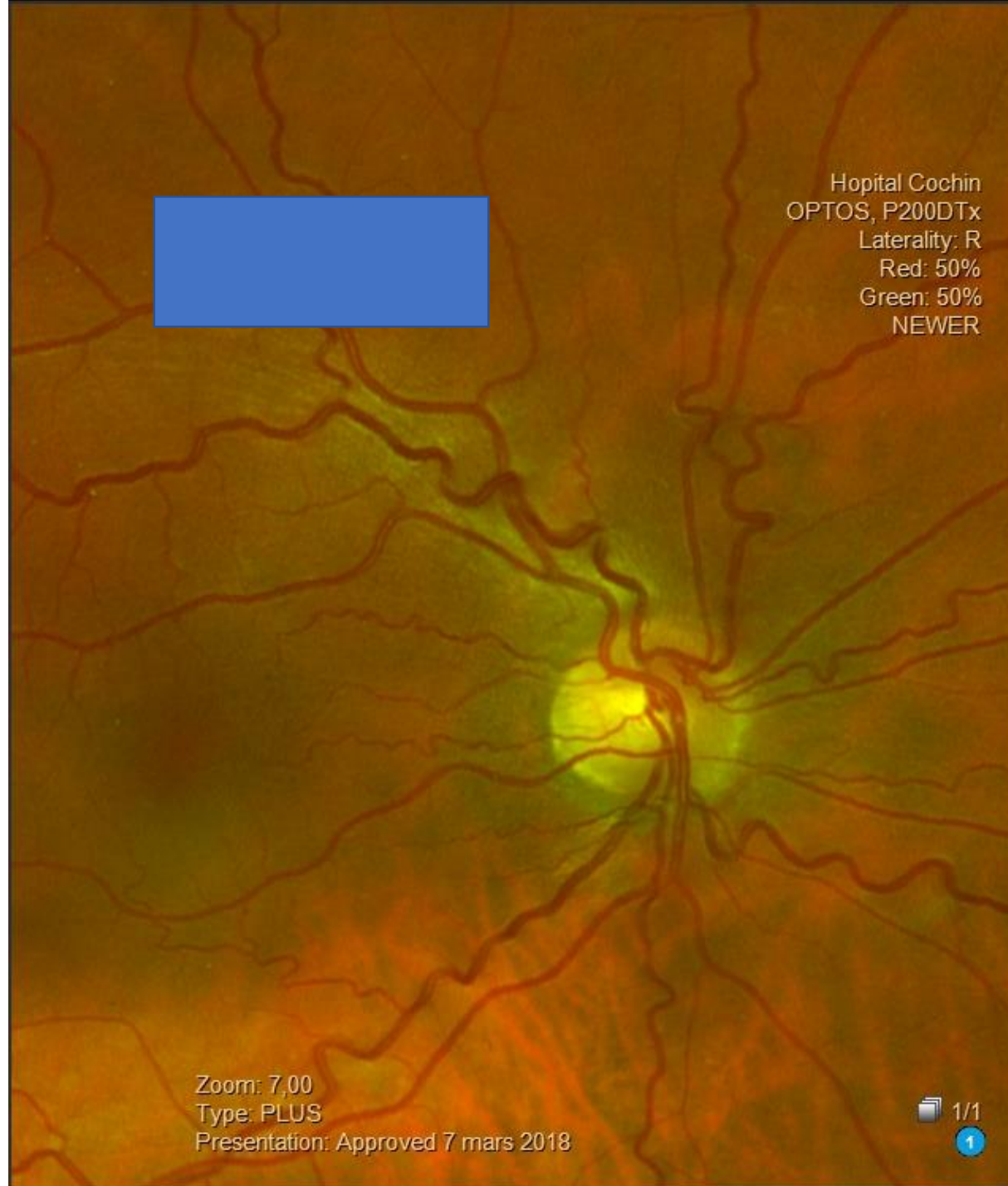
ICGA 14:59.07 55° ART(20) [HR]



200 µm

07/02/2018, OS

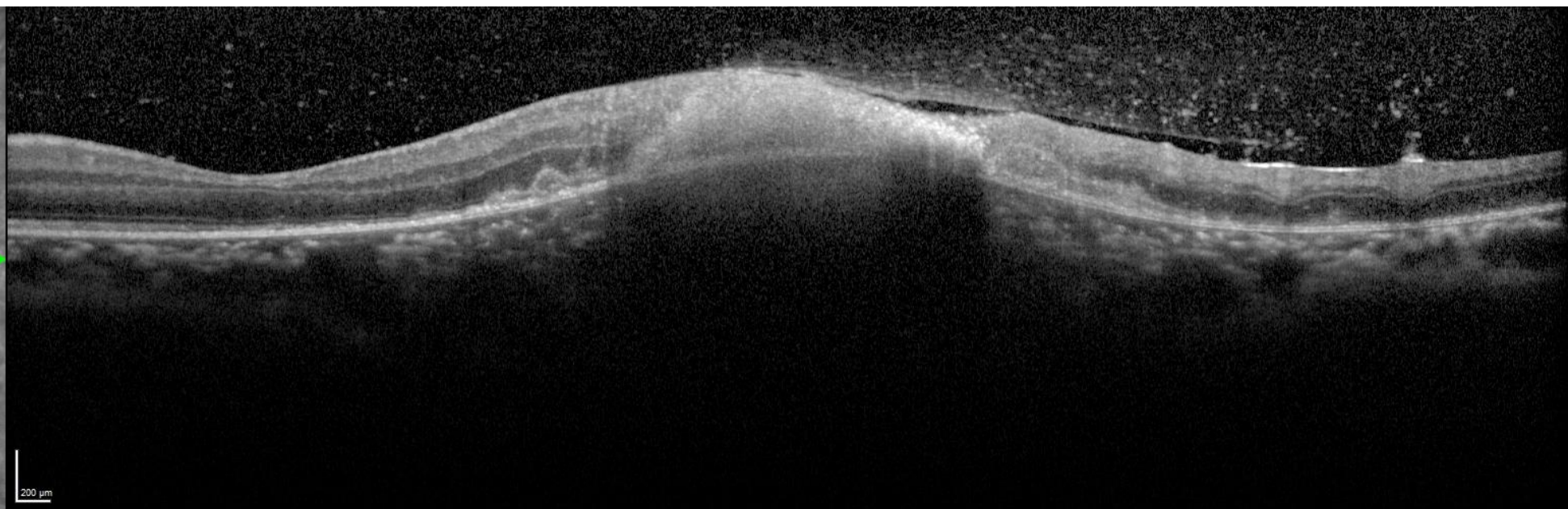
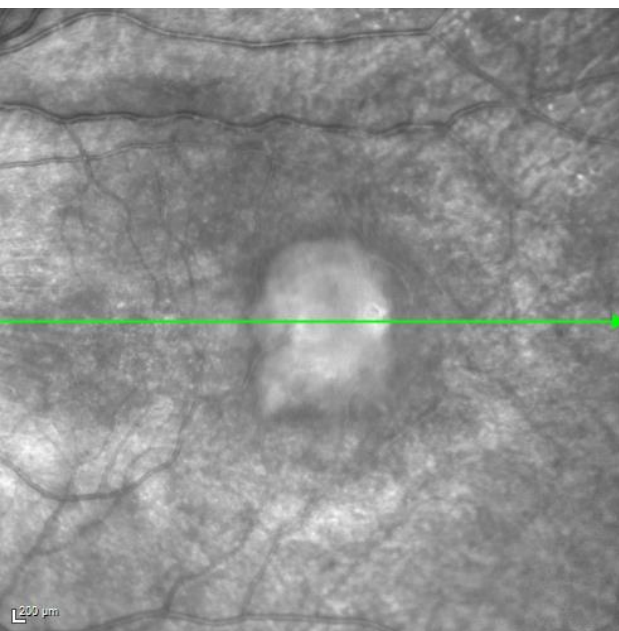
FA 11.03.89 55° ART(18) [HR]



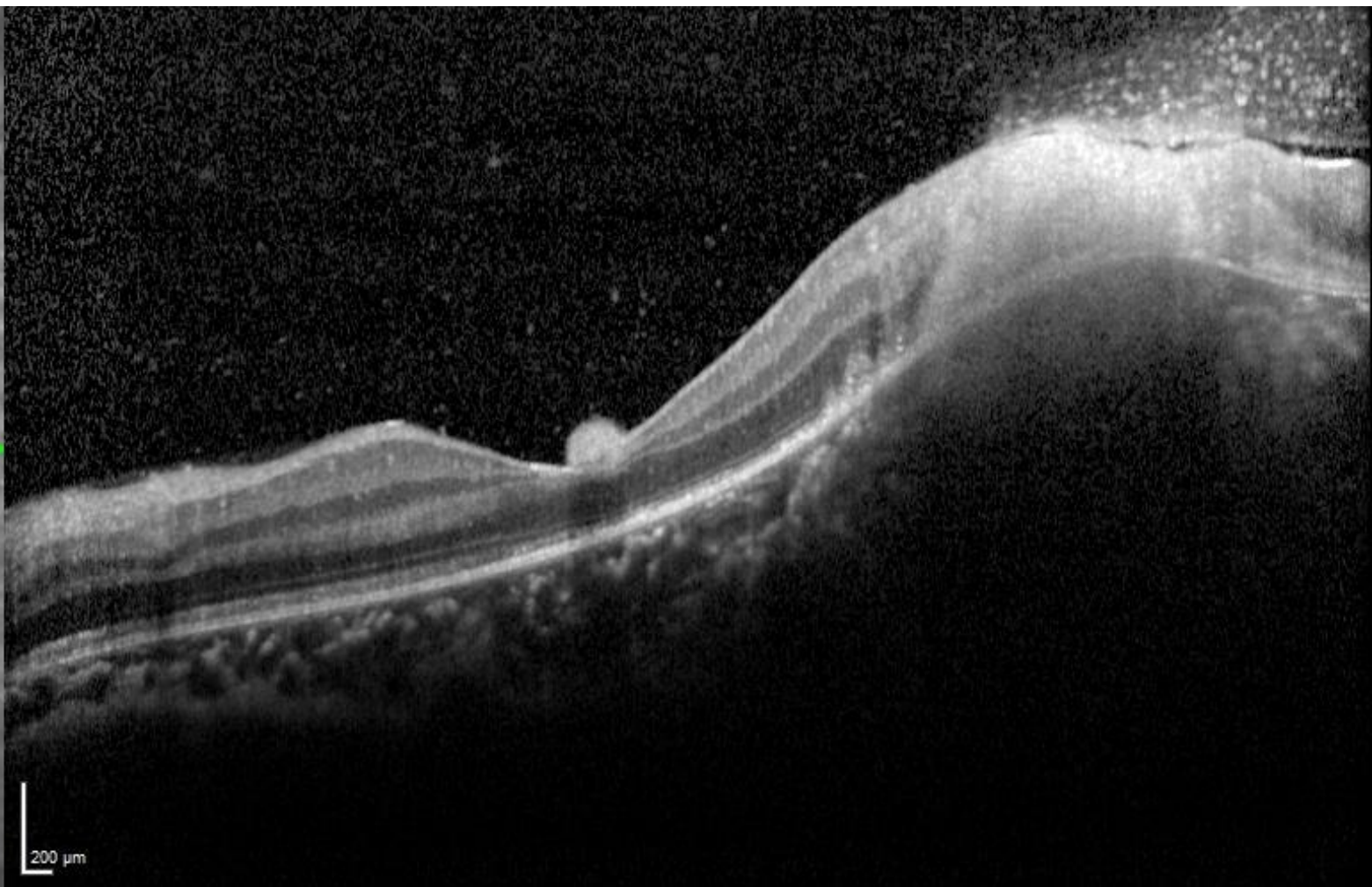
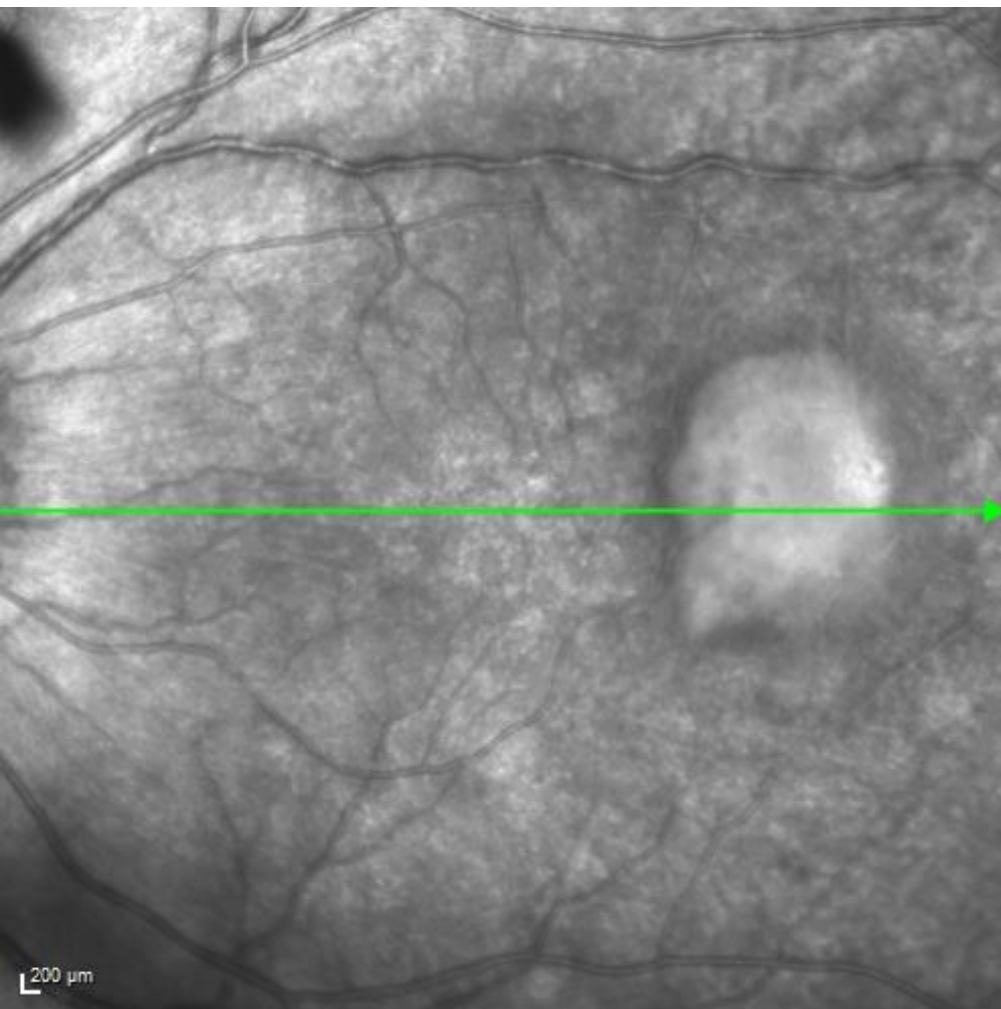
N°4





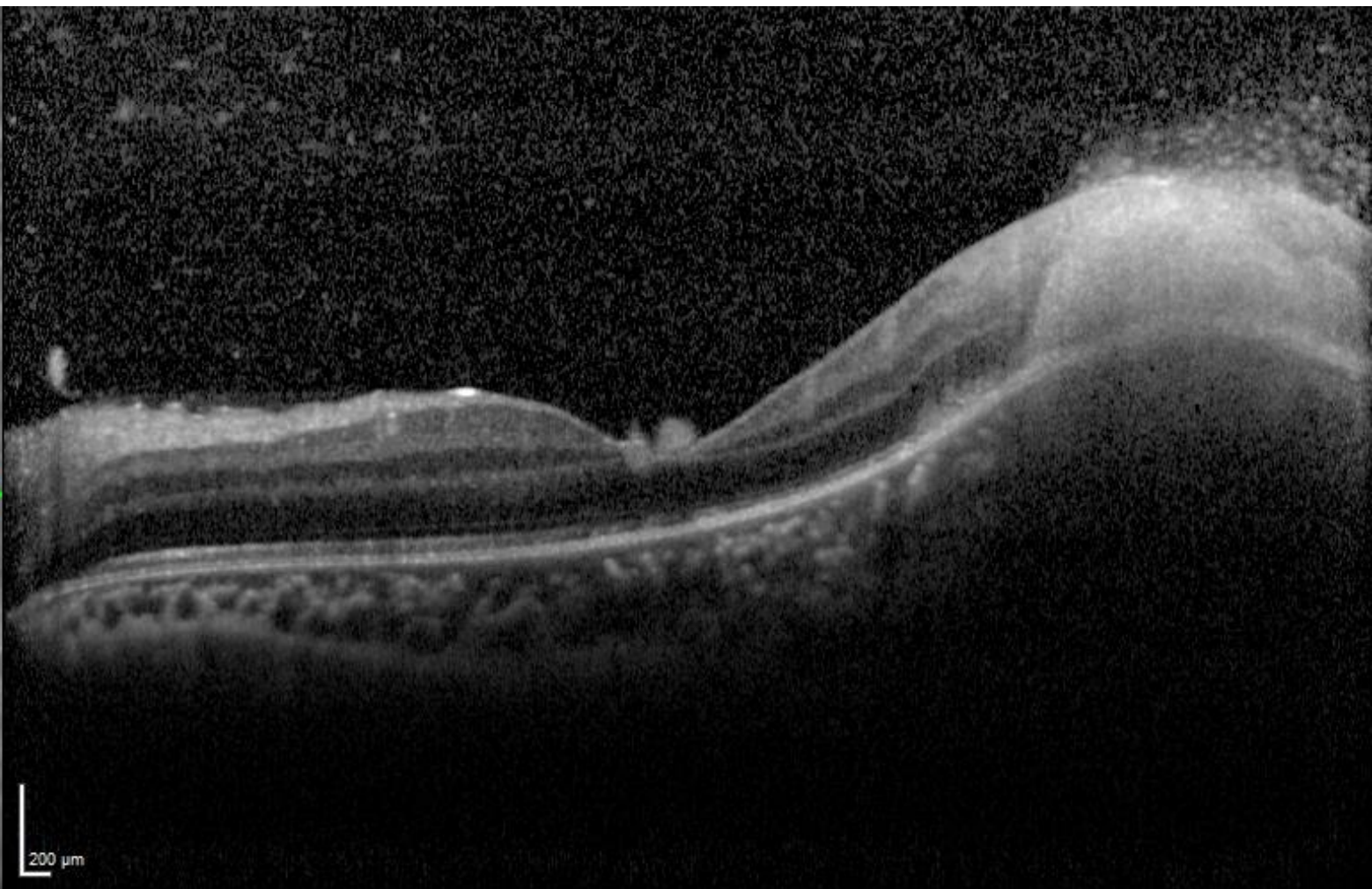
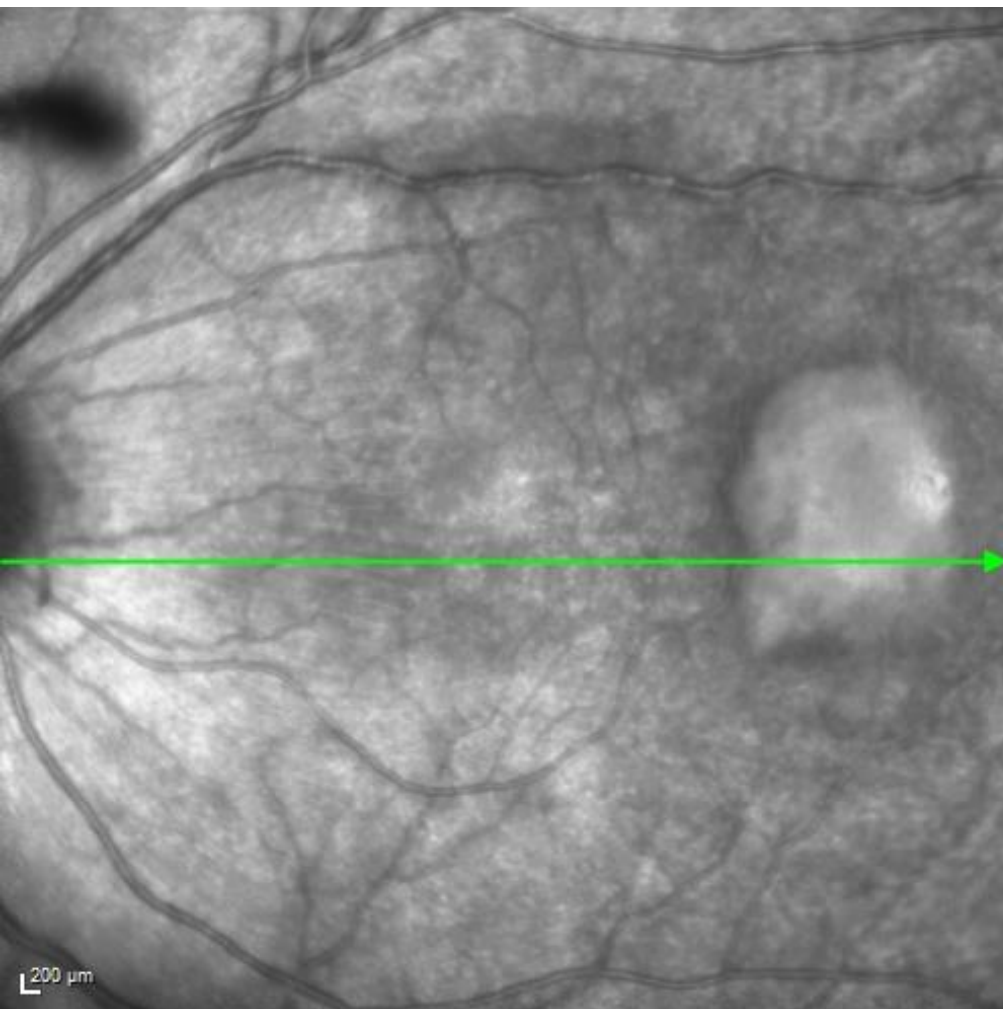


16/12/2016, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(35) Q: 31

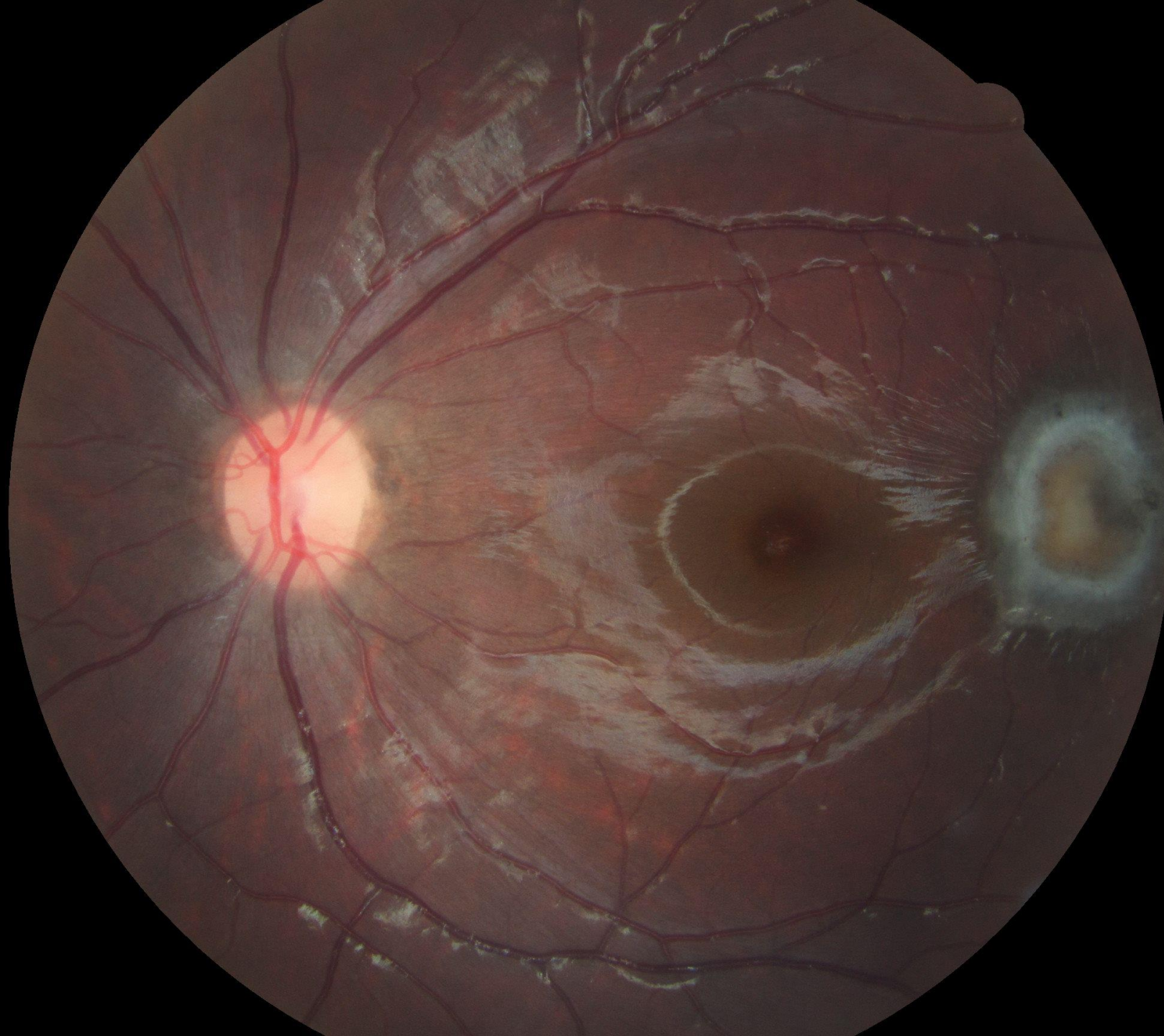


16/12/2016, OS

IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(97) Q: 31

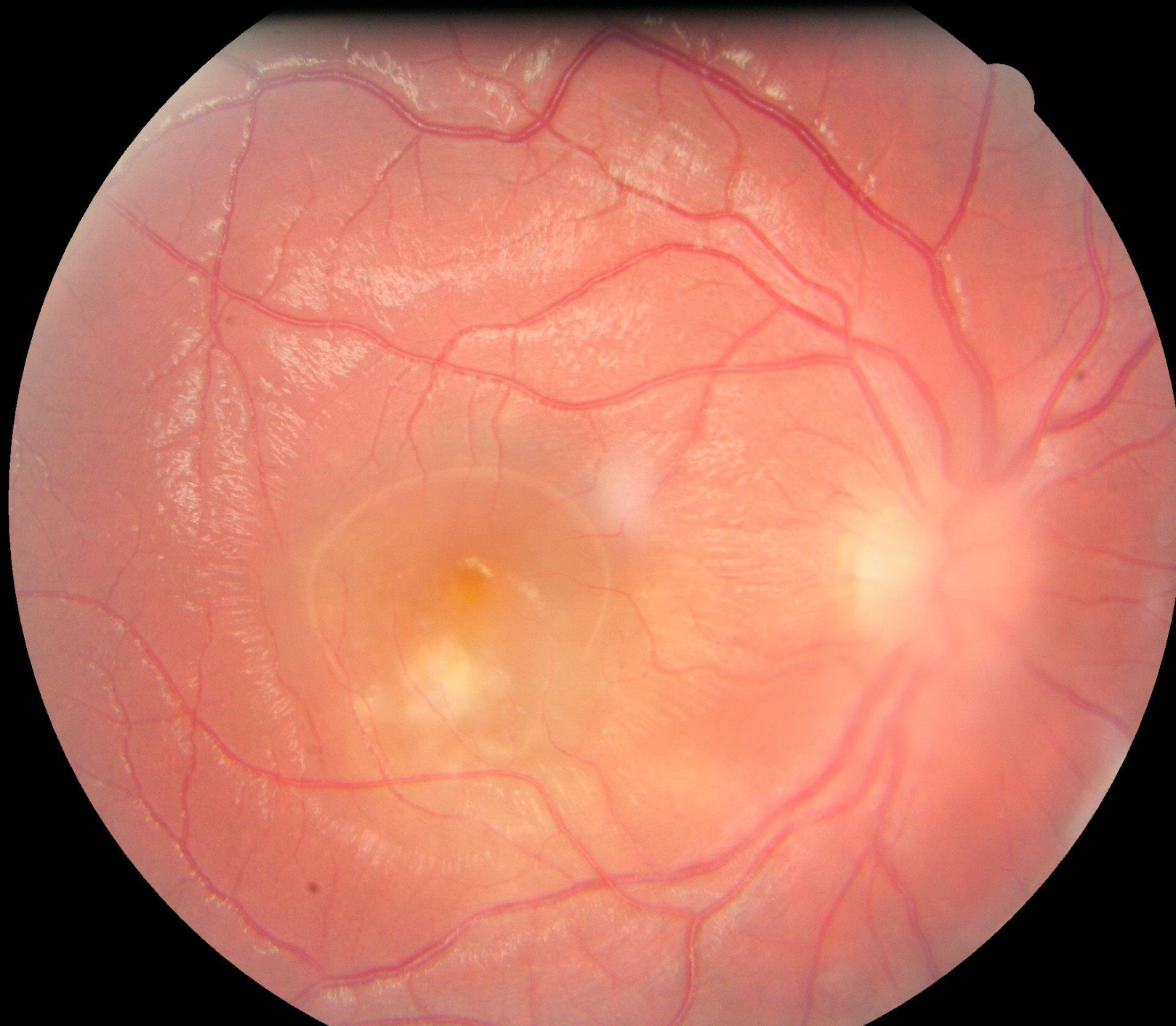


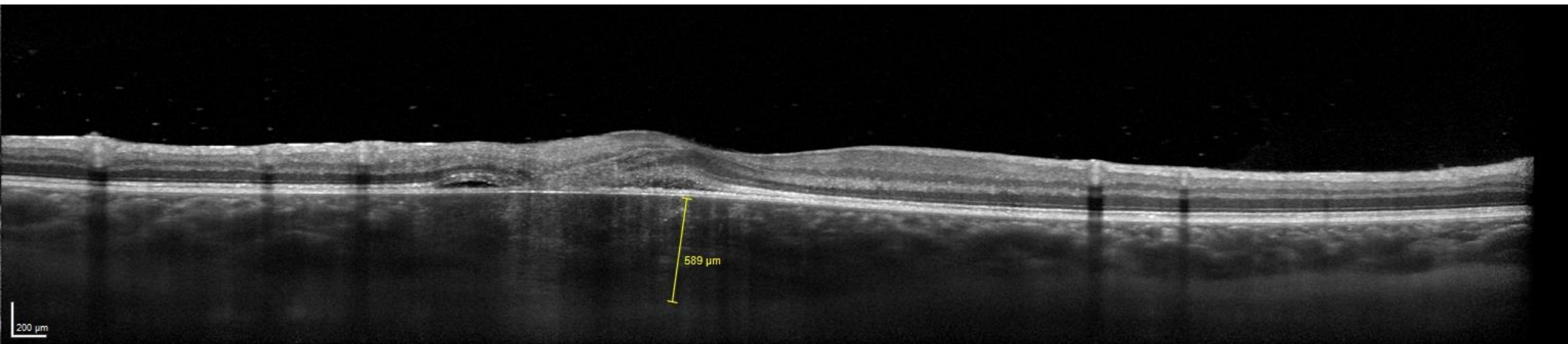
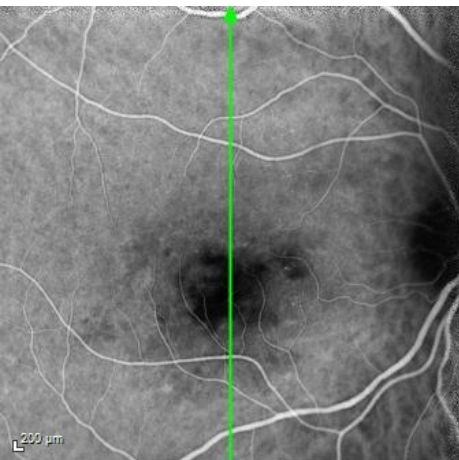
16/12/2016, OS
IR&OCT 30° ART [HS] ART(100) Q: 27



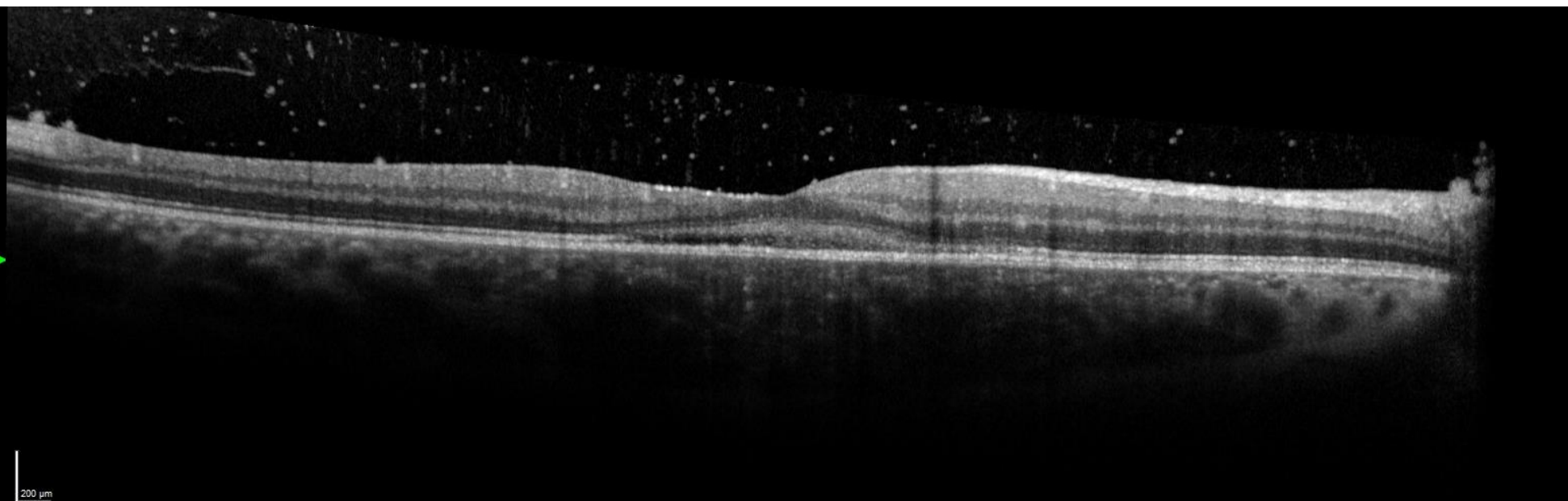
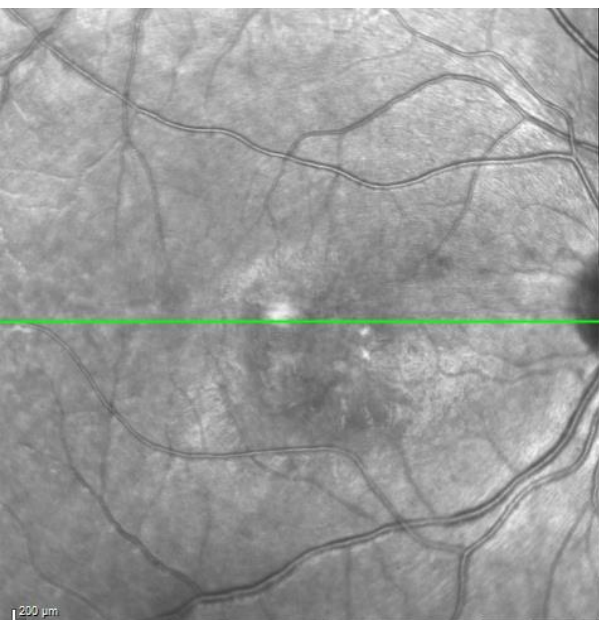


N°5

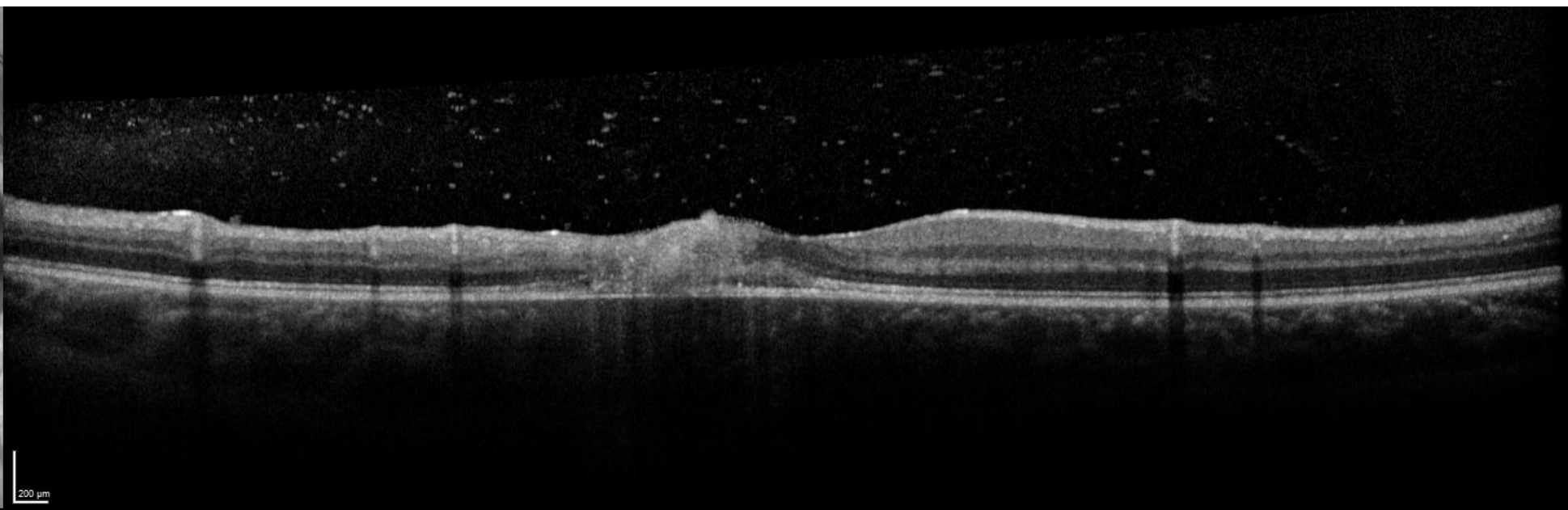




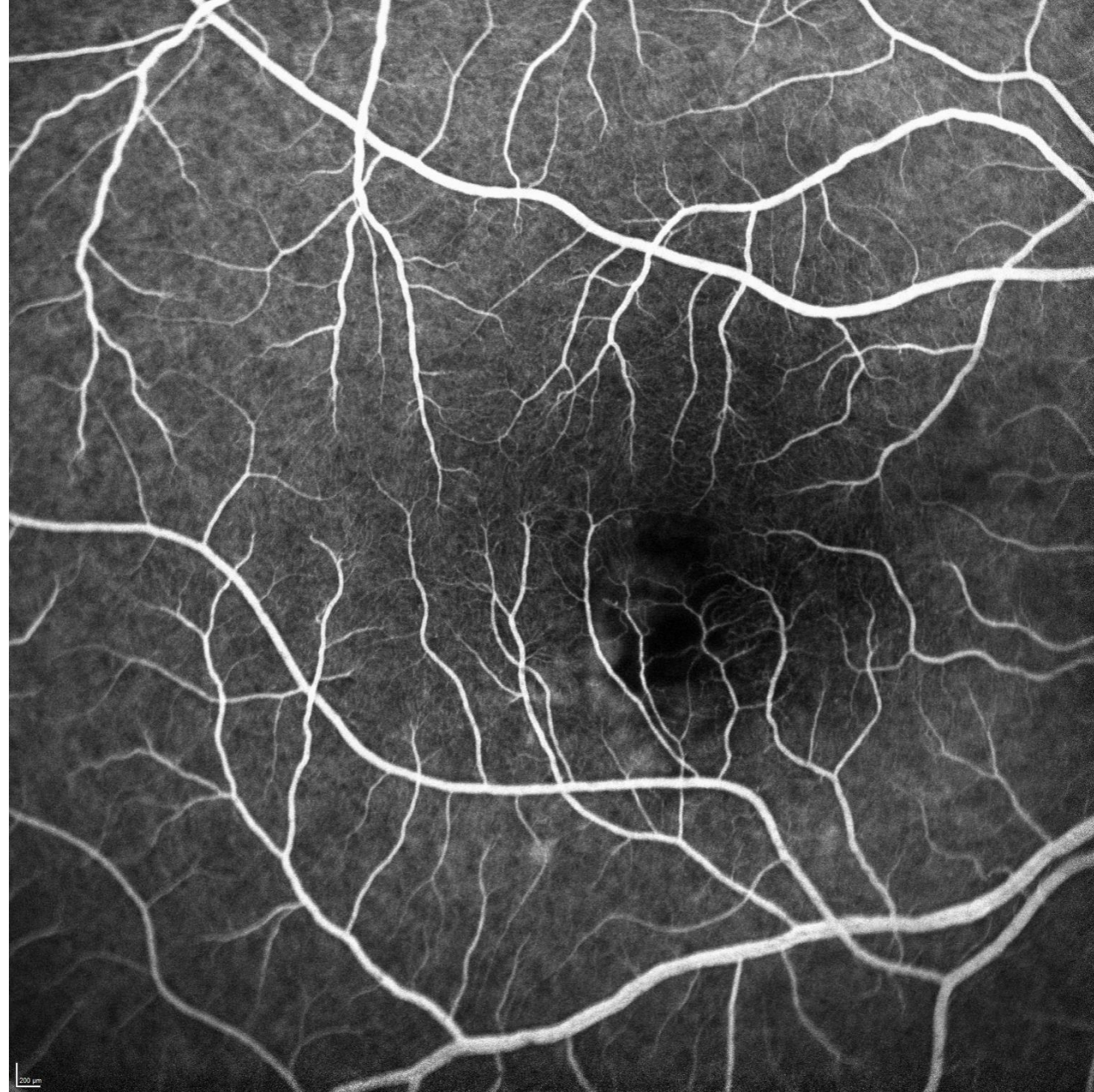
18/05/2016, OD
IRAF&OCT 30° ART EDI [HR] ART(57) Q: 43



19/05/2016, OD
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(14) Q: 38



19/05/2016, OD
IR&OCT 30° ART [HR] ART(7) Q: 37

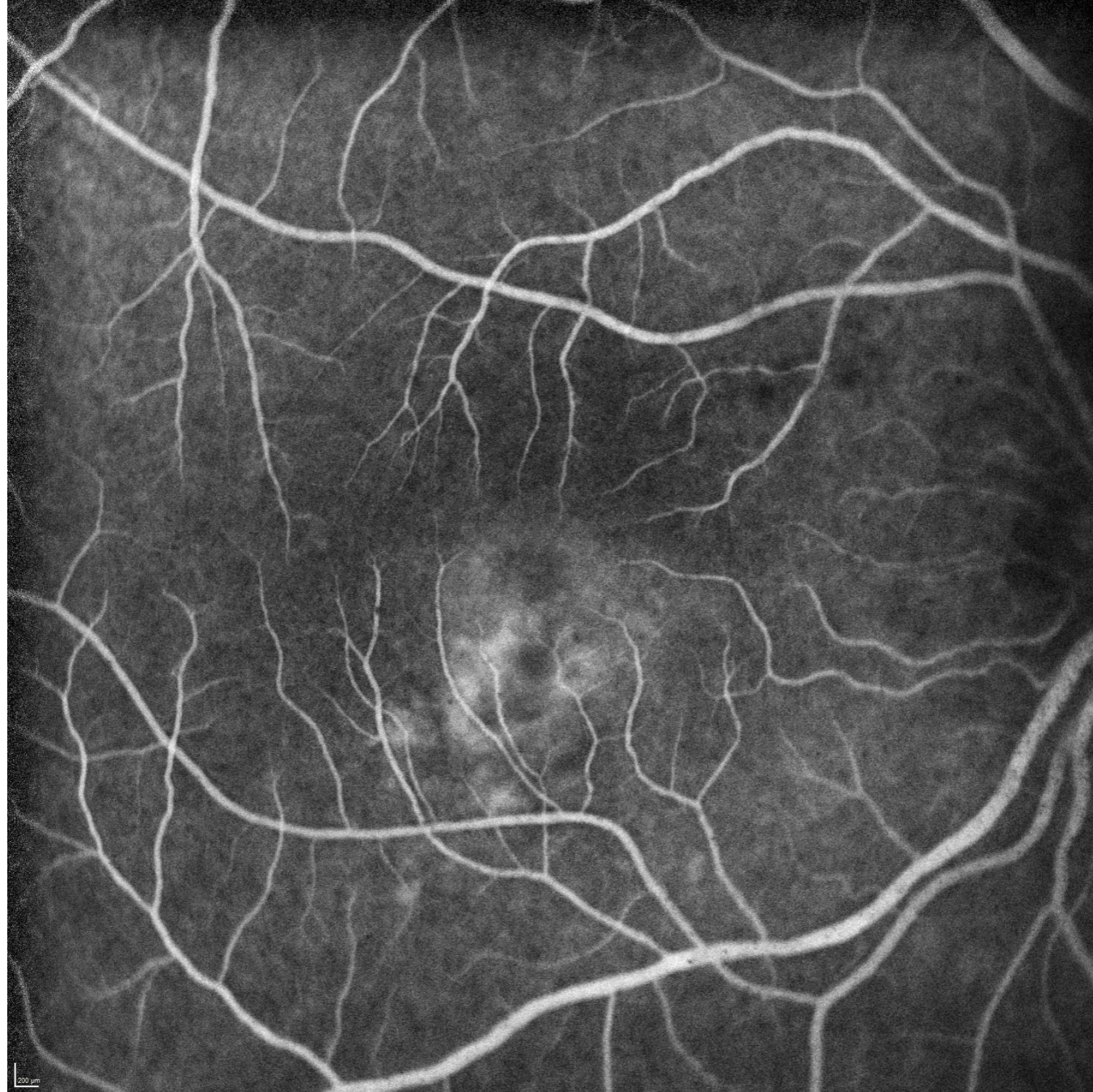




200 µm

18/05/2016, OD

FA 1:29.70 30° ART(8) [HR]



18/05/2016, OD

FA 3:43.17 30° ART(15) [HR]



200 µm

18/05/2016, OD

FA 7:06.90 30° ART(12) [HR]



18/05/2016, OD
FA 18.28.90 30° ART(14) [HR]



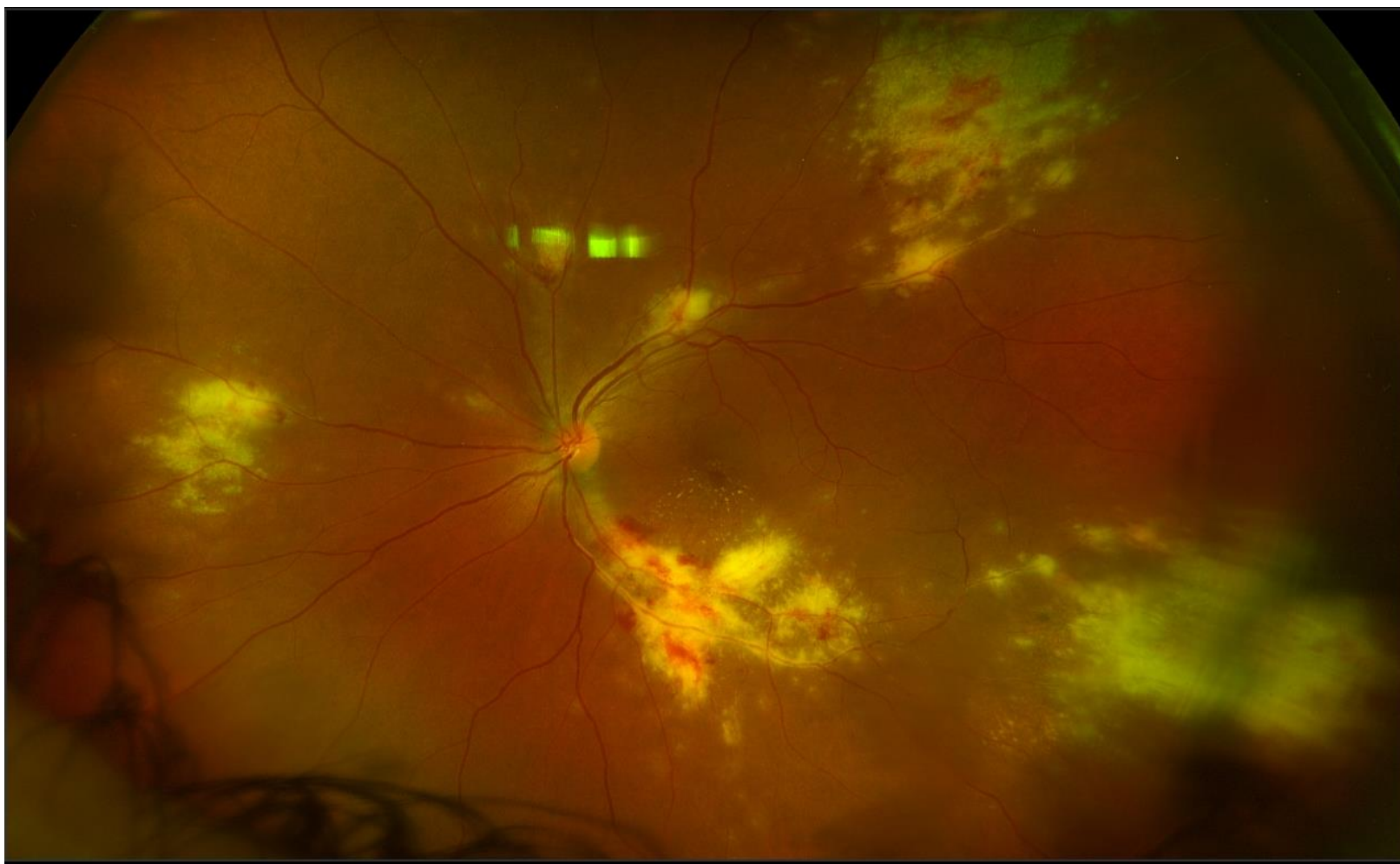
N°6

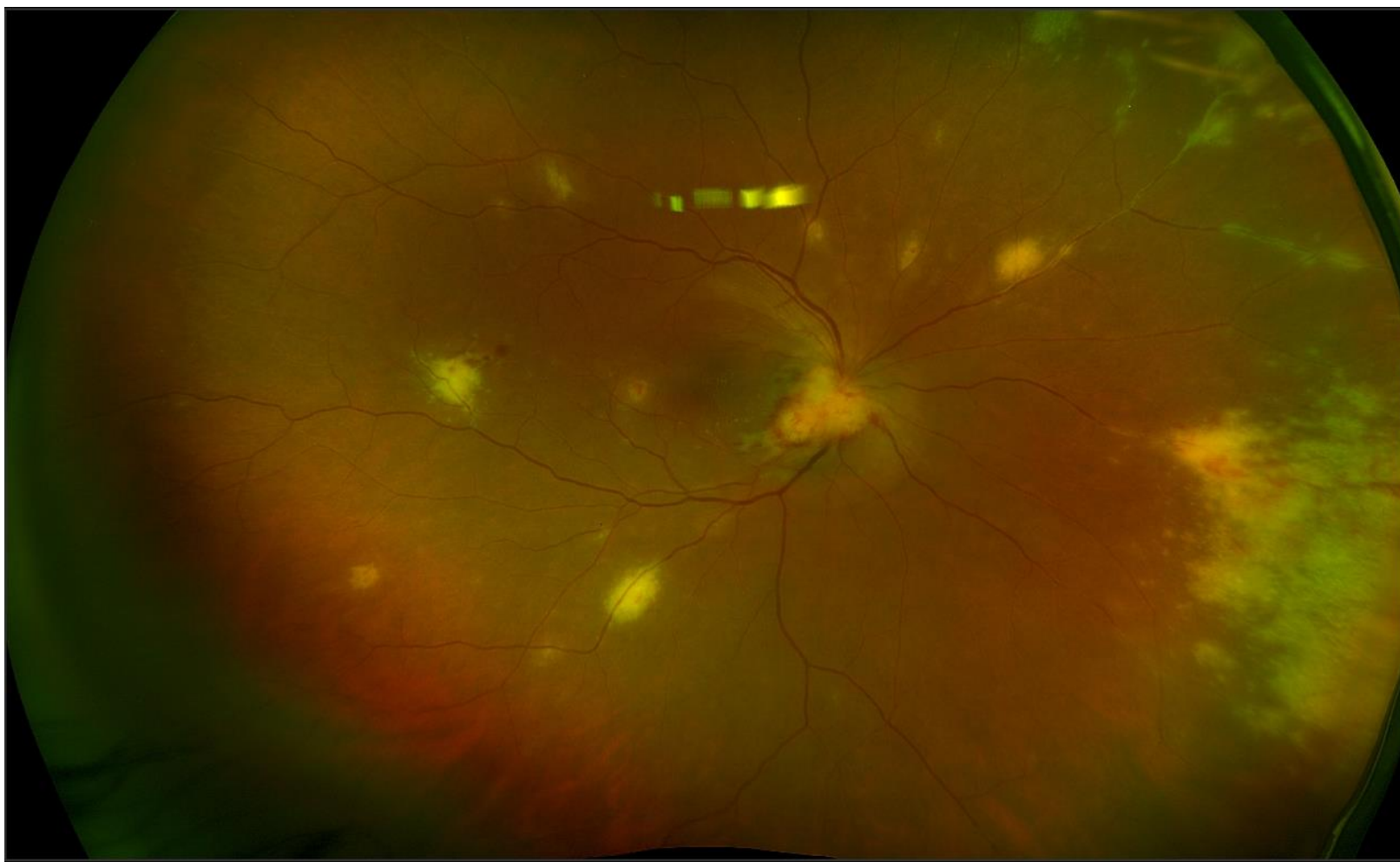


N°7

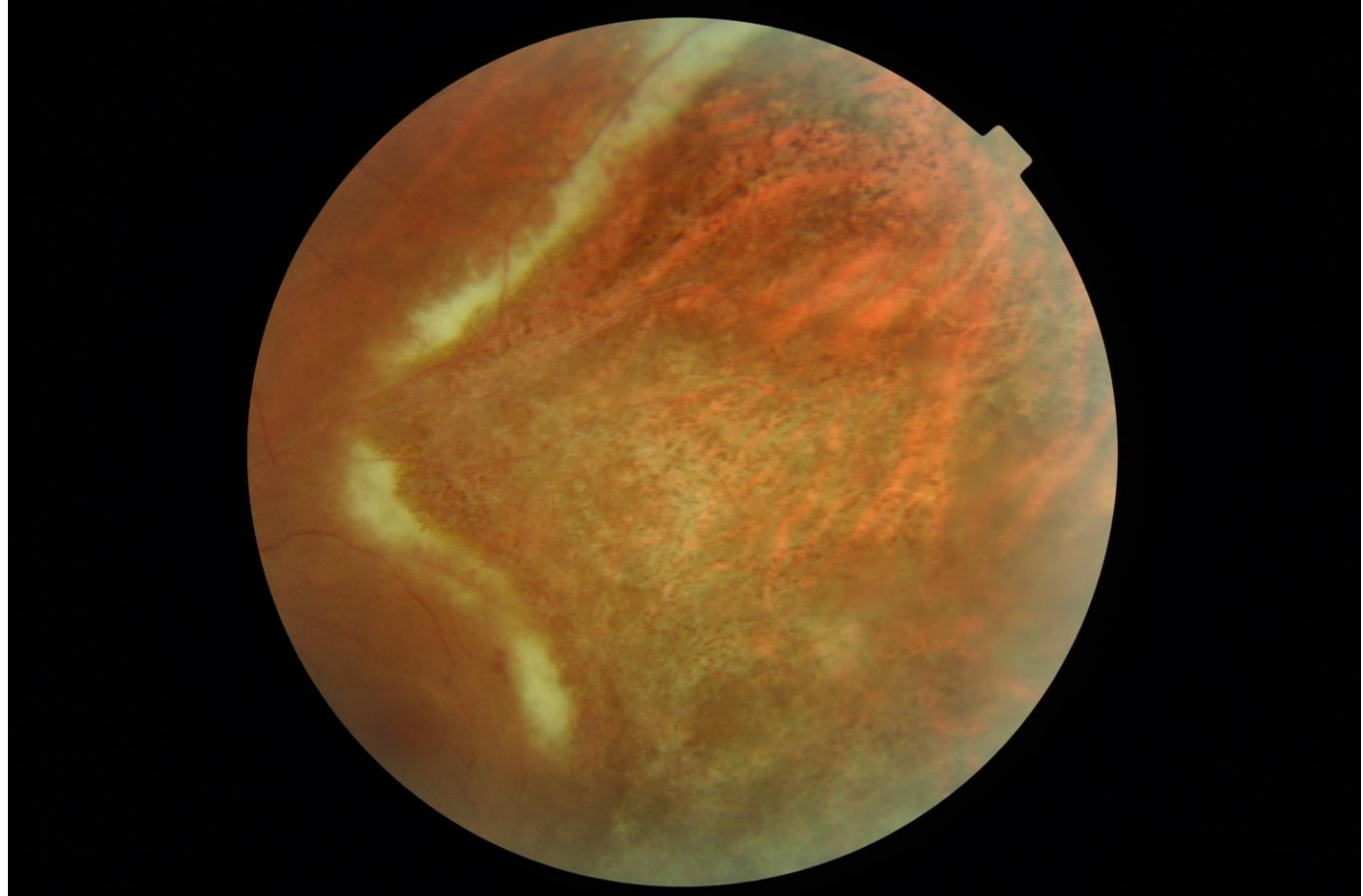


Rétinites à CMV









Cas clinique N°6

M. G 51 ans, écrivain

A 35 ans : Leucémie aiguë myéloïde (LAM). Allogreffé en rémission

A 48 ans : Rechute de sa LAM. Allogreffé en absence de rémission

Par ailleurs :

Zona interfessier droit en 2004. Apergillose en 2015.

Hypogammaglobulinémie à 2.8g/L

Insuffisance rénale chronique

Absence de traitement depuis l'arrêt du Zelitrex et de la Wellvone le 2/10/2018.

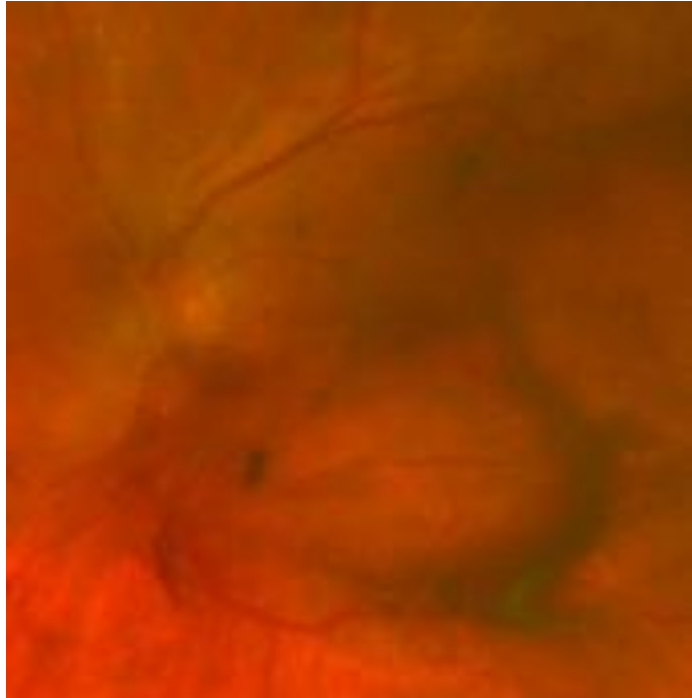
Consultation hématologie le 17/10/2018 : Déficit du releveur du pied droit et paresthésie du membre supérieur gauche sans déficit moteur depuis 5 jours.

→ IRM médullaire normale. Demande d'EMG en attente

Consultation en ophtalmologie le 13/11/2018: Baisse acuité visuelle à gauche avec voile

♂ 51 ans, baisse d'acuité visuelle OG

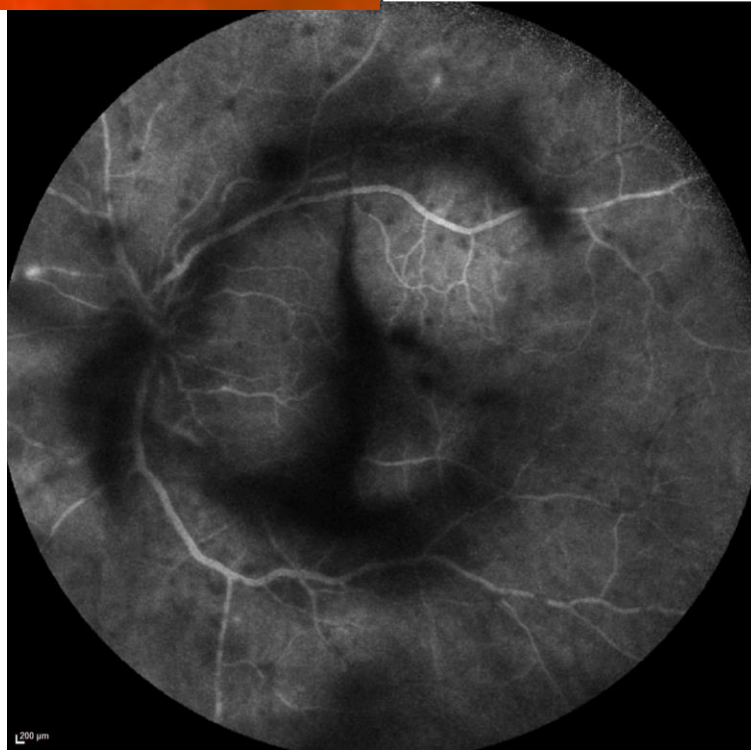




OD : 10/10 OG : 7/10

OD : normal

OG : Œdème cornéen
Tyndall 2+
PIO 55 mmHg
Hyalite 2+



EN MEDECINE INTERNE

Clinique

Pas d'anomalie des paires crâniennes

Déficit moteur 3/5 de flexion et extension des 3 premiers doigts main gauche.

Déficit à 1/5 du releveur du pied droit

Pas de zona

Biologie

NFS normale. CRP à 7. ANCA, AAN, FR –
VIH -, VHC -, VHB -, TPHA VDRL –

Méningite lymphocytaire : 50 éléments

Autres

IRM cérébrale et médullaire normales

EMG : polyneuropathie démyélinisante

Diagnostic ?

Ponction de chambre antérieure à gauche : PCR + / VZV
Ponction lombaire : PCR + / VZV

Traitement :

Systémique : Aciclovir IV à 15 mg/kg/8h pendant 21 jours

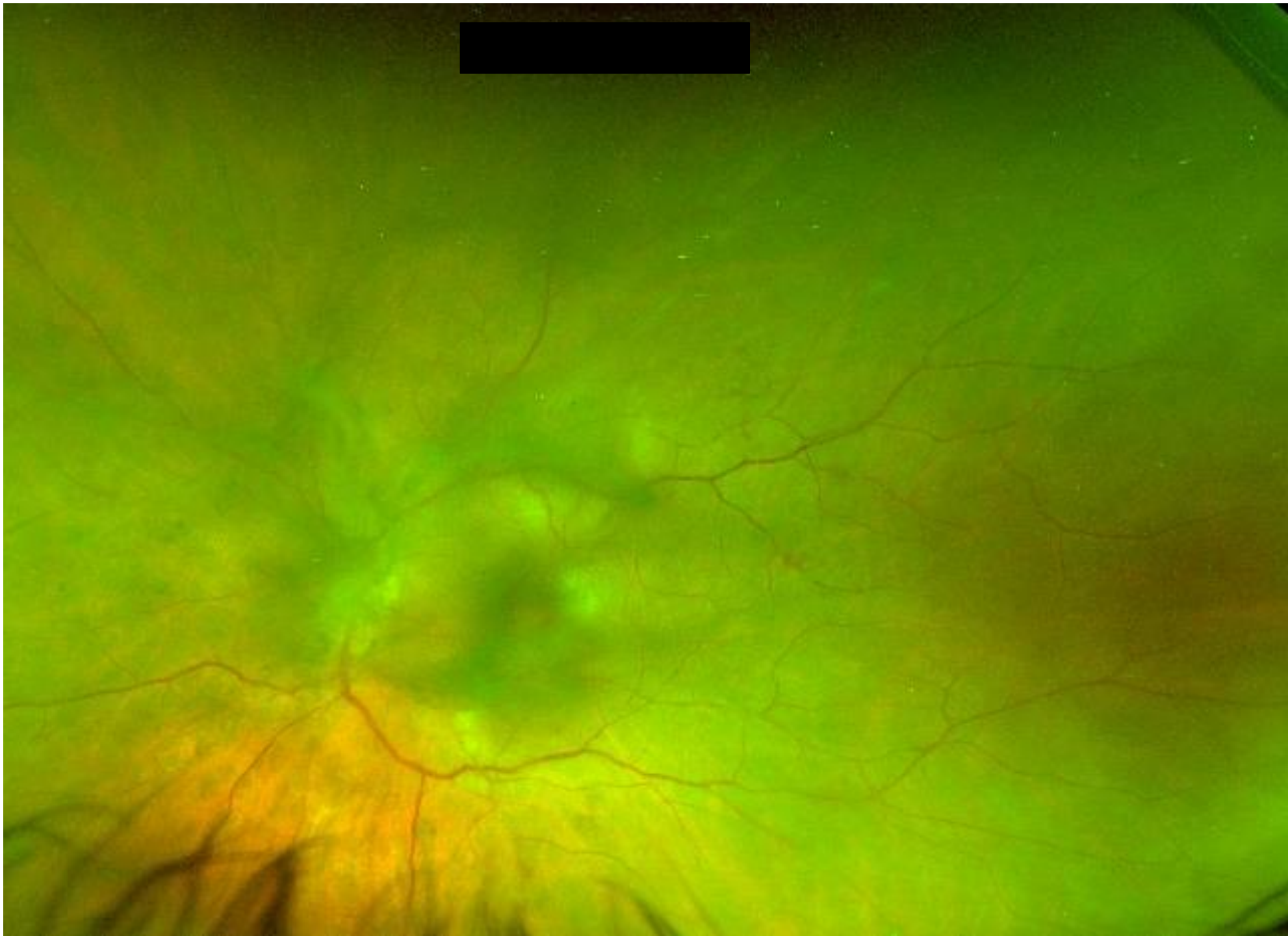
Devant l'absence d'amélioration à J7

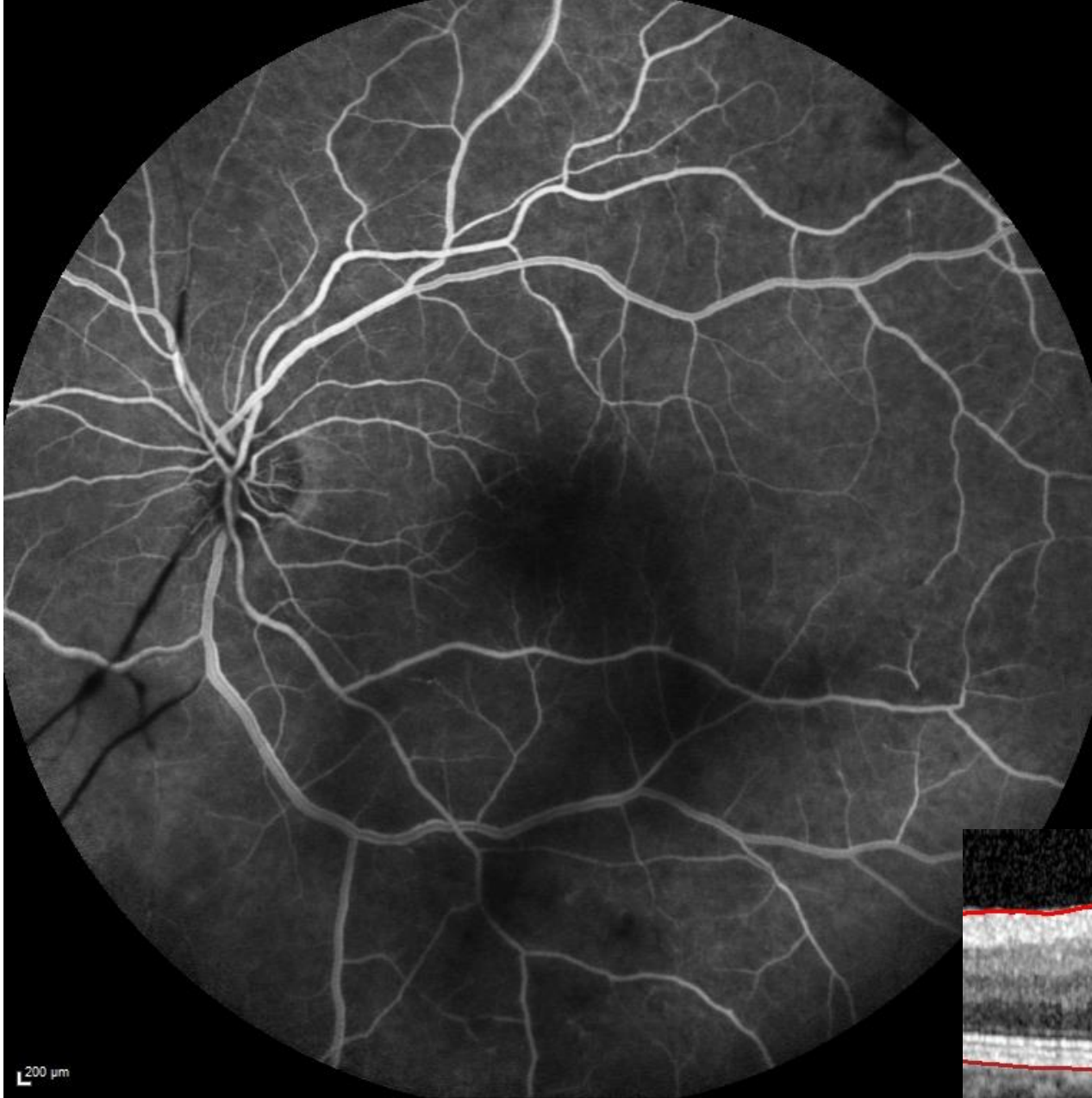
Foscavir 2,4mg / injection intravitréenne x 4 (2 fois /semaine)

Avec surveillance de la décroissance de la charge virale VZV

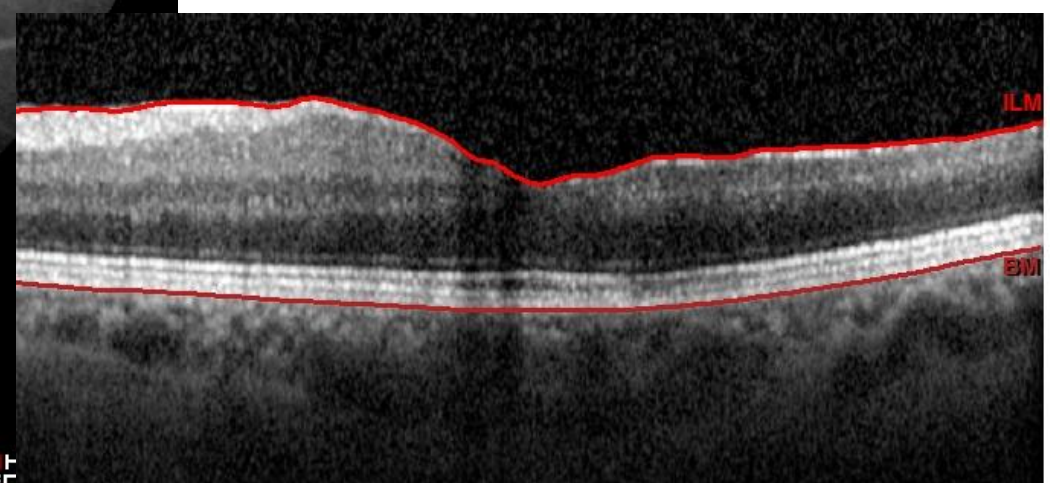
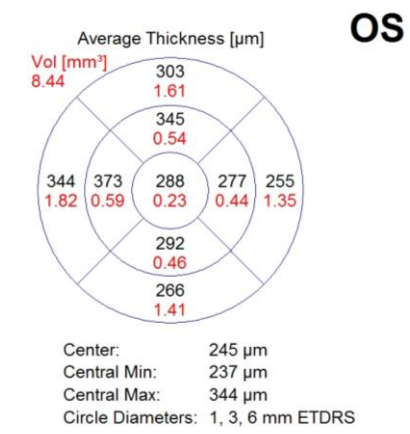
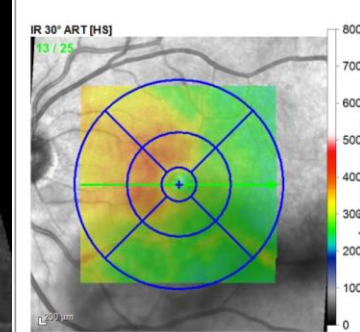
+

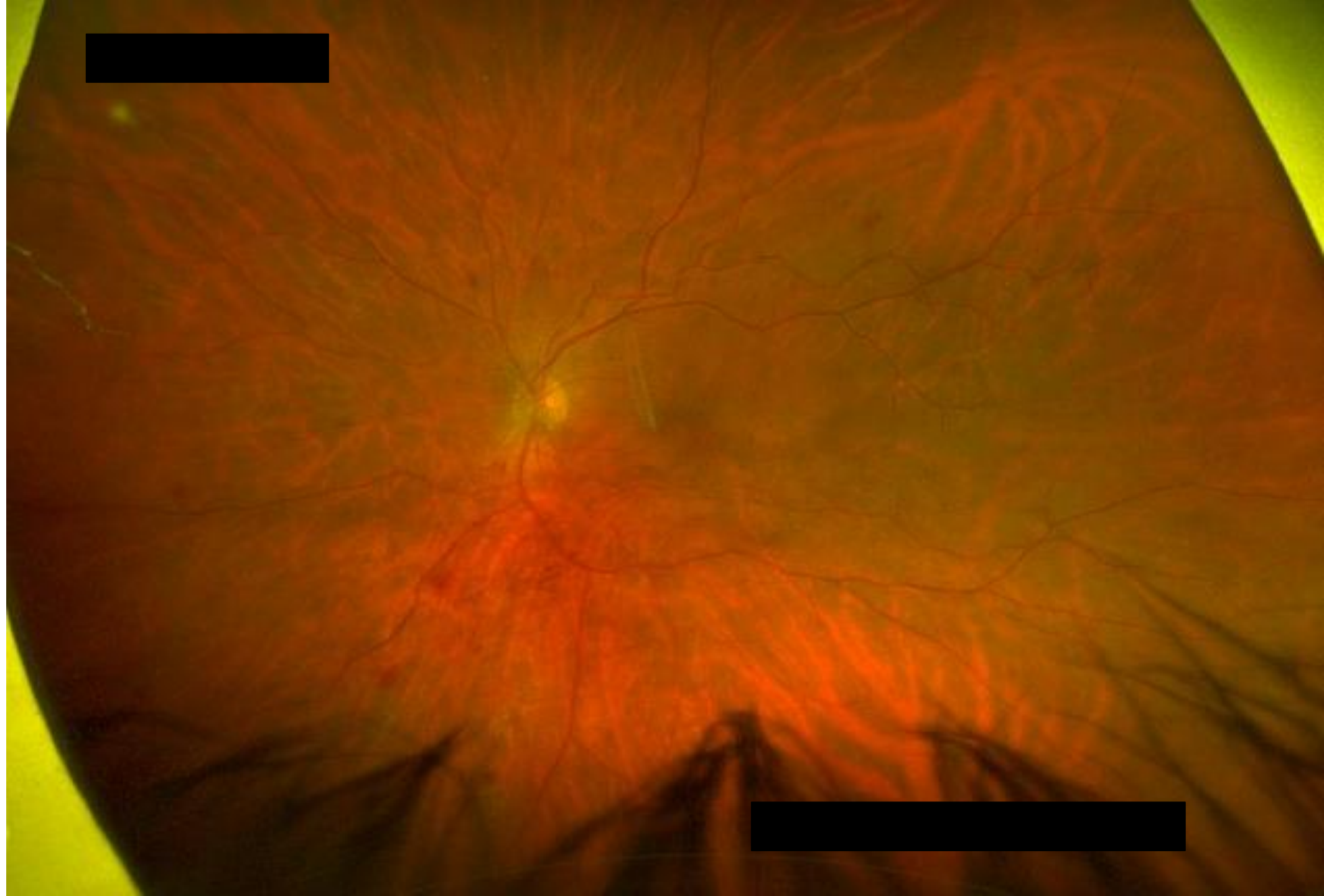
Corticothérapie systémique





02/01/2019, OS
 FA 0:43.28 55° ART(24)



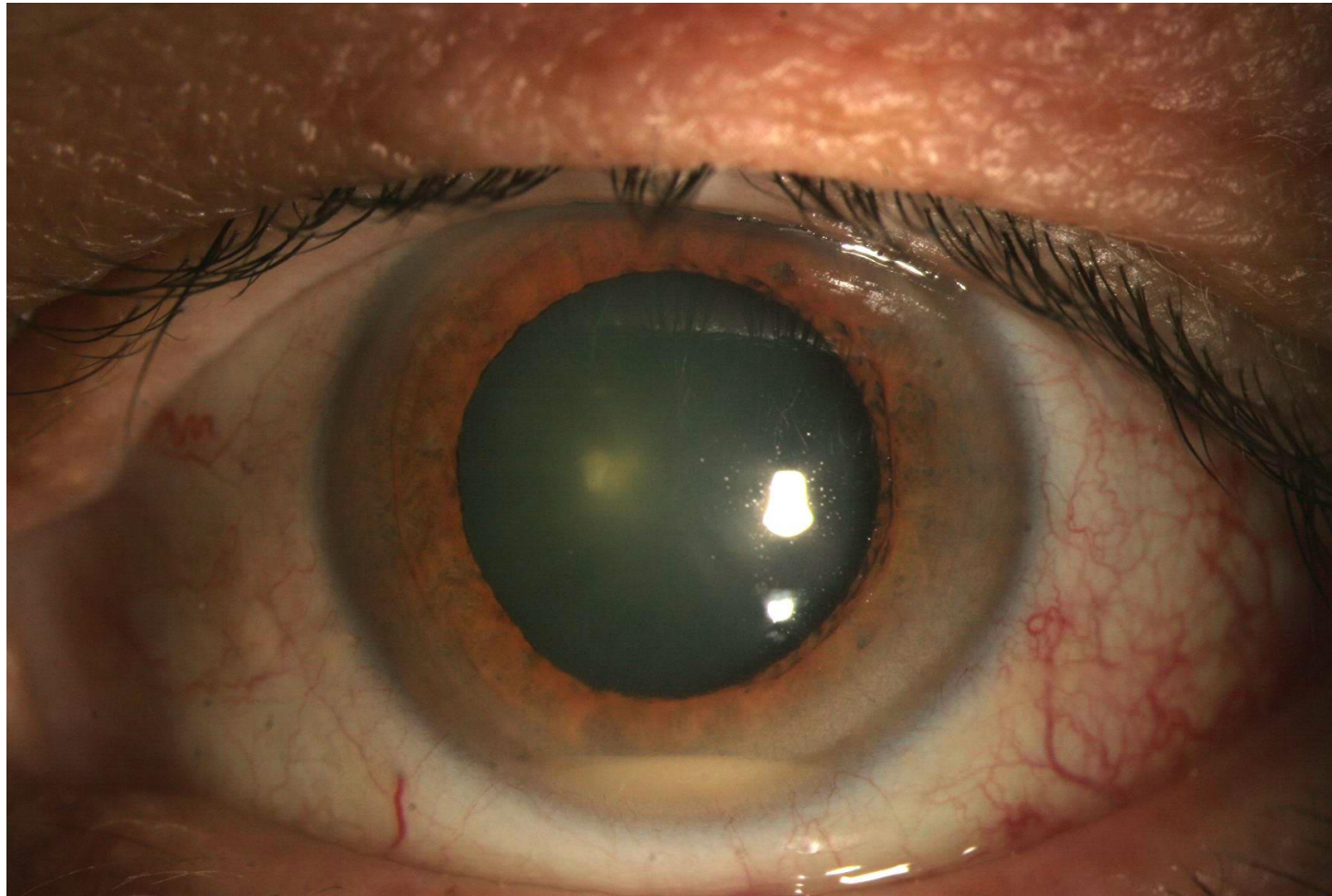


Merci

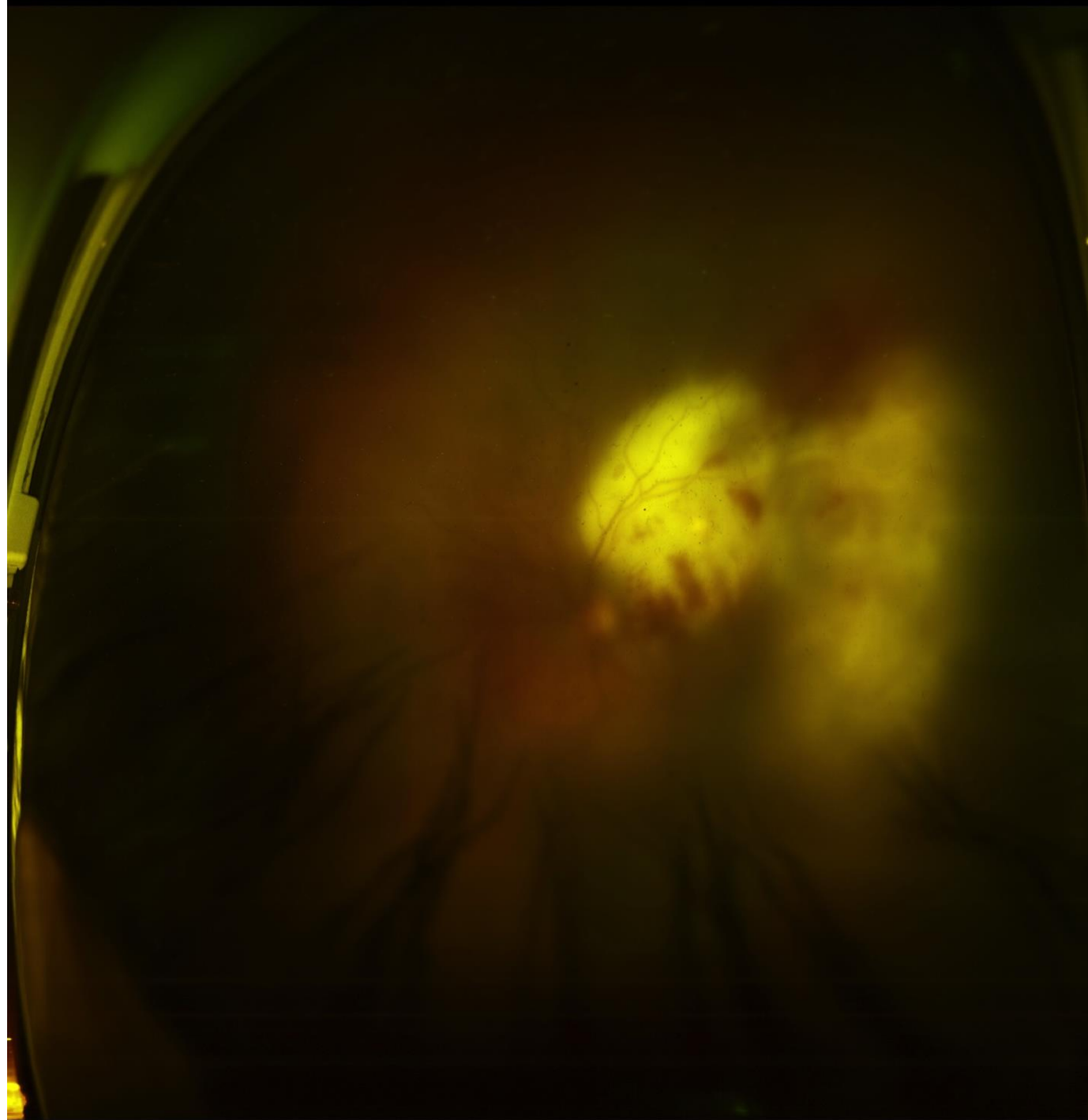
Monsieur C, 54 ans

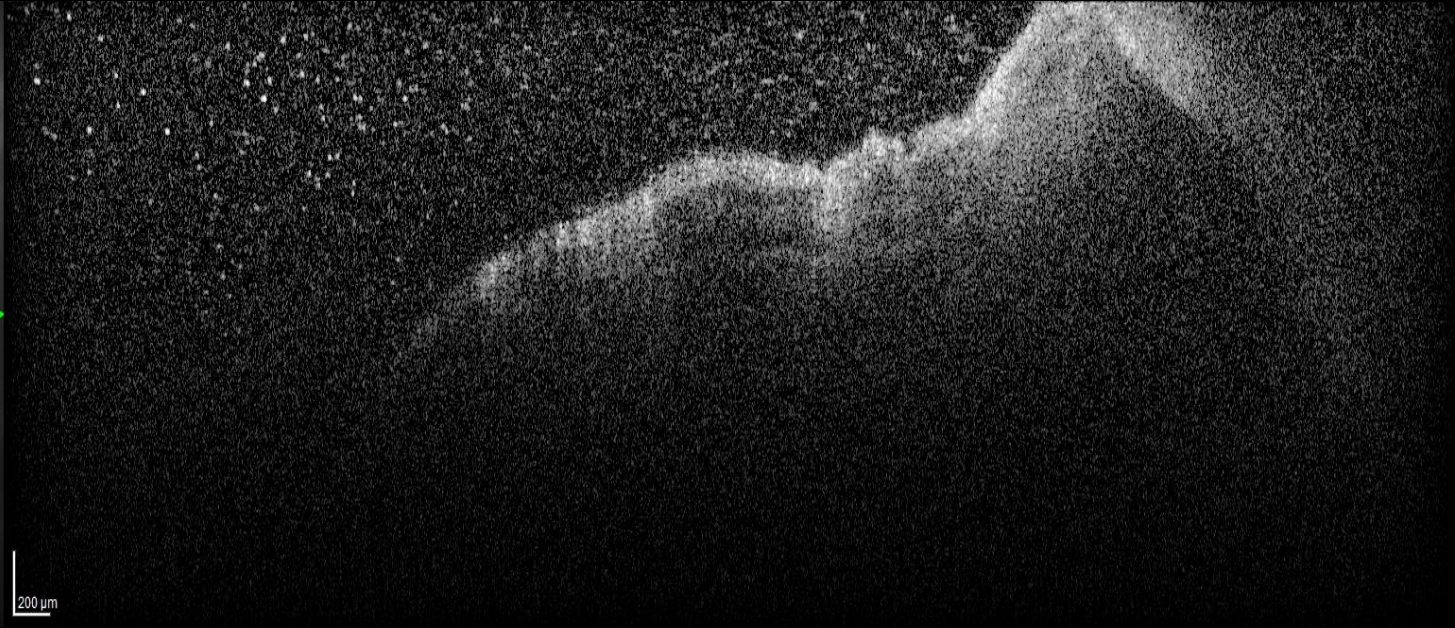
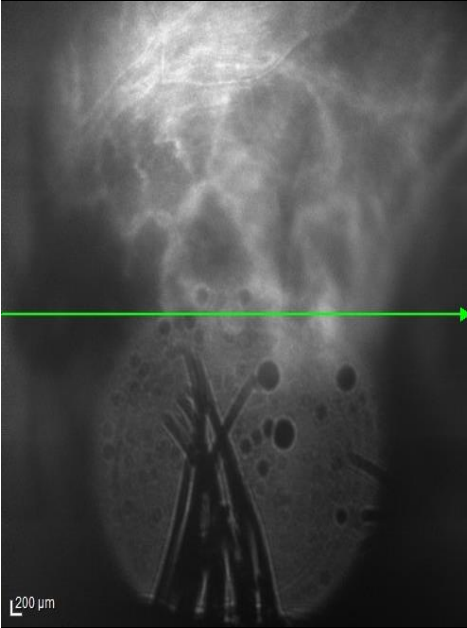
Baisse d'acuité visuelle installée en quelques jours du côté gauche

AV OD 1,0 OG VBLM









Mr C., 54 ans

- Suspicion initiale de rétinite virale, atypique devant :
 - Hypopion
 - Hyalite (atypique si CMV)
 - Contexte fébrile
 - Importante altération de l'état général
 - Syndrome inflammatoire biologique

**Hospitalisation pour bilan étiologique
et enquête infectieuse**

Mr C., 54 ans

■ Antécédents

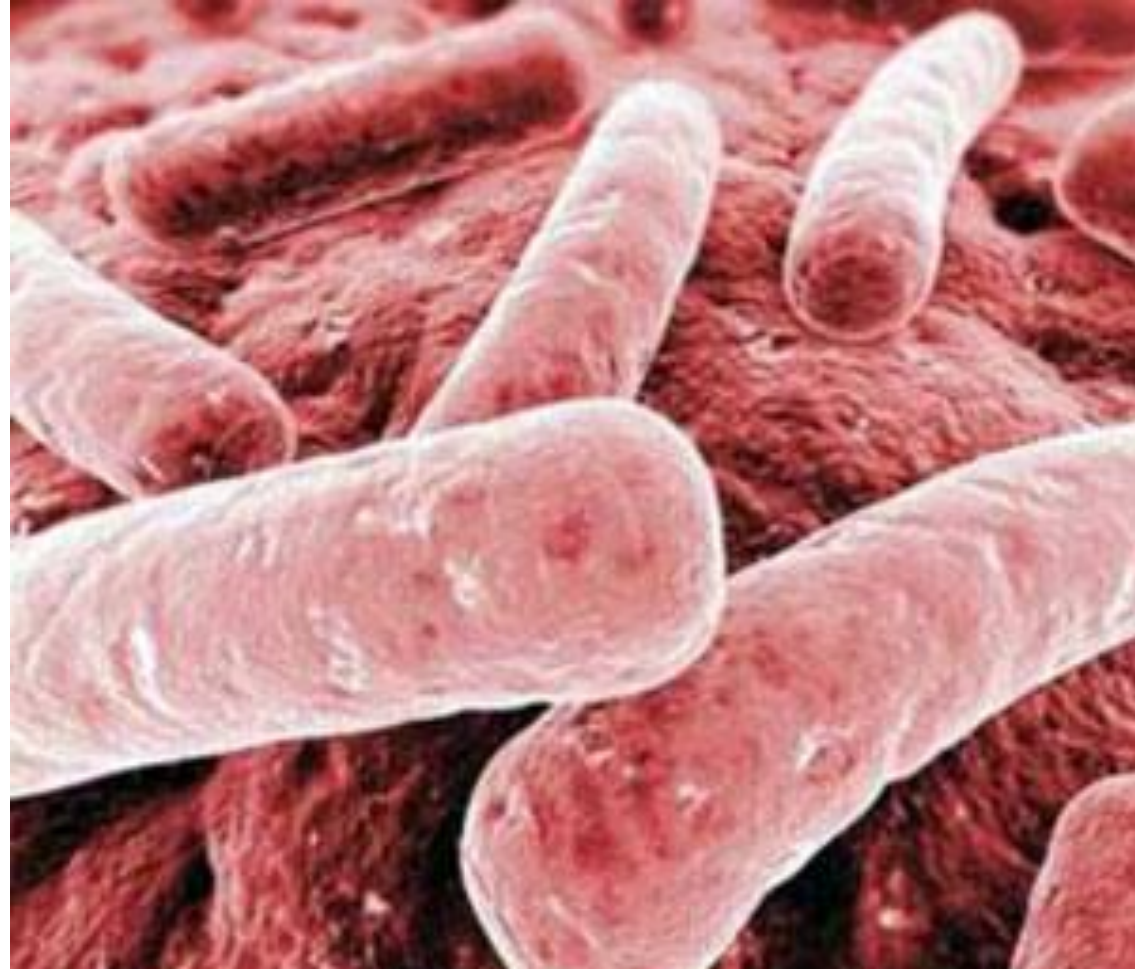
- Cardiopathie ischémique, pose de *stents*
- Hypertension artérielle
- Diabète de type 2

■ Mode de vie

- Patient d'origine Française
- Gendarme, père de 2 enfants en bonne santé
- Pas de voyage à l'étranger

Explorations complémentaires

- ECBU et
Hémocultures
positifs à *Klebsiella
pneumoniae*



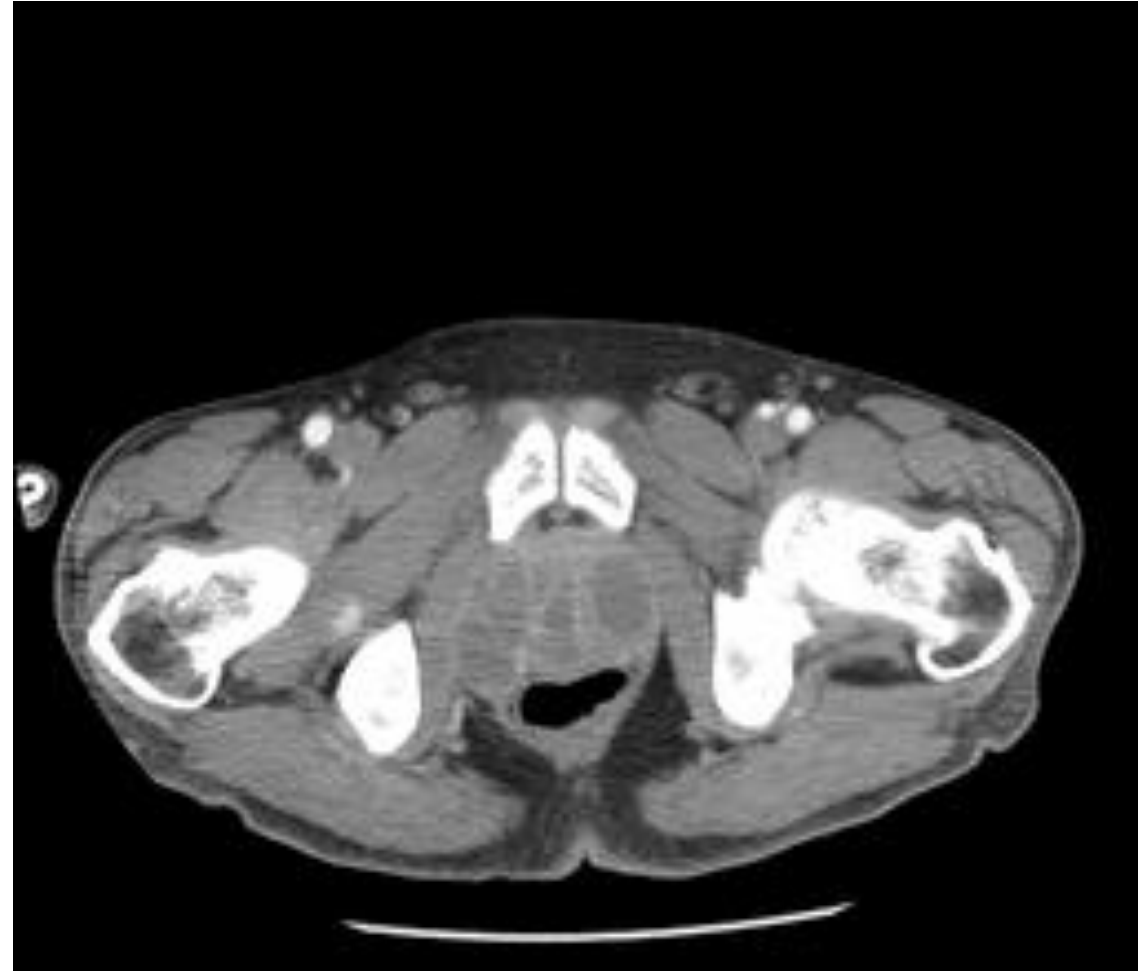
Explorations complémentaires

- ECBU et hémocultures positifs à *Klebsiella pneumoniae*
- TDM thoraco-abdomino-pelvien : multiples abcès hépatiques



Explorations complémentaires

- ECBU et hémocultures positifs à *Klebsiella pneumoniae*
- TDM thoraco-abdomino-pelvien : multiples abcès hépatiques
- Abcès prostatiques



Prise en charge thérapeutique et évolution

- **Antibiothérapie efficace**
 - **Initialement par Imipénème + Levofloxacin**
 - **Relais après identification et antibiogramme par C3G puis quinolones**
- **Evolution favorable du point de vue général avec contrôle du syndrome infectieux**

Klebsiella pneumoniae hypervirulente

Fréquent en Asie du Sud-Est



Rôle suspecté des pousses de soja



Mr L..... , 53 ans, est adressé pour 2^{ième} avis oph devant une atteinte du nerf optique (!)

Antcdts : Tabagisme actif 3 PA - RAS

Histoire de la maladie :

Depuis 3 semaines, le patient signale une AEG, sueurs nocturne

OPH : Depuis 4 jours, le patient rapporte un scotome positif central œil gauche, + myodesopsies atypiques (« cheveux fixes »)

AV : 10/10 P2

10/10 P2





Confirmez vous le diagnostic de NOIAA ? par quel(s) moyen(s) ?

Quelles sont vos hypothèses diagnostiques ?

- A. Une candidose oculaire**
- B. Un syndrome d'IRVAN**
- C. Une pseudo-rétinopathie de Purtscher**
- D. Une rétinopathie hypertensive**
- E. Une tache de Roth**

Réponse :

- A. Une candidose oculaire
- B. Un syndrome d'IRVAN
- C. Une pseudo-rétinopathie de Purtscher
- D. Une rétinopathie hypertensive
- E. Une tache de Roth

Endocardite aortique à streptocoque Galloticus ou Bovis:

- 
- Insuffisance aortique asymptomatique
 - IRM : emboles cérébelleux

Mr L., 57 ans

- **Antécédents**

- Aucun

- **Mode de vie**

- Patient d'origine Française
 - Intoxication alcoololo-tabagique modérée
 - Pas de voyage à l'étranger

Mr L., 57 ans

- Adressé en Médecine Interne pour bilan étiologique
- Interrogatoire :
 - Sueurs nocturnes depuis 4 semaines
 - amaigrissement 10 KG
- Examen clinique extra-oculaire:
 - Température 37,8°C – TA 150/50 mmHg
 - Fréquence cardiaque 117/min
 - Souffle diastolique 2/6 doux, aspiratif

**Hospitalisation en urgence
pour suspicion d'endocardite**

Mr L., 57 ans

- NFS : PNN 8 200/mm³
- CRP : 24 mg/L
- Hémocultures : positives à *S. gallolyticus*
- Echographie cardiaque trans-thoracique et trans-oesophagienne



**Diagnostic d'endocardite
aortique compliquée
d'embolies septiques
oculaires et cérébraux**

Taches de Roth : leucémie aiguë



Ce qu'il faut retenir

- Hémorragie(s) rétinienne(s) à centre blanc (1872)
- Composition : fibrine, agrégats plaquettaires, ischémie focale, organismes infectieux, ou de cellules néoplasiques.
- Cause plus fréquente : endocardite (sub-aiguë) bactérienne !
 - Urgence vitale : antibiothérapie urgente voire traitement chirurgical
- Diagnostic différentiel :
 - Leucémie
 - Anémie pernicieuse
 - Rétinopathie hypertensive
 - Rétinopathie VIH
 - Autres : spécificité relativement faible

Ref : Roth's Spots in Leukemic Retinopathy N Engl J Med 1995

- Tsung-Yu Ho, Po-Kang Lin, Cheng-Hsiung Huang. (2008) White-centered Retinal Hemorrhage in Ocular Ischemic Syndrome Resolved After Carotid Artery Stenting. *Journal of the Chinese Medical Association* **71**, 270-272

Taches de ROTH

