Random Exchange Towels

KATHIE ROIG

STRUCTURE Twill.

EQUIPMENT

8-shaft loom, 24" weaving width; 12-dent reed; 1 shuttle; 1 bobbin. YARNS

Warp: 8/2 cotton (3,360 yd/lb; Valley Yarns; WEBS), #3599 Lollipop, #7198 Burnt Sienna, and #3794 Burgundy, 220 yd each; #4425 Orange, #7327 Tobacco, #1382 Spectra Yellow, #5792 Lime, and #5468 Stone Green, 230 yd each; #5424 Turquoise Green, #2550 Nautical, #2636 Navy, and #6290 Petunia, 240 yd each. *Weft:* 8/2 cotton, #8001 White, 1,975 yd.

WARP LENGTH

554 ends 5 yd long (allows for 14" take up, 26" for loom waste).

SETTS

Warp: 24 epi (2/dent in a 12-dent reed). *Weft:* 20 ppi.

DIMENSIONS

Width in reed: 23¹/₂". Woven length: (measured under tension on the loom) 140". Finished size: (after wet-finishing and hemming) four towels, 18³/₄" × 24¹/₂" each plus 11" sample swatch.

For the last 10 years, I have taught a workshop called "Warp It! Paint It! Weave It!" at various guilds, regional conferences, and the John C. Campbell Folk School. I was scheduled to teach the workshop at Convergence 2020, but, of course, those plans changed with the COVID-19 pandemic.

Because I had time on my hands and nowhere to go, what better way to connect with other weavers than to join the Handweavers Guild of America's 2020 Kitchen Towel Exchange? I had recently taken a color horoscope weaving workshop with Bonnie Tarses at the MidAtlantic Fiber Association Conference and had used 12 bright colors for my horoscope warp that I knew would be great in towels. For my draft, I chose a favorite twill pattern from *A Weaver's Book of 8-Shaft Patterns* edited by Carol Strickler.

When warping, I generally wind at least four ends at once (to save time) and thread them without regard to color. I don't use a paddle because I want color stripes that occur randomly. For these towels, I decided to expand on that unplanned warping process. My goal was to use all 12 colors in a pleasing gradation, randomly yet orderly changing the warp from warm to cool colors.

First, I organized the colors in a "rainbow sequence." Then I wound 8 of the 12 colors at a time for 2 inches' worth of warp, before subtracting one of the colors and adding the next one in order. I continued in this manner across the warp. When I had finished shifting the colors toward cool, I started shifting back toward the warm colors.

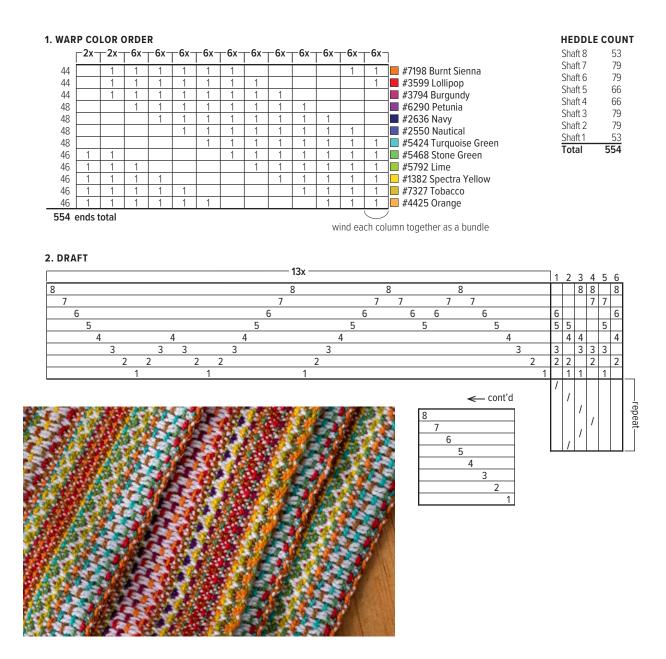
This may sound like a complicated process, but it doesn't have to be if you take care in winding your warp and pay attention as you dress your loom. The results are controllable—and it is a technique that can be used with all sorts of weave structures.

Notes on structure

Changing the tie-up and treadling with this M and W threading creates very different looks. Use the extra warp length to sample and experiment.

Wind a warp of 554 ends 5 vd long following the warp color order, Figure 1. Wind the colors from each column all at once, dropping one color and adding a new color as indicated. There will be multiple ends in the cross. Kathie recommends warping front to back for this project. Centering for a width of 23¹/₁₂", randomly select 2 ends to sley in each dent. Once the reed is sleyed, thread the heddles, choosing the 2 ends in each dent in any order, and following the draft in Figure 2. Wind the warp on the back beam slowly, giving it a good shake or yank from time to time and moving the beater bar back and forth to work out any tangles. Note: The weft will not catch the selvedge ends on every pick. Add floating selvedges if desired.





2 Wind a bobbin with the weft yarn. Spread the warp with scrap yarn using treadles 5 and 6.

3 Weave following the draft, Figure 2, until the fabric measures about 140".

4 Weave 10 picks of plain weave using treadles 5 and 6 to protect the weft. Cut the fabric from the loom. 5 Serge or zigzag both raw edges of fabric. Machine wash in warm water and machine dry. Press.

6 Cut fabric into 4 lengths of 27½" each. (You will have a sample swatch of about 11" left over.) Serge or zigzag raw edges. To hem, turn under 1⁄4" and then turn under an additional 3⁄4". Stitch by hand or machine.

RESOURCES

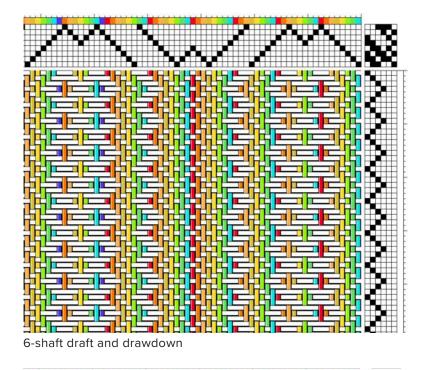
Strickler, Carol, ed. *A Weaver's Book of 8-Shaft Patterns*. Loveland, Colorado: Interweave, 1991, 37, #159.

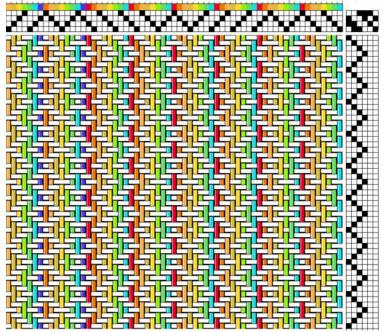
KATHIE ROIG remembers finding patterns in the quilt her grandmother made, catching tadpoles in a creek, and climbing trees to read a favorite book. She still pays attention to detail and pattern, has a sense of wonder, and enjoys the solitude of her studio.

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REDUCING TWILLS PRACTICE DRAFTS

Whether you use the <u>wrapping or telescoping method</u>, your results should be the same. Try both for the practice and check your work below. We used a 2/2 twill tie up but as Madelyn notes you could also use a 1/3 or 3/1 tie-up. Note that translating a draft doesn't always produce a draft with the same number of ends. In this case, the full 4-shaft WIF that we have added to the WIF Library has the same number of ends as the 6-shaft version, but a weaving purist would want to add one more end on shaft 1 at the left to balance the draft!





Check your work: 4-shaft translation draft and drawdown.