ICONIQ

ICONIQ ANALYTICS & INSIGHTS

Go-to-Market Organization Structure

May 2021



ICONIQ Capital, LLC

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ICONIQ Analytics & Insights – GTM Series

We are excited to dive into different GTM insights and benchmarks to cover these challenges across a series of chapters focused on GTM evolution, operating model, compensation, and processes

ICONIQ GROWTH ANALYTICS: GTM SERIES

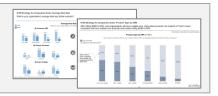
GTM Series Introduction

- Learnings & best practices: What are some of the key hurdles companies face after reaching ~\$10-25M ARR?
- <u>Detailed case studies:</u> Case studies from different GTM SMEs across sales, marketing, and customer success walking through key challenges, approaches, and remaining questions



Chapter 1: GTM Strategy & Evolution

- How does GTM strategy change as organizations scale?
- · How do companies evolve lead generation as they scale? How does average deal size change as a result?
- How has COVID-19 impacted GTM strategies?



Chapter 2: GTM Organization Structure

- How does GTM organization structure evolve over time?
- Who is responsible for which decisions?
- · What does a "Best in Class" handoff between sales, marketing, and customer success teams look like?

Focus of this study

Chapter 3: GTM Compensation & Incentives

- · How do you structure compensation and incentives to motivate and retain talent?
- How does compensation and quota attainment vary based on business models?
- What should rep productivity look like?

June

July

Chapter 4: GTM Processes & Enablers

- How do you create high fidelity to what opportunities are in the pipeline?
- What KPIs should you track and report on?
- What does an organization's GTM tech stack look like?



Methodology and Respondent Make-Up

Firmographics

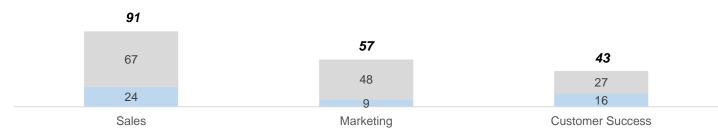
Methodology

- Results are based on an external survey conducted by ICONIQ Growth to 200+ GTM leaders across sales, marketing, and customer success
- All respondents are B2B SaaS companies based in the US, with ARR growth greater than 20%
- Certain values such as ARR were provided by respondents as ranges; for the purpose of this study, we have assigned numerical values
- All data is as of March 2021, unless indicated otherwise
- All n-sizes shown on subsequent pages are based on number of respondents who answered a question
- Function-specific questions were answered by individual executives in the specified function

Survey Respondent Make-Up

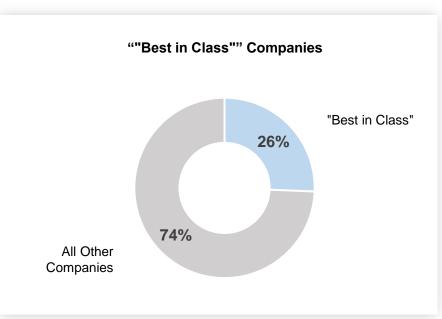
See GTM Chapter 1 (pages 4, 18-19) for the full survey respondent firmographics by customer type, sales motion, etc.

FUNCTIONS $(n = 194^*)$



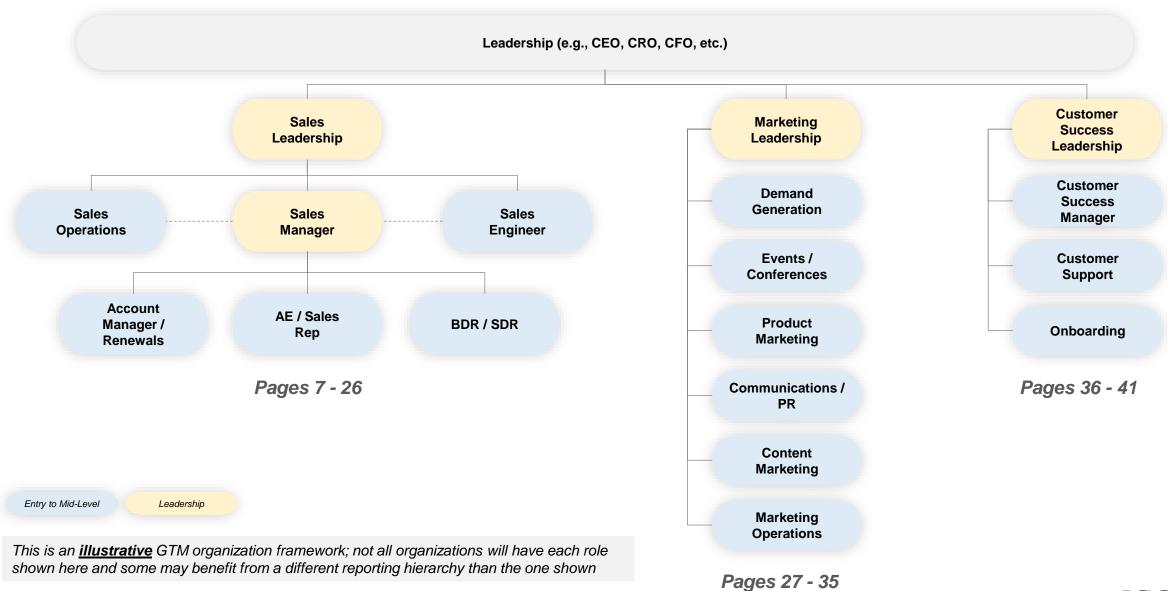
Companies defined as ""Best in Class"" companies in this dataset meet the following criteria:

- 2020 ending ARR > \$10M
- 2020 YoY ARR growth > 30%
- 2020 annual net dollar retention > 110%
- 2020 annual gross dollar retention > 80%
- Full-time sales employees > 10 FTEs
- AE / Sales Rep quota attainment > 50%
- AE / Sales Rep attrition rate < 30%





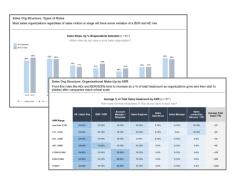
The Go-To-Market Organization



Executive Summary

1

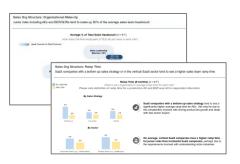
Team Evolution as Companies Scale



- As organizations grow, we naturally tend to see more complexity in the organization structure, with the addition of ancillary roles focused on operations, renewals, onboarding, etc.
- Front-line roles like AEs and BDR/SDRs tend to increase as a % of total headcount as organizations grow and then start to plateau after companies reach critical scale
- Annual marketing spend as a % of ARR ranges from ~15% to 25% for most companies
- Marketing roles tend to see greater variation before a company reaches scale; however, after companies hit \$250M in ARR, most organizations will have marketing functions across product, content, operations, events / conferences, and communications / PR
- After reaching \$25M in ARR, many SaaS companies also start to introduce some type of productized customer support (e.g., a paid / premium customer support tier)
- On average, organizations add around 1 CSM for every \$1-2M in ARR in the early stages; as companies grow in scale, this ratio increases to around ~1 CSM for every \$5M in ARR

2

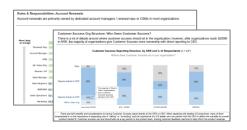
Team Structure, Tenure, & Productivity



- Org structure and territory assignment for sales teams are closely aligned, with geography and customer size being the most common types of segmentation
- On average, sales team annual attrition will fall within the 10-30% range but will vary based on a company's scale, sales motion, sales strategy, and sector
- Average ramp time varies greatly across SaaS companies; for example, companies with a bottom-up sales strategy or vertical SaaS companies tend to see a higher average ramp time
- Most marketing organizations regardless of scale will organize teams based on marketing type; however, for organizations with multiple products, we often also see product as another common type of org segmentation

3

Responsibilities & Handoffs



- Account renewals are primarily owned by dedicated account managers / renewal reps or CSMs in most organizations
- Account expansion is primarily owned by account managers (where organizations have one) or AEs, with CSMs always involved in the process
- After organizations reach \$250M in ARR, we see more organizations giving Customer Success more ownership with direct reporting to CEO

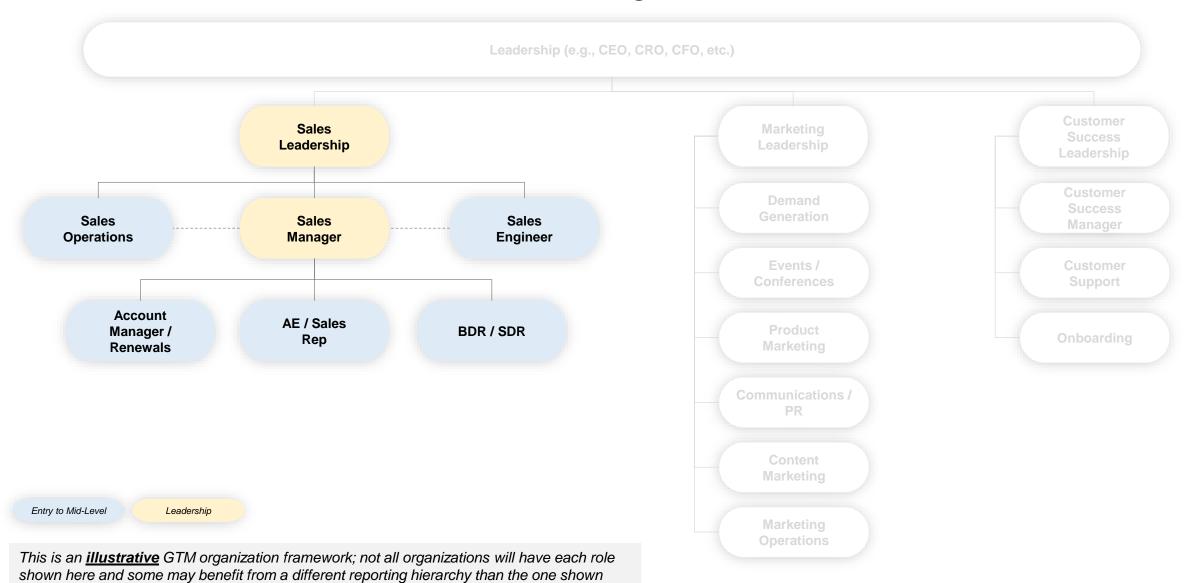


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The Sales Organization



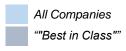


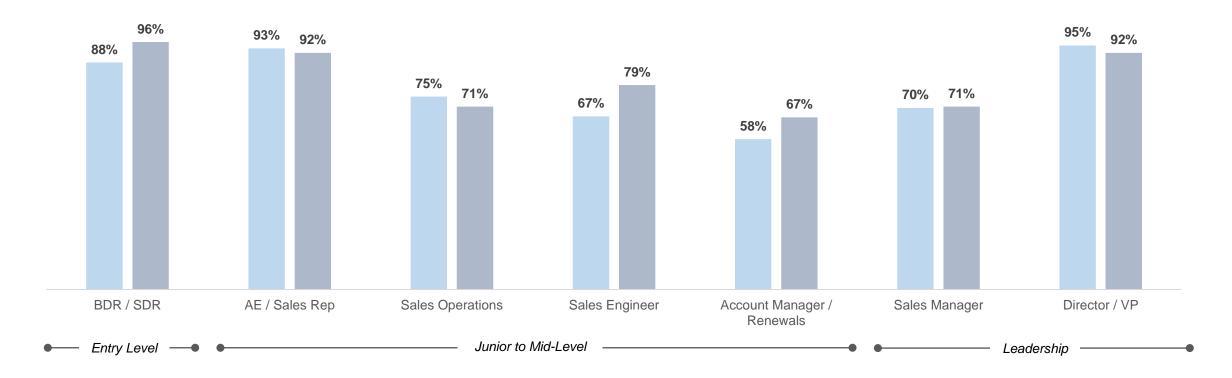
Sales Org Structure: Types of Roles

Most sales organizations regardless of sales motion or stage will have some variation of a BDR and AE role

Sales Roles, by % Respondents Selected (n = 91*)

Which roles do you have in your sales organization?





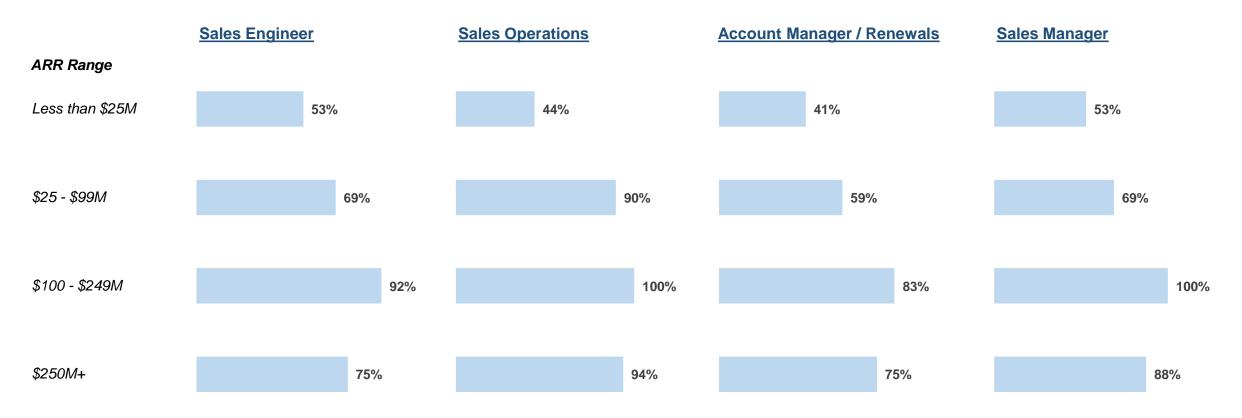


Sales Org Structure: Types of Roles over Time

As organizations grow, we tend to see more complexity in the organization and the addition of ancillary roles like Sales Operations or Renewals

Less Common Roles by ARR and % Respondents Selected (n = 91*)

Which roles do you have in your sales organization?



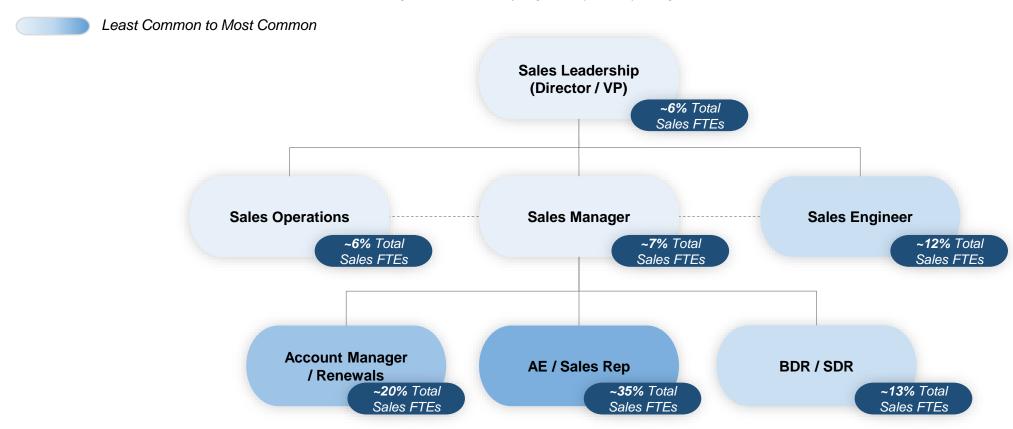


Sales Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up

Junior roles including AEs and BDR/SDRs tend to make up 50% of the average sales team headcount

Average % of Total Sales Headcount (n = 91*)

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?





Sales Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up by ARR

Front-line roles like AEs and BDR/SDRs tend to increase as a % of total headcount as organizations grow and then start to plateau after companies reach critical scale

Note: % for "Best in Class" companies excluded given there was no major difference between values

Average % of Total Sales Headcount by ARR (n = 91*)

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?

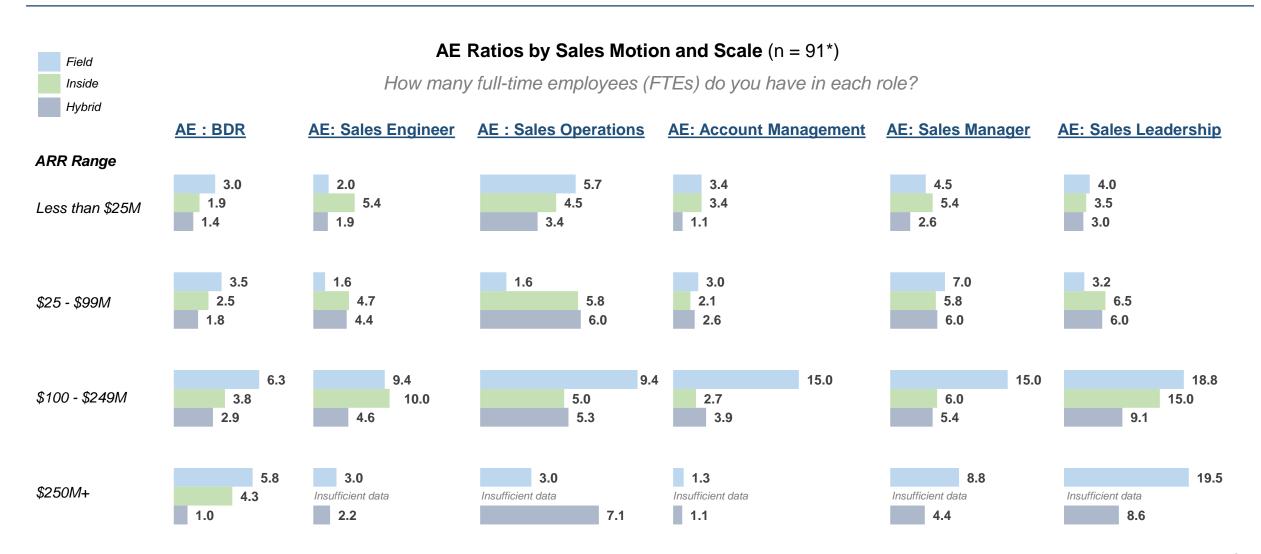
ARR Range	AE / Sales Rep	BDR / SDR	Account Manager / Renewals	Sales Engineer	Sales Operations	Sales Manager	Sales Leadership (Director / VP)	Average Total Sales FTE
Less than \$10M	30-35%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	10-15%	~20
\$10 - \$24M	20-25%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	0-5%	10-15%	~20
\$25 - \$49M	35-40%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	5-10%	0-5%	~30
\$50 - \$99M	35-40%	15-20%	10-15%	10-15%	0-5%	5-10%	0-5%	~50
\$100M-\$249M	45-50%	10-15%	30-35%	10-15%	0-5%	5-10%	0-5%	~100
\$250M+	30-35%	10-15%	20-25%	10-15%	0-5%	5-10%	0-5%	~600

Increase in % of account managers / renewal reps may be driven by heightened focus on customer retention after companies reach \$100M in ARR



Sales Org Structure: AE Ratios

In general, SaaS companies with a primary field sales motion will see a higher ratio of AE to other sales roles





Sales Org Structure: Headcount

Median headcount for junior sales roles will vary greatly based on a company's scale; as companies grow in size, they also start to introduce ancillary roles like Sales Operations and Sales Engineers

Headcount by Sales Role and ARR (n = 91*)

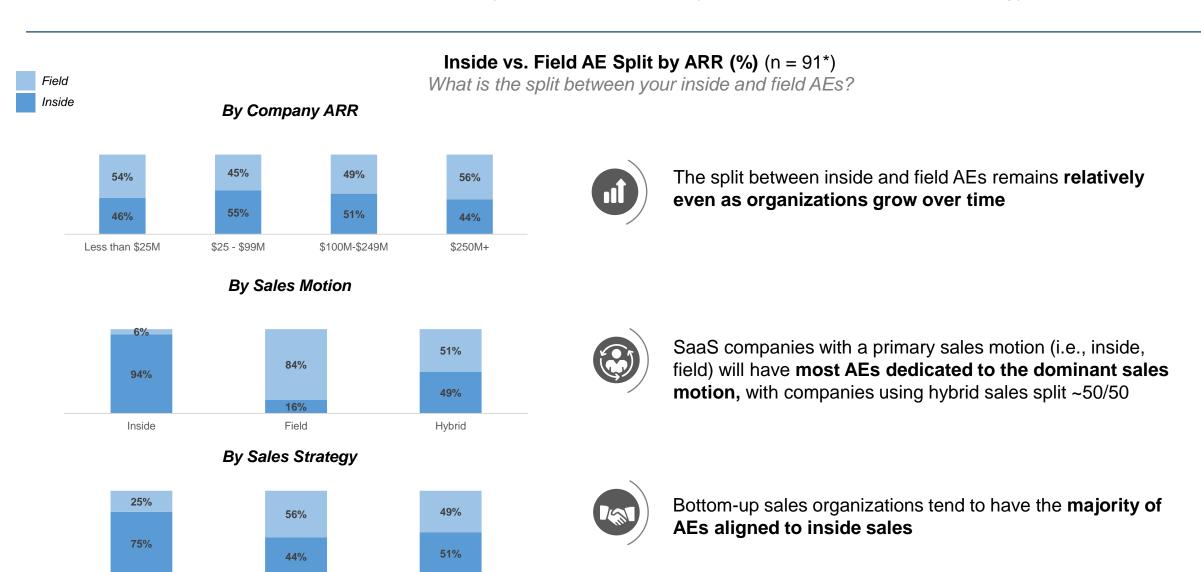
How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?



- Median headcount for AE / Sales Reps ranges from ~10 FTEs for companies in the \$25-\$49M range to ~400 FTEs after companies hit \$750M in ARR
- Median headcount for BDR / SDRs ranges from ~5 FTEs for companies leading up to \$100M ARR to ~100 FTEs after companies reach \$750M in ARR
- Median headcount for Sales Managers remains relatively small (~1-5 FTEs) for companies under \$250M in ARR

Sales Org Structure: Inside vs. Field Split

The split of inside vs. field dedicated AEs will vary based on a company's sales motion and sales strategy



ICONIQ

Top-down

Hybrid

Bottom-up

Sales Org Structure: Reporting Structure and Territory Assignment

Org structure and territory assignment for sales teams are closely aligned, with geography and customer size being the most common types of segmentation

Reporting Structure vs. Territory Assignment, by % of Respondents (n = 91*)

How does your sales organization segment its employees? Which of the following segmentations are aligned with how your organization assigns territories?

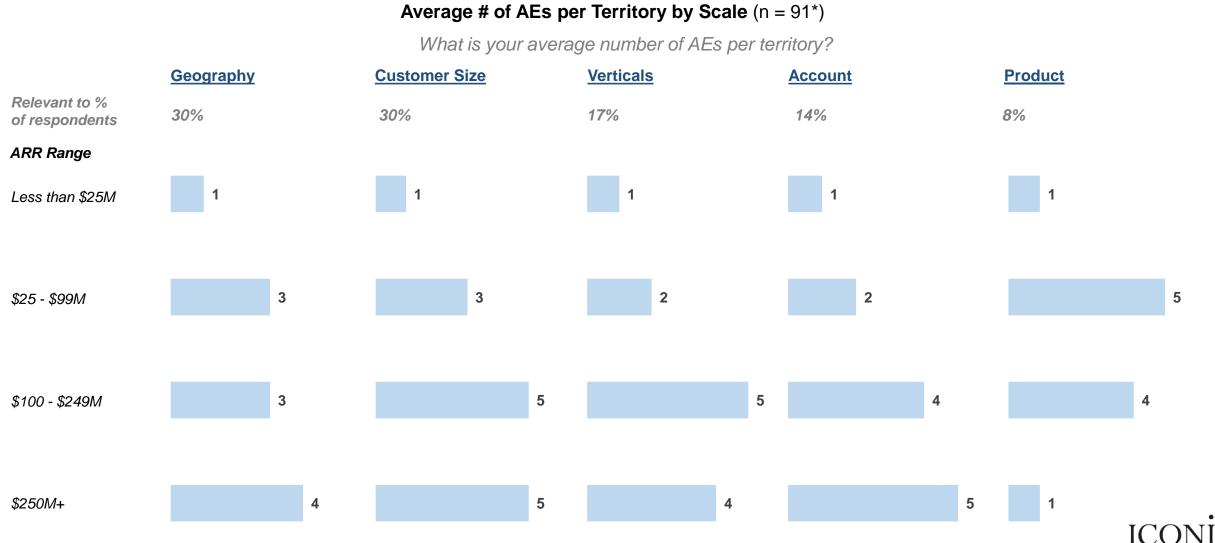
Territory Assignment

~37% of companies use some combination of geography and customer size to segment teams and assign territories	Geography	Customer Size	Verticals	Account	Product	Function
Geography	11%	7%	3%	2%	2%	0%
Customer Size	8%	11%	4%	3%	1%	0%
Verticals	4%	5%	7%	2%	1%	0%
Account	4%	3%	2%	5%	1%	0%
Product	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	0%
Function	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Avg # of AEs per Territory	3	3	3	3	4	1

Org Segmentation

Sales Org Structure: AEs per Territory

In general, the average number of AEs assigned to a territory tends to increase as companies grow in scale



^{*} N-size based on sales executives who answered question; Function as a territory excluded due to low n-size

Sales Org Structure: Attrition Rate

On average, sales team attrition range will fall within the 10-30% range but will vary based on a company's scale and sales motion

Attrition Rate (%) (n = 91*)

What is your organization's annual sales team attrition rate?



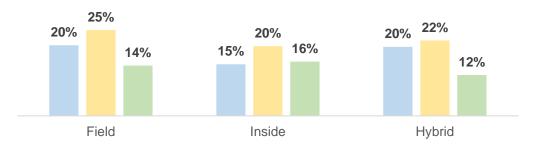
By Company ARR





Sales team attrition rate varies across different stages of company growth, but on average falls within the 10-30% range







Companies with a primary field sales motion tend to see a higher attrition rate for AEs and BDRs than those with an inside sales motion



Sales Org Structure: Attrition Rate

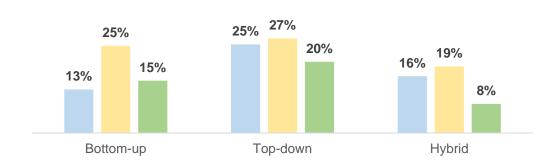
Top-down and vertical SaaS organizations tend to see a higher average attrition rate than counterparts

Attrition Rate (%) (n = 91*)

What is your organization's annual sales team attrition rate?



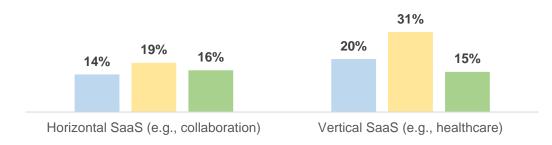
By Sales Strategy





SaaS companies with a **top-down sales strategy tend to see a higher average attrition rate** than bottom-up and hybrid sales teams, perhaps due to the complexity and longer sales cycles involved with C-suite buyers







On average, vertical SaaS companies see a higher attrition rate for junior roles (AE, BDR/SDR) than horizontal SaaS companies. This may be due to the higher degree of market knowledge and ramp time involved with vertical SaaS buyers



Sales Org Structure: Ramp Time

Average ramp time for AEs and BDR/SDRs ranges widely across companies based scale and sales motion

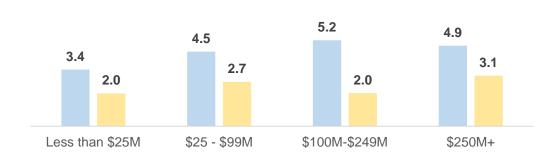
AE / Sales Rep BDR / SDR

Ramp Time (# months) (n = 91*)

What is your organization's average ramp time for each role?

Please note definition of ramp time for a productive AE and BDR was left to respondent discretion

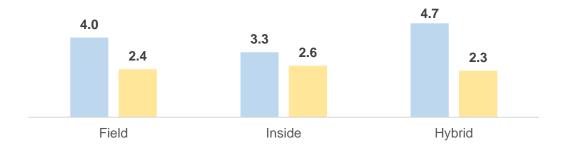
By Company ARR





Ramp time for sales employees increases as companies grow, but starts to plateau after organizations reach critical scale at \$250M ARR – probably as organizations begin to standardize training and onboarding as well as operationalizing more key sales processes

By Sales Motion





Average ramp time for AEs tend to be higher at organizations with a field or hybrid sales motion. Ramp time for BDR/SDRs varies less across different sales motions



Sales Org Structure: Ramp Time

SaaS companies with a bottom-up sales strategy or in the vertical SaaS sector tend to see a higher sales team ramp time

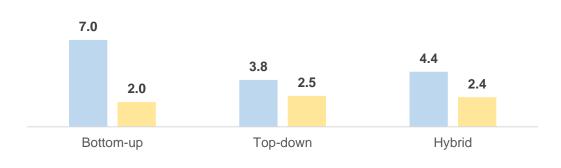
AE / Sales Rep BDR / SDR

Ramp Time (# months) (n = 91*)

What is your organization's average ramp time for each role?

Please note definition of ramp time for a productive AE and BDR was left to respondent discretion

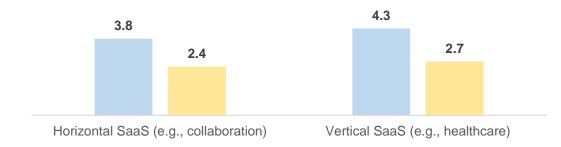
By Sales Strategy





SaaS companies with a bottom-up sales strategy tend to see a significantly higher average ramp time for AEs; this may be due to the complexities involved with driving product-led growth and deals with less senior buyers

By Sector





On average, vertical SaaS companies have a higher ramp time for junior roles than horizontal SaaS companies, perhaps due to the requirements involved with understanding niche industries

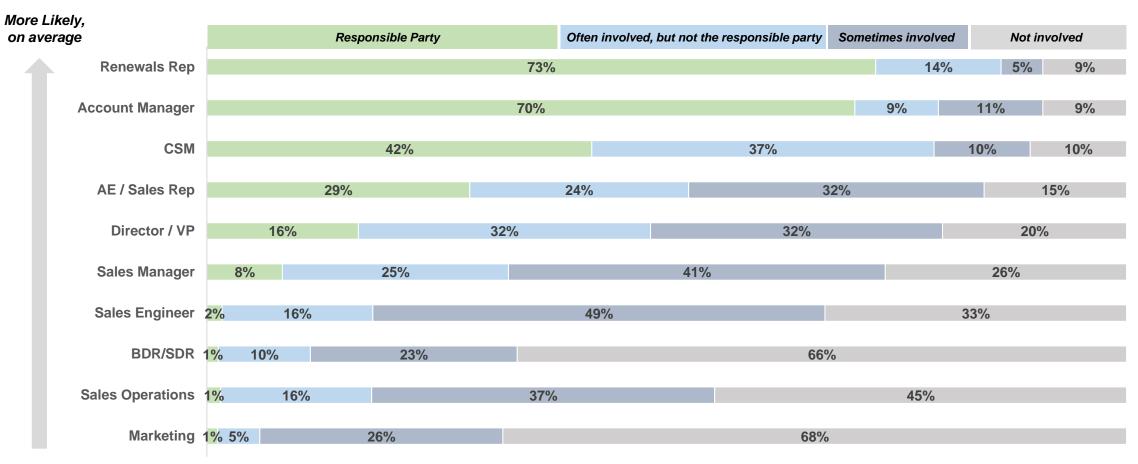


Roles & Responsibilities: Account Renewals

Account renewals are primarily owned by dedicated account managers / renewal reps or CSMs in most organizations

Account Renewals (n = 91*)

Who owns account renewals in your organization?



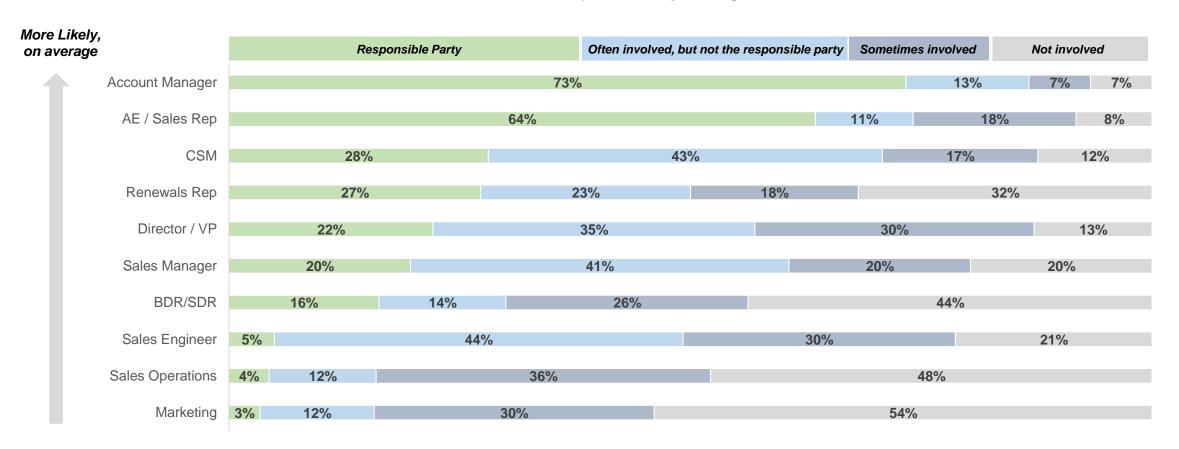


Roles & Responsibilities: Account Expansion

Account expansion is primarily owned by account managers (where organizations have one) or AEs / sales representatives, with CSMs often involved in the process

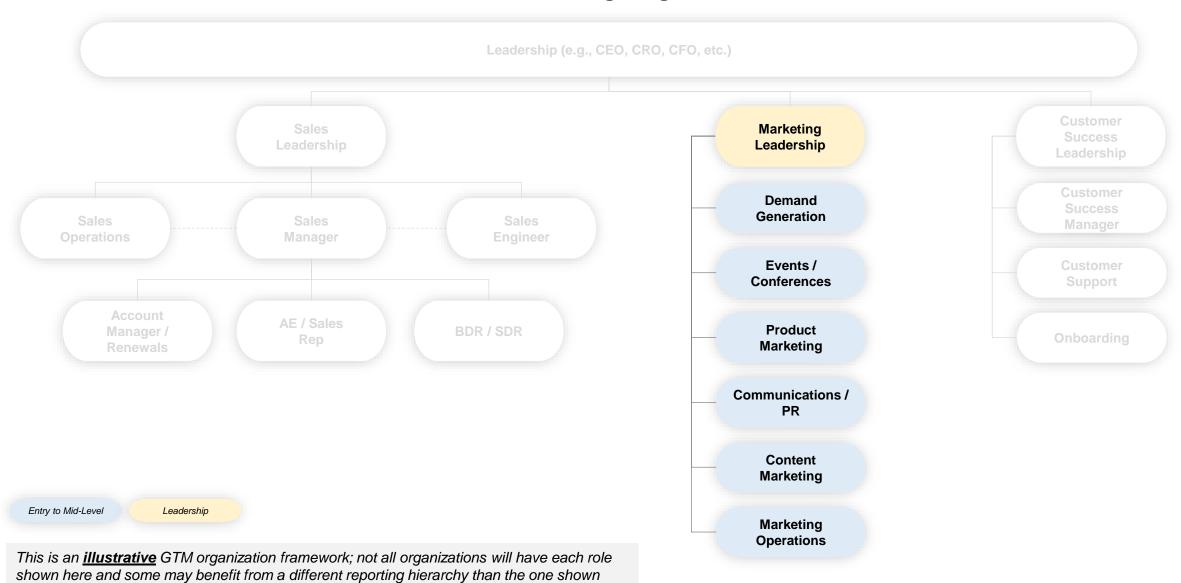
Account Expansion (n = 91*)

Who owns account expansion in your organization?





The Marketing Organization



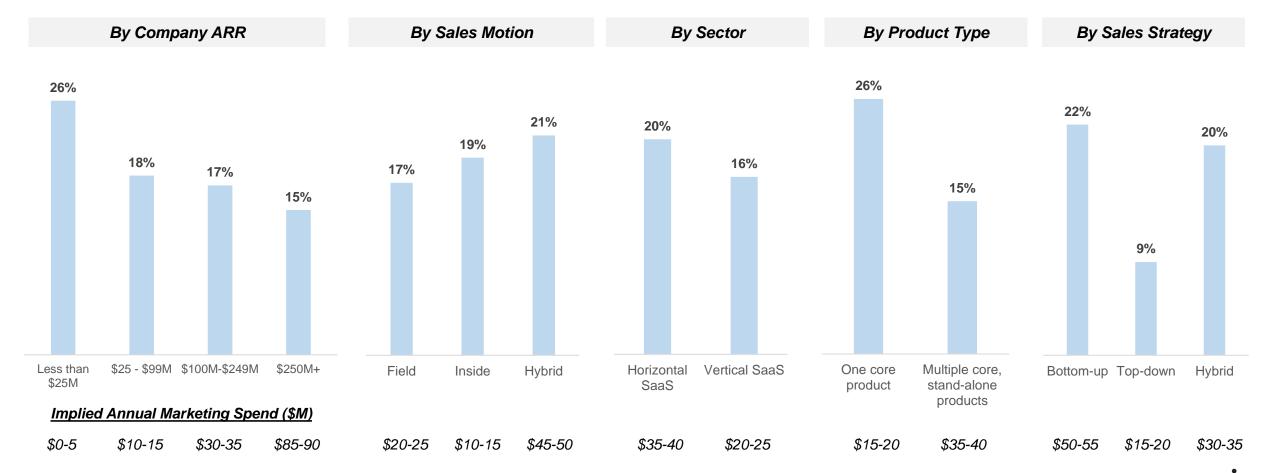


Marketing Org Structure: Annual Marketing Spend

Annual marketing spend as a % of ARR ranges from ~15% to 25% for most companies, with variances across different sales motions, sector, product type, and sales strategy

Annual Marketing Spend (% ARR) (n = 57*)

What is your average annual marketing spend as a % of ARR?

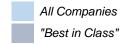


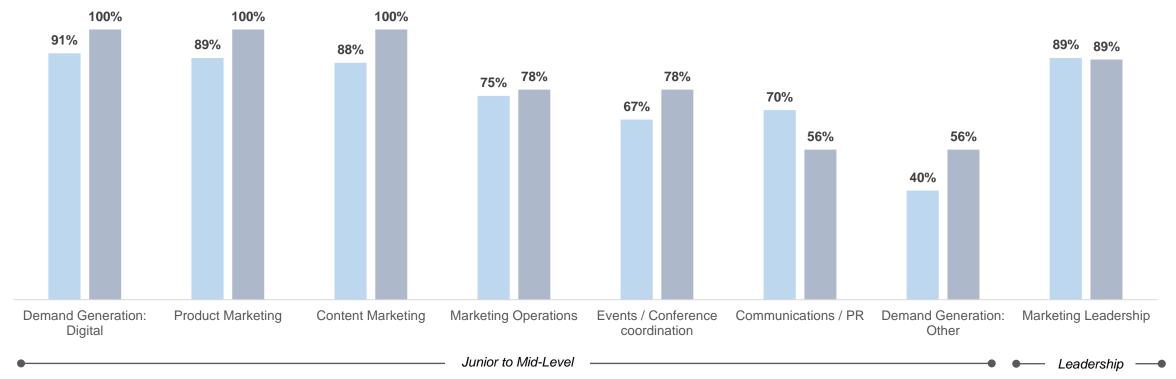
Marketing Org Structure: Types of Roles

Most marketing organizations regardless of GTM motion or stage will have some variation of demand generation, product marketing, and content marketing

Marketing Roles, by % Respondents Selected (n = 57*)

Which roles do you have in your marketing organization?





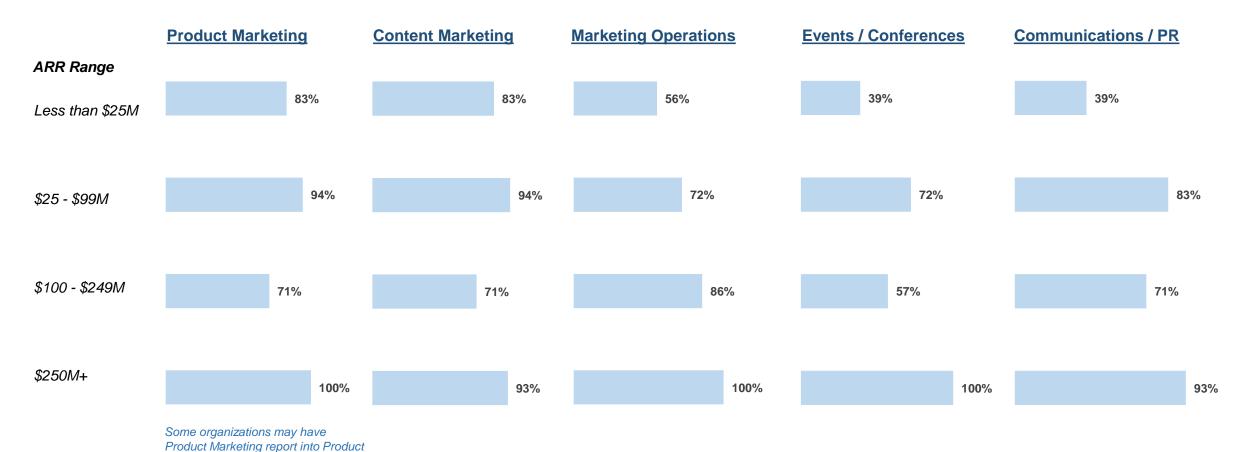


Marketing Org Structure: Types of Roles over Time

Marketing roles tend to see greater variation before a company reaches scale; however, after companies hit \$250M ARR most organizations will have all marketing functions

Less Common Roles by ARR and % Respondents Selected (n = 57*)

Which roles do you have in your marketing organization?





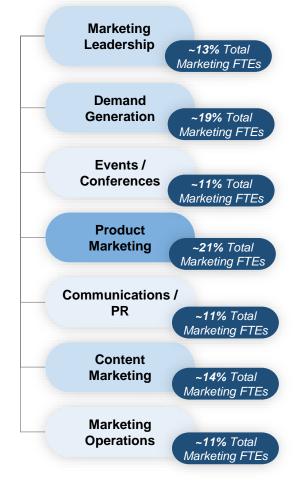
Marketing Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up

Junior roles in marketing organizations are relatively evenly distributed in terms of total headcount

Average % of Total Marketing Headcount $(n = 57^*)$

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?







Marketing Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up by ARR

Junior roles in marketing organizations are relatively evenly distributed in terms of total headcount, even as organizations grow in size

Note: % for "Best in Class" companies excluded given there was no major difference between values

Average % of Total Marketing Headcount by ARR $(n = 57^*)$

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?

ARR Range	Demand Generation	Product Marketing	Content Marketing	Marketing Operations	Events / Conference Coordination	Communications / PR	Marketing Leadership	Average Total Marketing FTE
Less than \$25M	15-20%	10-15%	20-25%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	15-20%	~10
\$25 - \$99M	20-25%	20-25%	15-20%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	~20
\$100 - \$249M	20-25%	15-20%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	~20
\$250M+	15-20%	25-30%	5-10%	5-10%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%	~70

Around 50% of enterprise SaaS companies will invest in a channel strategy after reaching \$25M ARR



Marketing Org Structure: Headcount

In general, marketing teams remain relatively lean even as companies grow to critical scale

Headcount by Marketing Role and ARR $(n = 57^*)$

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?



- Median headcount for **Demand Generation** roles ranges from ~3 FTEs for companies under \$100M ARR to ~10 FTEs after companies hit \$250M in ARR
- Median headcount for **Product Marketing** roles ranges from ~2 FTEs for companies under \$100M ARR to ~10 FTEs after companies reach \$250M in ARR
- Other marketing teams like Content Marketing, Marketing Operations, Events, and Communications remain relatively lean and stay under 5 FTEs even after companies exceed \$250M in ARR

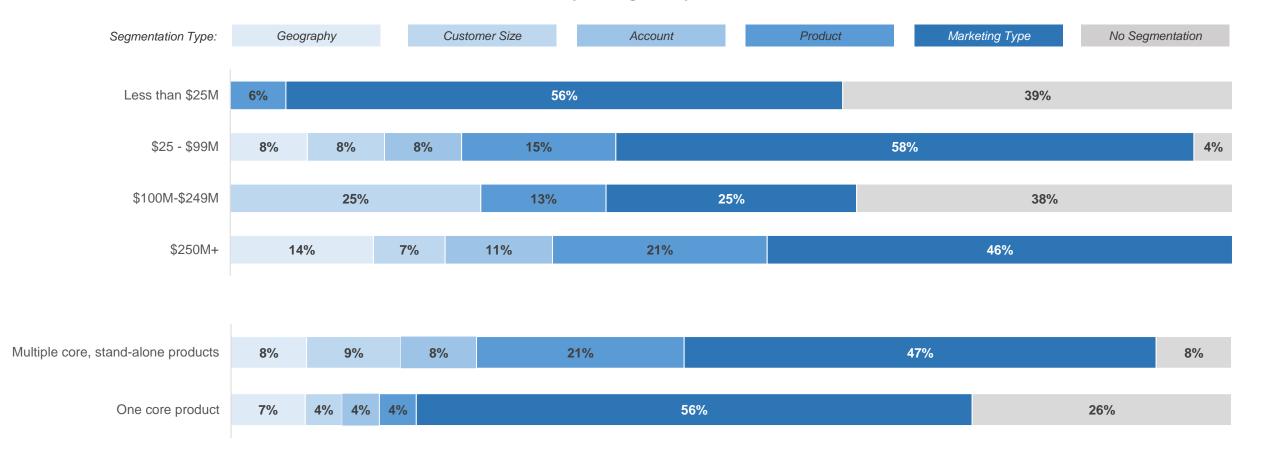


Marketing Org Structure: Reporting Structure

Most marketing organizations regardless of scale will organize teams based on marketing type; as organizations launch multiple products, we also see an increase in teams choosing to segment by product

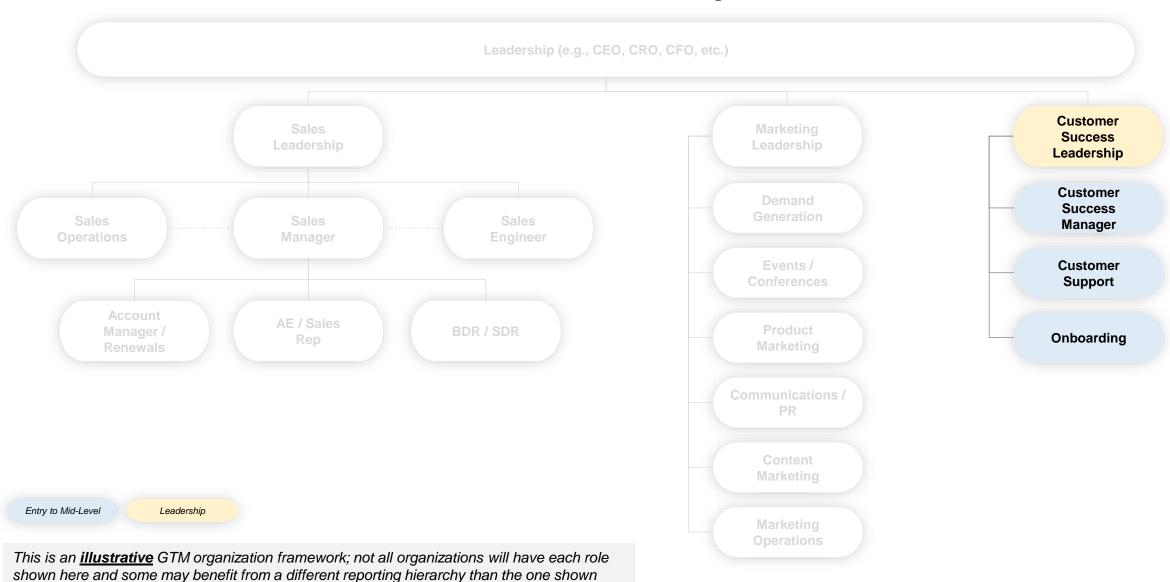
Reporting Structure (n = 57*)

How do you segment your teams?





The Customer Success Organization



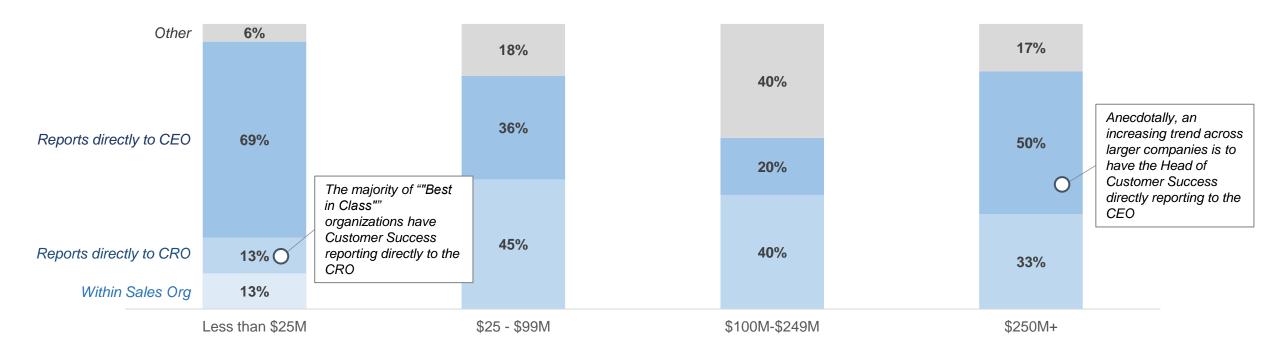


Customer Success Org Structure: Who Owns Customer Success?

There is a lot of debate around where customer success should sit in the organization; however, after organizations reach \$250M in ARR, the majority of organizations give Customer Success more ownership with direct reporting to CEO

Customer Success Reporting Structure, by ARR and % of Respondents (n = 43*)

Where does Customer Success sit in your organization?



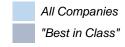
There are both benefits and considerations to having Customer Success report directly to the CRO or CEO. When speaking with leading CS executives, many of them emphasized to us the importance of separating who is "selling" vs "consulting" and the importance of a CS leader who can partner with the CEO to define the mandate for overall product-market fit. Customer success can and should also be a key partner to the product team, sharing customer feedback real-time to help inform the product roadmap

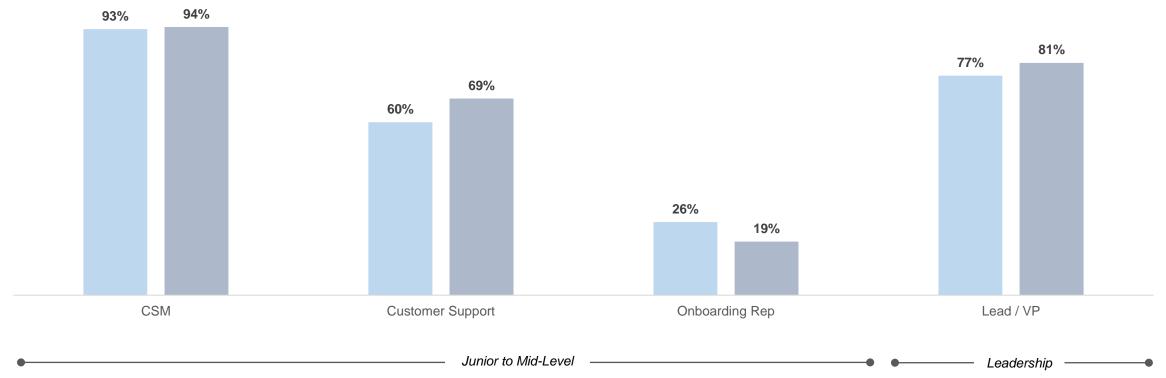
Customer Success Org Structure: Types of Roles

Most customer success organizations will have some form of a CSM and Customer Support team; some organizations will also have dedicated roles for onboarding

Customer Success Roles, by % Respondents Selected (n = 43*)

Which roles do you have in your marketing organization?



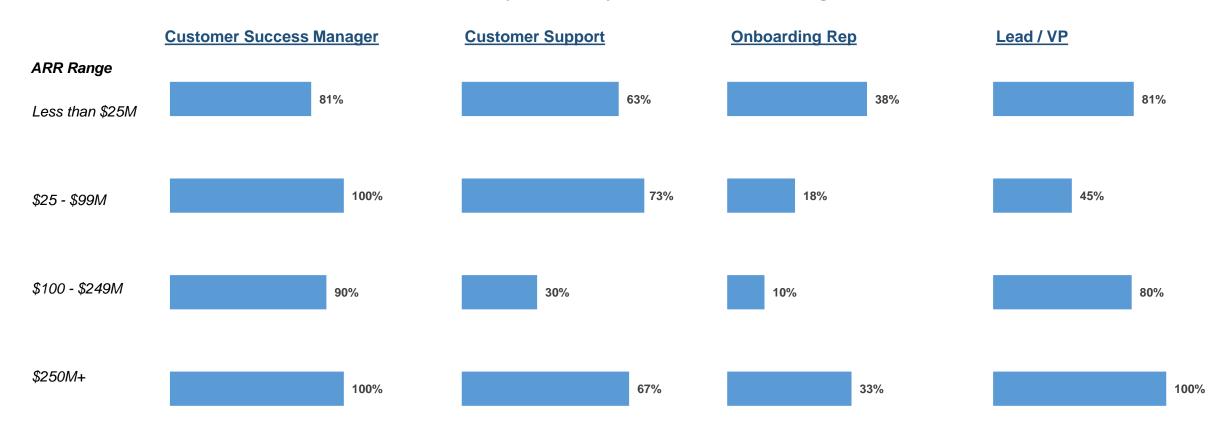


Customer Success Org Structure: Types of Roles over Time

The majority of companies even before hitting \$25M in ARR will have some form of a CSM and Customer Success Lead

Less Common Roles by ARR and % Respondents Selected (n = 43*)

Which roles do you have in your customer success organization?



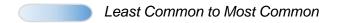


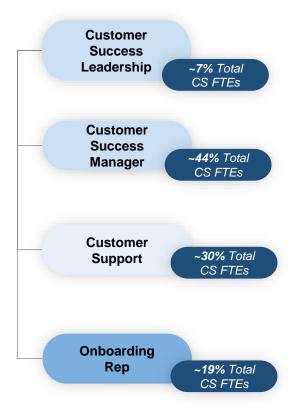
Marketing Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up

CSMs make up the majority of a typical Customer Success organization

Average % of Total Customer Success Headcount (n = 43*)

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?







Customer Success Org Structure: Organizational Make-Up by ARR

As organizations grow in size, the number of CSMs as a % of total headcount also increases

Average % of Total Customer Success Headcount by ARR (n = 43*)

Note: % for "Best in Class" companies excluded given there was no major difference between values

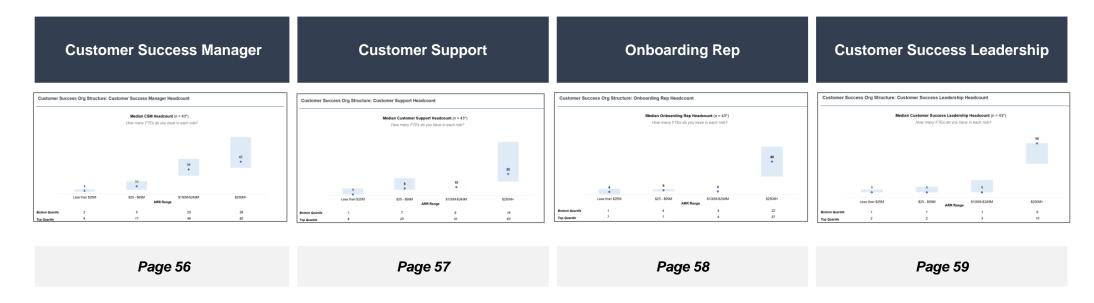
ARR Range	Customer Success Manager	Customer Support	Onboarding Rep	Customer Success Leadership	Average Total Customer Success FTE
Less than \$25M	30-35%	20-25%	25-30%	10-15%	~20
\$25 - \$99M	30-35%	45-50%	10-15%	0-5%	~40
\$100 - \$2 4 9M	65-70%	15-20%	5-10%	5-10%	~50
\$250M+	35-40%	25-30%	25-30%	5-10%	~150



Customer Success Org Structure: Headcount

On average, organizations add around 1 CSM for every \$1-2M in ARR in the early stages of growth

Headcount by Customer Success Role and ARR $(n = 57^*)$

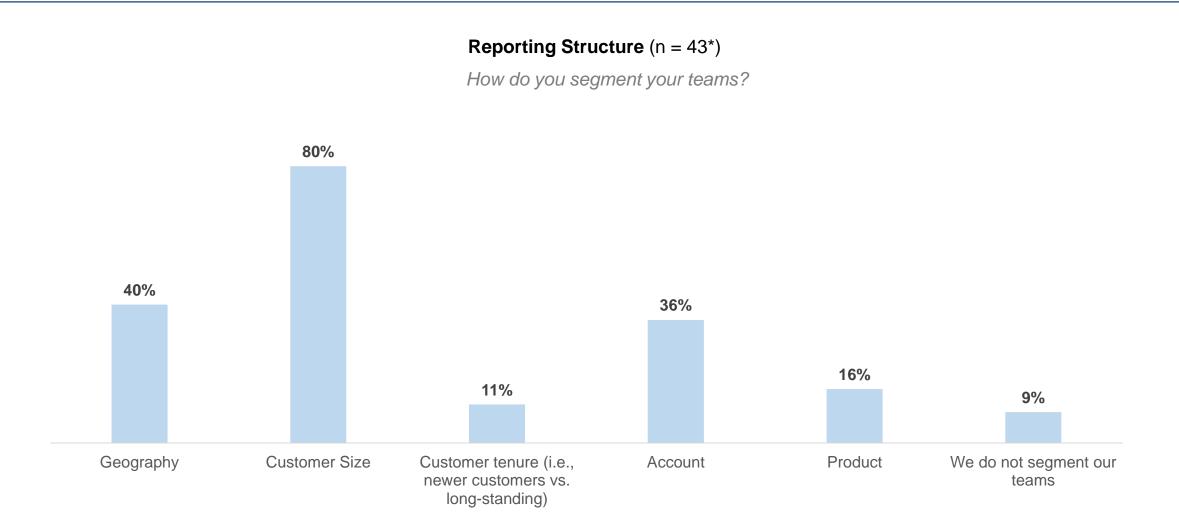


- On average, organizations add around **1 CSM for every \$1-2M in ARR** in the early stages of growth; as companies reach critical scale, this ratio increases to around ~1 CSM for every \$5M in ARR for later stage companies
- Customer Support ranges from ~10 FTEs in the \$25-\$250M ARR range to ~25 FTEs once companies hit \$250M in ARR



Customer Success Org Structure: Reporting Structure

On average, most Customer Success teams segment their teams (i.e. reporting structure) by customer size and geography



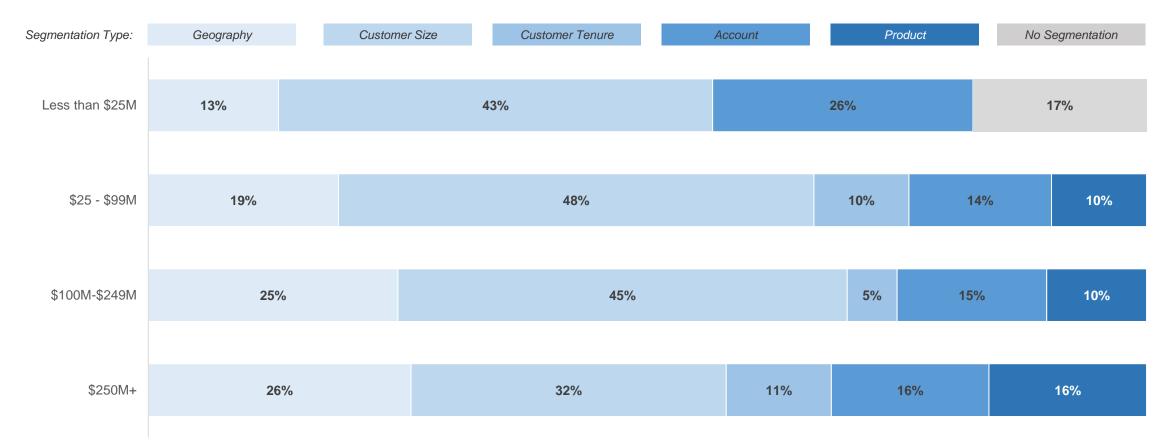


Customer Success Org Structure: Reporting Structure by Scale

As organizations scale, customer tenure and product become more popular as ways to segment customer success teams

Reporting Structure by Scale (n = 43*)

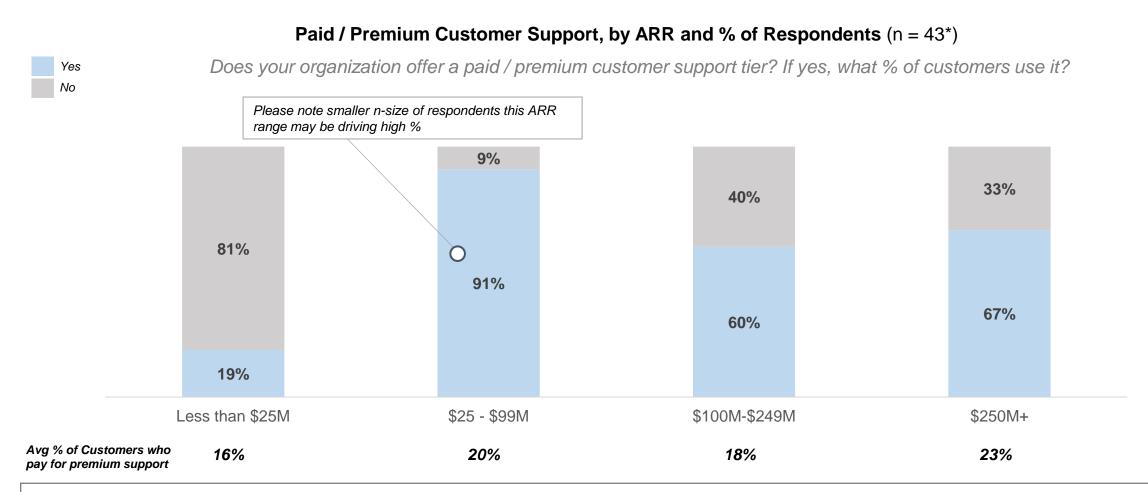
How do you segment your teams?





Customer Success Org Structure: Paid / Premium Customer Support

After reaching \$25M in ARR, many SaaS companies also start to introduce some type of productized customer support (separate from the regular customer success motion)

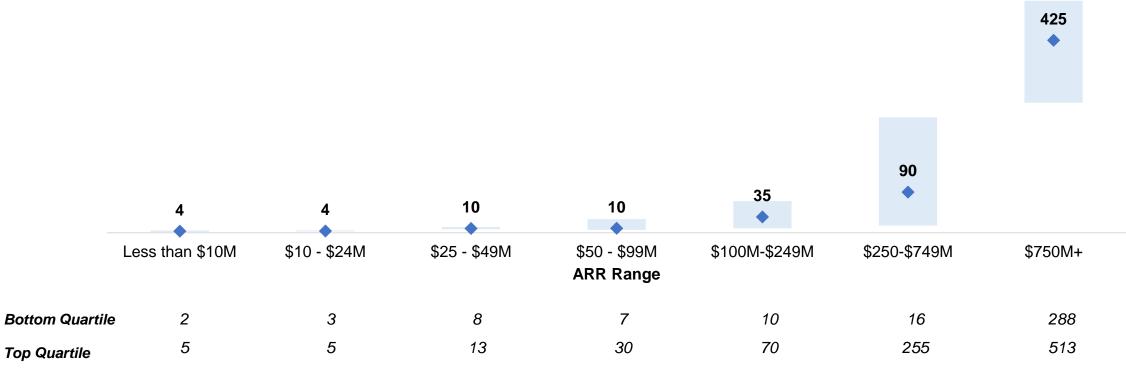


Examples of services included in the paid / premium customer support tier include: 24x7 phone support, analytics services, faster SLAs, and dedicated personnel

Appendix

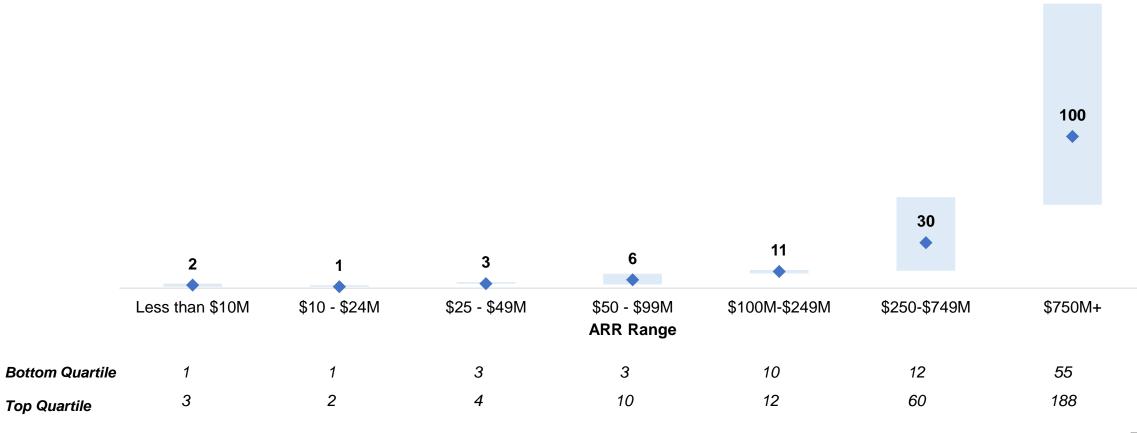
Sales Org Structure: AE / Sales Rep Headcount

Median AE / Sales Rep Headcount (n = 91*)



Sales Org Structure: BDR / SDR Headcount

Median BDR / SDR Headcount (n = 91*)



Sales Org Structure: Account Manager / Renewals Headcount

Median Account Manager / Renewals Headcount (n = 91*)

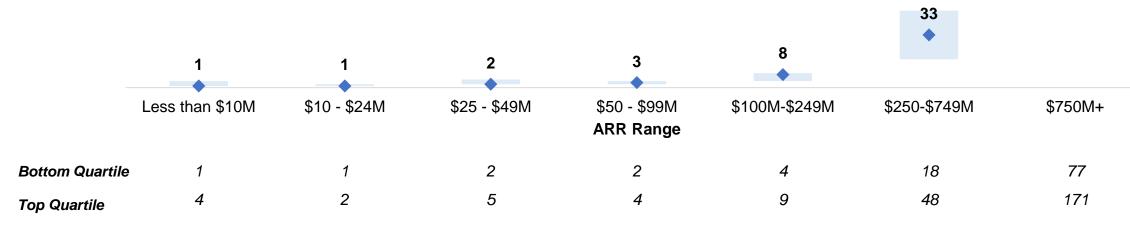




Sales Org Structure: Sales Engineer Headcount

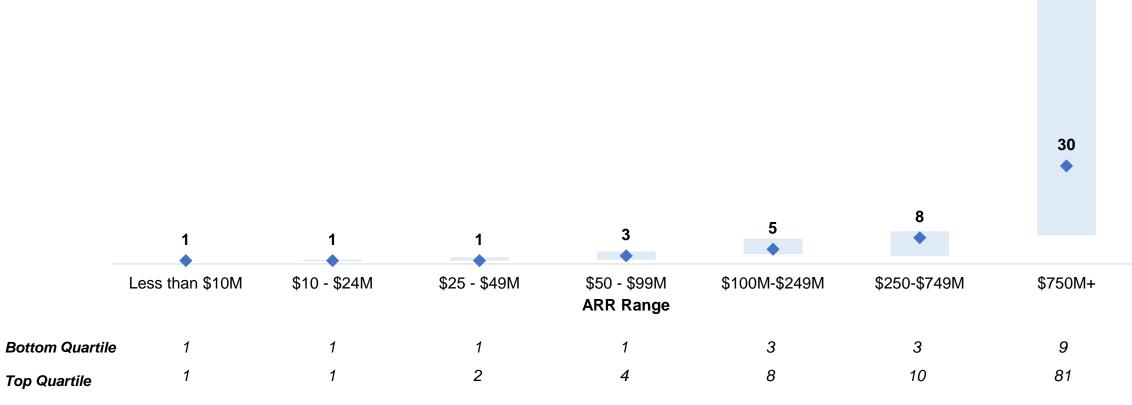
Median Sales Engineer Headcount (n = 91*)





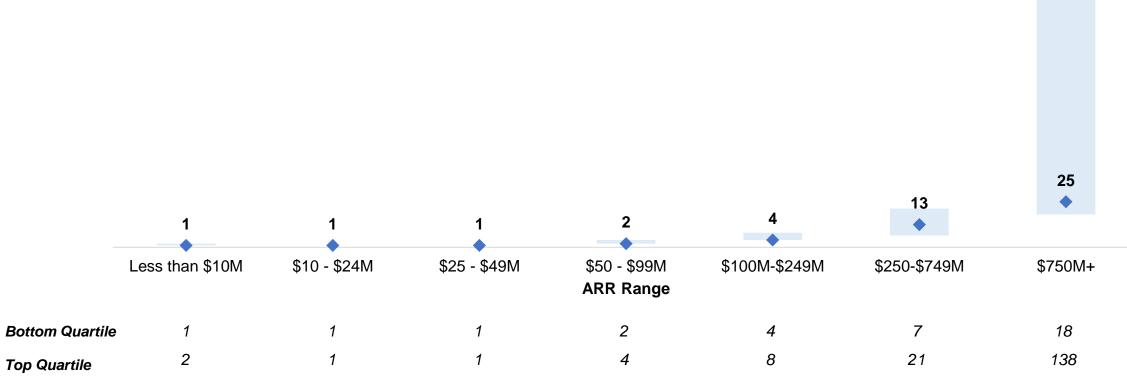
Sales Org Structure: Sales Operations Headcount

Median Sales Operations Headcount (n = 91*)



Sales Org Structure: Sales Manager Headcount

Median Sales Manager Headcount (n = 91*)



Sales Org Structure: Sales Leadership Headcount

Median Director / VP Headcount (n = 91*)

How many full-time employees (FTEs) do you have in each role?



38

Marketing Org Structure: Demand Generation Headcount

Median Demand Generation (including Digital and Other) Headcount $(n = 57^*)$





Marketing Org Structure: Product Marketing Headcount

Median Product Marketing Headcount (n = 57*)





Marketing Org Structure: Content Marketing Headcount

Median Content Marketing Headcount (n = 57*)



Marketing Org Structure: Marketing Operations Headcount

Median Marketing Operations Headcount (n = 57*)



Marketing Org Structure: Events / Conference Coordination Headcount

Median Events / Conference Coordination Headcount $(n = 57^*)$





Marketing Org Structure: Communications / PR Headcount

Median Communications / PR Headcount $(n = 57^*)$



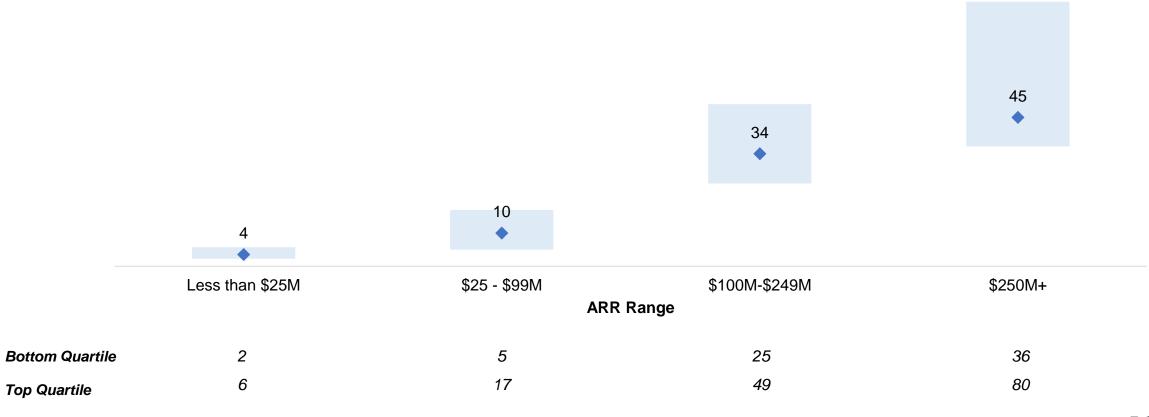
Marketing Org Structure: Marketing Leadership Headcount

Median Marketing Leadership Headcount (n = 57*)



Customer Success Org Structure: Customer Success Manager Headcount

Median CSM Headcount (n = 43*)





Customer Success Org Structure: Customer Support Headcount

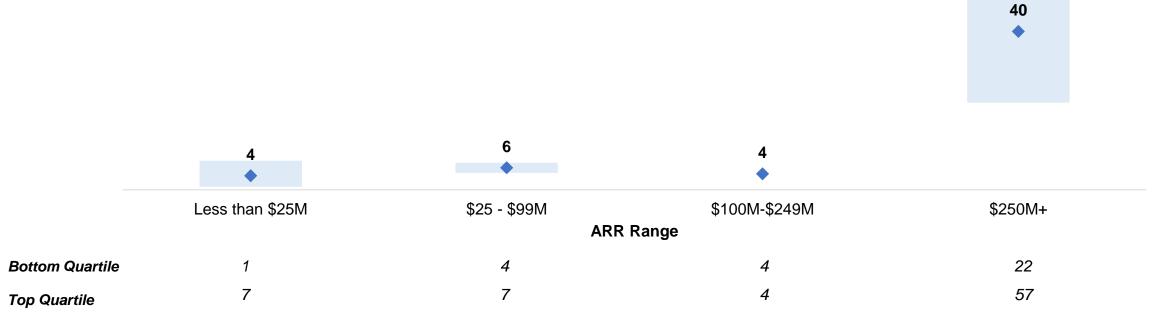
Median Customer Support Headcount (n = 43*)





Customer Success Org Structure: Onboarding Rep Headcount

Median Onboarding Rep Headcount (n = 43*)





Customer Success Org Structure: Customer Success Leadership Headcount

Median Customer Success Leadership Headcount (n = 43*)

How many FTEs do you have in each role?



10